THE PITTSBURGH DAILY GAZETTE.

VOL. LXXXVII. PITTSBURGH, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1872. NUMBER 213.

FIRST EDITION.

GENERAL POLITICS.

The St. Louis Democrats and Liberals had their first torch-light parade of the campaign on Saturday night. Senator Blair, Congressman Welles and others made speeches.

Carl Schurz and General Tom. Ewing addressed the Greeleyites in Cleveland on Saturday night.

A torch-light procession of colored men attending a Republican meeting in Cincinnati on Saturday night was jeered and stoned by persons on the street.

A meeting held at Salt Lake of soldiers and sailors on Saturday night was most enthusiastic. Col. Jas. McKean, Chief Justice, presided. Resolutions endorsing General Grant as a shield and protection to the country in its darkest days, with strength and wisdom in civil administration, were adopted amid wild demonstrations of delight. Delegates to the Convention in this city were appointed.

A Democratic ratification meeting will be held in Union Square, New York, September 12th. Among the speakers are Francis Kernan, Gov. Hoffman, Senator Fenton, Horatio Seymour and General Banks.

Col. Colyar, independent candidate for Governor of Tennessee, made a speech at Nashville on Saturday night. He claimed that Tennessee was not liable for war debts, and disclosed his preference for Andrew Johnson for Congress.

Andrew Johnson made his second campaign speech at Columbia, Tenn., on Saturday. There were some three thousand persons in attendance. He spoke about two hours and a half, going over the ground of his former speech, but introducing some new topics. He said that the nomination of a third candidate by the Republican Convention could not affect his course as the standard bearer of the people. He would move onward and continue in the field until the die was cast, having no doubt of the verdict.

An Augusta (Maine) correspondent of the New York *Herald* predicts a fair Republican victory in that State to-day, and the return of all the Republican Congressmen.

General John A. Logan addressed an immense gathering of Republicans of Terre Haute, Indiana, on Saturday afternoon. Before the speaking there was the largest torch-light demonstration ever made in Terre Haute. More than 2,200 torches were counted in line.

Last week Senator Morton addressed between 45,000 and 50,000 people in Indiana, speaking a part of the time twice a day. We are glad to learn from the Indianapolis *Journal* that his voice is unbroken, and his health such as to justify him in continuing his vigorous canvass.

The leaders of the O'Conor wing of the Democratic party are apparently in earnest, and mean to push the canvass in behalf of their candidates. A Chicago paper prints a call for a straight Democratic State Convention in Iowa, to appoint Presidential electors and nominate candidates for State officers; and a similar call has been been issued in Indiana. The Chicago *Times* has "no doubt" that the Executive Committees in all the States will take prompt action in the same respect.

The Maine election occurs to-day, and we expect to have pretty full returns to-morrow, enough at any rate to show the general drift of sentiment. A Governor, State officers, Congressmen, and State Legislature are to be elected The following are the chief candidates:

Greeley.	*Republican.*
GOVERNOR.	
Charles P. Kimball.	Sidney Perham.
CONGRESS.	
1. Wm. H. Clifford.	John H. Burleigh.
2. Alonzo Garcelon.	William P. Frye.*
3. Thomas S. Lang.	James G. Blaine.*
4. Marcellus Emery.	Samuel F. Hersey.
5. Frederick A. Pike.	Eugene Hale.

---

*For re-election.

We expect the Republican State ticket will be elected, and that the Republican Congressmen will all be returned. The Republican majorities in '70 were as follows, by districts: First, 1,496; Second, 2,317; Third, 2,320; Fourth, 2,640; Fifth, 1,210. The New York *Tribune* pretends to anticipate the election of Pike over Hale in the Fourth, and Clifford over Burleigh in the First, and the possible election of Lang over Blaine in the Third. It expects Perham will be chosen "by a greatly reduced majority." Two weeks ago it thought this majority would be "about 8,000," then it thought it might be 10,000, and its last guess is "perhaps 15,000." This is a curious reduction, considering that Perham's last majority (in 1870) was only 9,506. The *Tribune* thinks it will now be *reduced* to 10,000 or 15,000!

At the last election precisely corresponding to this, in September, 1868, the vote of counties for Governor was as follows:

Counties.	*Rep. Chamberlain.*	*Dem. Pillsbury.*
Androscoggin	4,669	2,727
Aroostock	2,234	1,085
Cumberland	9,644	7,809
Franklin	2,498	1,800
Hancock	2,851	2,384
Kennebec	7,761	4,663
Knox	3,022	2,192
Lincoln	2,737	2,581
Oxford	4,513	3,696
Penobscot	9,385	5,643
Piscataquis	1,996	1,262
Sagadahoc	2,648	1,373
Somerset	4,843	3,389
Waldo	4,576	3,181
Washington	4,169	3,511
York	7,198	6,767
Total	75,854	55,431

There has been no increase in the population of the State of consequence since 1868, and it is not expected that the total vote to-day will exceed 140,000.

The Utica *Herald* has been taking lessons from "Old Probabilities," and tries its hand at weather prediction, as follows: "Mixed weather will gradually disappear in Maine, Pennsylvania, Indiana, and other States, with strong majorities for Grant and Wilson in September and October, accompanied by flurries and gusts occasioned by the hurrying back to the Republicans of clouds of 'Liberals,' blown by strong winds from all directions. The great storm in North Carolina, West Virginia and Vermont, occurred as predicted in these dispatches, and the weather down there is now beautifully serene and certain. The heavy weather which threatened New York State is gradually but certainly disappearing."

The New York *World* warmly endorses Kernan as a reformer, whom all can support. The *Herald* has changed, and assails the Syracuse nominations as dictated by imbecility, and says the Bourbon failure at Louisville is inconsiderable when compared with it.

Senator Wilson, in an address at Natick last Thursday night, said that he had not promised a single man an office for his support.

A Philadelphia paper has dissected a list of "prominent Republicans" who are reported to have fallen from grace to Greeley, and finds that "of twenty-three persons named twenty-one are ex-office-holders under Republican auspices. Several of these held one office after another for half a dozen years. Several Johnsonized in 1866 and were not continued by Grant. At least sixteen out of the twenty-one were probably political bores of the first water. Five have been snubbed by honest Republicans whenever they attempt to inflict themselves upon the party as candidates; and not one of the lot stood the ghost of a chance for any office by Republican votes."

Miss Matilda Fletcher, of Iowa, on Thursday addressed the largest Republican meeting held in Wooster, Ohio, during the campaign. The wigwam was densely crowded, and her speech was well received.

A gentleman who has been journeying along some of the great routes of summer travel says that he witnessed eleven votes on the Presidental question in steamboats and on railroad trains. The men voted, on the average, two for Grant to one for Greeley, and the women about twenty for Grant to one for Greeley.

Mr. George Law, the well-known Democrat and millionaire, is earnestly in favor of the reelection of President Grant.

The latest estimate of the probabilities in Maine makes the Republican majority about 20,000, but the probability is that the effect of O'Conor's letter and the Vermont election will greatly increase these figures.

Bennington County, Vermont, is a "fearful example" of the fatal effects of an overdose of crow. Last year this county was the only one that honored a Democrat with election to the State Senate. This year two Republican Senators there are elected by about one thousand majority.

THE CAPITAL.

WASHINGTON, September 7, 1872.

[illegible] WEST" CLUB.

The ex-soldiers and sailors of this club held another large and enthusiastic meeting at Clark's hall, on Thursday evening, N. B. Fithian, President, in the chair, W. J. Whartenby, secretary. [illegible] several new members had signed the [illegible] which now numbers 186, the various committees presented their reports. The committee to provide a suitable badge for the club presented a neat design, which was unanimously adopted. The committee on uniform hats presented a style of hat, (known as the Grant army hat;) which was adopted. Comrade Newton Ferree, from the committee on flag, reported that he had secured for the club the flag which was draped in front of the box in which President Lincoln was seated on the night of his assassination. It will be remembered that the assassin, in attempting to leap from the box, caught his foot in the fringe of this flag and was thrown upon the stage, fracturing his leg, thereby leading to his ultimate capture. The report of the committee was received and unanimously adopted with applause, and a vote of thanks tendered the committee. Mr. C. M. Barton reported that he had been promised, for the use of the club, the flag that covered the body of President Lincoln after his death.

Mr. Ferree, one of the committee on by-laws, reported several amendments, which were adopted, providing for an election of a captain, first lieutenant, second lieutenant, orderly sergeant, color sergeant [illegible]

McCLURE ON GRANT.

AN OPINION AS IS AN OPINION FROM THE SORE-HEAD CHIEF.

He Thinks Grant's Only Error in the War was on the Side of Mercy to the Rebels.

To the Editor of the Pittsburgh Gazette:

On page 340, of A. K. McClure's work, entitled "Three Thousand Miles Through the Rocky Mountains," written and published in 1867, is the following paragraph:

"I see that my belligerent friend and correspondent, Mrs. Swisshelm, has succeeded in 'hammering' Judge Williams into the Republican nomination for Supreme Judge, and thereby done the Republicans a kindness. She now seems to be engaged in the laudable task of 'hammering' General Grant into the Republican nomination for the Presidency. Although I have been out of the current of national politics for some months, I feel warranted in saying that her pungent blows are not necessary to secure that end. He, alone, of our great Captains, who brightened and faded in the terrible crucible of war, gave the Republic its new lease of regenerated life; and *even if he erred in magnanimity*, when he was crowned the great victor, neither the judgment of the people nor the pen of history will so record it. No man has more resolutely or faithfully braved treason, either in the field or in the councils of the nation, than General Grant; and the time is not distant when his administration of the War Department (under Johnson, after Stanton resigned) will be accepted by all as but a new proof of his unfaltering devotion to the right. If he shall not be the next President, I think it will be because so many days have not been allotted him on earth".

McClure now thinks, or affects to think, with Tom. M. Marshall, that every regiment in Grant's great armies had in it men as great as he, and that it was not he, but such "great Captains" as McClellan, Buel, Porter, Banks, Pleasanton, Kilpatrick and McCandless, who "gave to the Republic its new lease of regenerated life." Or, perhaps he now thinks, with Doctor James King, that Grant's civil administration of the War Department, instead of proving his "unfaltering devotion to the right," only proves him to be a "political quack!"

Doubtless, however, this trio of Greeley perverts will still commend Grant's "magnanimity" in letting Lee and his rebel hosts—their present dear political brethren—go "unwhipt of justice." As Greeley went to Richmond to go bail for Jeff. Davis, surely Marshal and King ought to make a pilgrimage to him at Memphis to condole with him for being left out of the Amnesty law, under the Constitution, and to assure him of their zeal to have him and all his fellow-perjured conspirators and torturers of our brave boys at Andersonville, Libby, &c., made as *free* to vote and hold office as they are, or as the brave and true negroes whom Buckalew, in the United States Senate, voted to exclude from the privilege of fighting for their country, or from being paid if they did. O. P. Q.

METHODIST CONFERENCE.

Third Day.

[Correspondence of the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

BEAVER FALLS, Sept. 6, 1872.

Afternoon Session.—Opened with the usual devotions, Rev. Rutledge in the chair.

At two o'clock Rev. J. L. Deens, fraternal messenger from the Pittsburgh Conference, and Rev. Samuel Clawson, fraternal messenger from the West Virginia Conference of the Methodist Protestant Church, addressed the Conference in a very suitable and brotherly way. Responses were made by John Cowl, James Robison and T. F. Scott, and general good feeling pervaded the audience. These fraternal visits and greetings are both pleasing and profitable.

At three o'clock, memorial services in reference to Dr. Geo. Brown were commenced, and continued over one hour, and participated in by John Cowl, P. F. Laishly, Z. Ragan, W. Collier, John Scott. It was a season of tender feelings and precious recollections.

Committee on *Pulpit Services* reported, supplying the churches of Beaver Falls and New Brighton; also several of the Pittsburgh churches, and one in Steubenville, on next Sabbath.

Committee on *College Interests* reported, showing a steady advancement in these interests. Bro. Thrap, College agent here addressed the Conference, very earnestly, urging active operations in this direction.

The following committees were announced: On Ministerial Education, Missionary Interests, Temperance. Rev. Critchlow, of the Presbyterian Church, was introduced and invited to an honorary seat. Adjourned with prayer. Preaching in the evening.

FOURTH DAY.

SEPTEMBER 7, 1872.

Morning Session.—Conference met at 8:30. Opened with half an hour's devotions. Roll called and minutes read, after which business was suspended until ten o'clock, to give the members of Conference time to visit Beaver Falls Cutlery Works, which they did in a body. The Chinese operators are reported doing as well as was expected. Conference resumed business at ten o'clock. Reports of committees were heard until eleven o'clock, when business was suspended in commemoration of the sufferings and death of our Lord and Saviour Jesus Christ.

Afternoon Session.—Opened at 1:30 P. M., in the usual manner. After calling the roll and reading the minutes, several Committees reported, among them that on *Home Extension, Itinerancy* and *Orders*, the latter recommending for work Wm. West, W. A. McLaughlin, J. A. Rodgers; for orders, A. D. Brown.

Some changes were made in the boundaries of sub-districts. The President read his financial report, showing his salary all met, and something over. The session is progressing very harmoniously, and all seem to be in good cheer. To-morrow will be a high day in this new city.

Yours &c., C.

Republicans Aroused in Old Westmoreland.

LIVERMORE, WESTMORELAND CO., September 7, 1872.

The Republican meeting held here last night was a success. The meeting was addressed by A. W. Taylor, our candidate for Congress, in a most effective and satisfactory manner; he was received with the greatest enthusiasm. He was followed by Colonel D. S. Porter and James Snodgrass, Esq., in able and telling speeches. The Republican party is now a unit here on the whole ticket. The Greensburg Grant Club, with music and torches, met with us, and made a fine display. Our people were delighted with the meeting, and were never more united and confident of success.

ARKANSAS.

The Pope County Troubles—The Laws to be Enforced—General Upham Ordered to the Scene of Conflict—The County to Bear all Expenses.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., September 7.—The following order was published in the official organ this morning:

Little Rock, September 7, 1872.—Special Order No. 128.—Major General D. P. Upham, having been assigned by Special Order No. 7, dated November 12th, 1870, to the command of all the State guards and enrolled militia of the State, and being advised that the enforcement of the civil and criminal law is obstructed to such an extent in Pope county, Arkansas, as to render it dangerous, if not impossible, for the sheriff to enforce the same with an ordinary posse, is hereby directed to proceed forthwith to said county of Pope, with such aid as is or may be necessary to execute the civil and criminal law of the state.

Second—General Upham is hereby vested with discretionary power in the use of the forces, with power to call all the State guards and enrolled militia into active service, if, in his opinion, the situation demands the same, and to use them in compliance with the law under all emergencies that may arise.

Third—The expense of subtituting the State guards and enrolled militia that may be called into service under his order shall be born by the county of Pope, and paid as provided by section 14 of an act entitled "An act to provide for the enrollment of the militia, the organization and discipline of the State guards, and for the public defense," approved July 14, 1868.

By order of the Commander in Chief,
O. A. HADLEY.
Edward Saxton, Captain and Assistant Adjutant General.

Parties from Pope county report that General Upham has about one hundred and fifty men (militia) under his control. The main body of the force camped last night six miles south of Russellville, under command of Sheriff Dodson, while Upham, with an escort of one dozen men, went forward to Russellville. It was his intention to go to Russellville to-day. Speculation is rife as to what he will do on arriving there. All the people are reported peaceable, and Paynter, who killed the County Clerk on Saturday, is in the hands of the civil authorities.

THE RIVERS.

OFFICE OBSERVATION, SIGNAL SERVICE U. S. A., Pittsburgh, Pa., September 8, 1872.

Daily report of the stage of water, with changes in the 24 hours, ending 3 P. M., September 8, 1872.

	ABOVE LOW WATER.		CHANGES.			
	FEET.	INCHES.	RISE.		FALL.	
St. Louis	8	11	0	0	0	2
Pittsburgh	1	7	0	0	0	2
Cincinnati	4	4	0	0	0	3
Memphis	4	11	0	0	0	1
Nashville	1	0	0	0	0	0

W. E. SMITH,
Observer Sig. Ser. U. S. Army.

—A Providence correspondent of the New York *Times*, states that a conflict of authority is going on relative to the investigation into the Metis disaster. It is generally believed that the local steamboat inspectors are under the powerful influence of ex-Governor Sprague and other proprietors of the line, while Inspector Boole is entirely impartial. Boole was ordered to make an investigation by the Treasury Department, but Chief Inspector Nimmo, who is said to be a protege of Chase, and favorable to Sprague, countermanded the order, and ordered the investigation to be made by the local inspectors. Boole [illegible]

SECOND EDITION.

Four O'Clock.

THE OLD WORLD.

The Imperial Reunion.

GRAND GALA DAY IN BERLIN.

Cruelty to Chinese Coolies.

THE INTERNATIONAL CONGRESS

Unsatisfactory Session

GERMANY.

GRAND MILITARY PARADE.

BERLIN, September 7.—A grand military parade took place to-day, at which the three Emperors headed their respective regiments. The eldest son of the Crown, Prince Frederick William, wore the order of St. Andrew, which was conferred on him this morning by the Czar. The parade was witnessed by an immense concourse of people.

COURT DINNER.

This evening a court dinner was given at the Imperial Palace. Emperor William gave a toast "Our guests." The Emperor of Austria proposed "The health of the German Emperor and his family." The Czar's toast was, "The valiant German army."

TORCH-LIGHT PROCESSION.

The festivities of the day terminated with a monster torch-light procession this evening, and the playing of the Prussian "Tattoo" by 1,124 musicians selected from the bands of all German regiments for their proficiency. There were four hundred torch bearers in the procession. The entire city of Berlin was brilliantly illuminated and multitudes of people thronged the streets.

AMERICAN OFFICERS AT THE FESTIVITIES.

BERLIN, September 7.—Admiral Aldin and the officers of the American squadron will participate in the festivities in honor of the Imperial visitors to Berlin.

NOMINAL HONORS.

The Czar has made Princes Frederick Charles and Frederick Henry Albert Field Marshals of the Russian army.

[Special to N. Y. World.]

DIPLOMACY.

To-day, after the review, Bismarck had a long private interview with the Czar. He was afterwards closeted for two hours with Gortschakoff.

IMPERIAL ENJOYMENTS.

BERLIN, September 8.—The three Emperors drove in the Thiergarten this morning, and this afternoon went to Potsdam.

SWITZERLAND.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

BERNE, September 7.—One hundred and twenty houses in Sernalz, besides many stables and out-buildings, were burned last night.

FETING THE ARBITRATORS.

The dinner in honor of the Geneva Arbitrators here, on Thursday next, will conclude with a grand fete.

GENEVA, September 7.—A banquet was given to the members of the Board of Arbitration at the Hotel De La Paix to-day. Count Sclopis made a speech, but nothing of importance bearing on the work of the Arbitrators was said.

RUMORED AWARD.

GENEVA, September 8.—It is rumored here that the Board of Arbitration has awarded to the United States damages to the amount of £3,500,000.

THE ARBITRATORS COMPLIMENTED.

A dinner was given to the Arbitrators by the city of Geneva last night. It was a most satisfactory affair. M. Carteret, on the part of his fellow citizens, declared that the presence of the Arbitrators was an honor to Geneva, and he hoped that all nations would follow the example of England and the United States in settling their differences through such a peaceful appeal to reason and justice.

Count Sclopis replied with words of praise for the city of Geneva. He took occasion to speak of the man who had achieved the independence of the city, Count Cavour, whose friend he was proud to have been, and added that Geneva was doubly dear to him as the birth-place of the mother of that great statesman.

WEST INDIES.

BREAKING UP SMUGGLING.

HAVANA, September 6.—The Intendente of Havana has asked and been promised the cooperation of the merchants in breaking up parties smuggling and defrauding the treasury.

OPPOSITION TO SUNDAY WORK.

The clerks of Havana met on Sunday to take measures to abolish the system of requiring them to work on Sunday. Some opposition to the movement is manifested.

CRUELTY TO CHINESE.

The French ship Jaques Zurin, Captain Hue, from Macao, April 26th, arrived on the 4th inst., bringing a cargo of Chinese. The Chinamen mutinied shortly after leaving Macao, and it is reported that the Captain killed several of them. Whipping was practiced during the entire passage. The Chinamen arrived in a horrible condition. Sixty-five out of three hundred died during the passage. The survivors, on landing, presented a sickening appearance, many being unable to walk.

PORTO RICO ELECTIONS.

Porto Rico advices state that the natives, having been unmolested by the troops in the elections, have chosen their own candidates. The natives are jubilant at their success, and the ultra party in Cuba is despondent, knowing that a semi-abolition delegation from Porto Rico in the Cortes will influence the slavery question in Cuba.

MEXICO.

DUEL BETWEEN WOMEN.

CITY OF MEXICO, September 1, *via* Havana, September 6.—Two women at the capital, jealous of each other, fought a duel, and were attended with women seconds. One was armed with a bone and the other with an ordinary dagger. The one with the bone dagger killed her antagonist.

OFFICE DECLINED.

Gomez Palacios declines to accept the Ministry of the Interior offered him by Lerdo.

THE MIXED COMMISSION.

The rupture in the Mixed Commission occasions much discussion. Guzman's course is not approved, and it is rumored that Lerdo will remove him.

DIAZ'S DEMANDS.

Diaz demands as a condition of submission to the Government that amnesty be extended to the parties now excluded, and that the elections be postponed, so that all can participate in the election of members to Congress. Diaz offers all his influence in favor of peace.

It is reported that President Lerdo will extend the amnesty terms, but refuses to comply with the rest of Diaz's demands.

AMNESTY REFUSED.

The Guerrero insurgents continue to refuse amnesty.

HOLLAND.

TUMULTUOUS MEETING OF INTERNATIONALS.

THE HAGUE, September 7.—The meeting of the Internationals yesterday was tumultuous and unsatisfactory. Dr. West, of Philadelphia, is the only American delegate not admitted to a seat.

THE HAGUE, September 7.—The last sitting of the International Congress will occur on Monday. Six French delegates left the Congress because they were unable to turn the society into a political organization, and were also dissatisfied with the project for the transfer of the General Council to America.

The session terminated to-day with a secret meeting. It was decided that New York instead of London shall be the seat of the General Council. The next Congress will be held in Switzerland.

Sections 2 and 12 of the American branch of the International Society were refused representation in the Congress.

PEACE WANTED.

The Peace League of the Hague addressed communications to the Emperors of Russia, Germany and Austria in favor of peace in Europe.

RIDICULING THE EMPERORS' MEETING.

AMSTERDAM, September 8.—The banquet of the Internationals here to-day passed off quietly. Mr. George, of New York, made a speech, ridiculing the meeting of the Emperors at Berlin.

SPAIN.

OPPOSITION TO SLAVERY.

MADRID, September 8.—An organized agitation against slavery will soon be inaugurated. A series of public meetings will be held in Madrid, Seville, Barcelona and other large cities. Petitions for the abolition of slavery in the Spanish colonies are circulated, and as soon as the Cortes meets will be presented to that body for prompt action.

COMPLEXION OF THE SENATE.

The new Senate will consist of 144 ministerial and 18 opposition members.

CARLIST TROUBLES.

Carlist bandits are making requisitions for food and arms on the inhabitants of Catalonia.

CONTRADICTION.

The report that the Spanish Government had requested the recall of Gen. Sickles is formally contradicted in official circles. It is well known that the Minister's relations with the Spanish Government are of the friendliest character.

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

LONDON, September 8.—The *Observer* discredits the statements made by the *Press* of the amount of damage awarded by the Geneva tribunal as premature, but says there can be no doubt that at the final sitting that amount will practically be determined upon. It estimates also that the gross sum will probably be about £3,000,000.

NEW YORK.

Challenge to Greeley.

An Abduction Explained—An Insane (?) Murderer's Reason Restored—Cigar Smugglers Thwarted.

NEW YORK, September 7, 1872.

A CHALLENGE TO GREELEY.

The *Times* offers to donate ten thousand dollars to the Children's Excursion Fund if it does not prove the statement that J. Russell Jones gave land to President Grant to be false, the *Tribune* to pay a like sum provided the *Times* does not prove its falsity

AN ABDUCTION EXPLAINED.

It is now ascertained that the parties who carried off the child of General Viele, on Wednesday last, from the shores of Lake Mahossac, were agents of Mrs. Viele, the mother of the child, who returned from Europe for that purpose. Mrs. Viele accompanied the kidnapping party to the residence of General Viele, and securing the child, refused to give it up except with her life. She and her daughter left to-day for Europe.

REASON RESTORED BY CONFINEMENT.

The case of James Burns, who was acquitted of the murder of John Halloran on the ground of insanity, and confined in the State lunatic asylum at Utica, was brought before Judge Leonard, of the Supreme Court, to-day, on a writ of *habeas corpus*, and his counsel moved his discharge, on the ground that since his confinement his reason has been restored. A decision was reserved.

ANOTHER FISK SUIT.

Mrs. Lucy D. Fisk has instituted legal proceedings against the Erie Railway Company for the recovery of certain books and papers, the property of the late Col. Fisk, seized by order of President Watson.

NOTICE TO CLAIMANTS.

All who have claims caused by the loss of the steamship Metis are directed to appear before the United States Court here on or before December 17th, and prove them.

BILLIARD CHALLENGE.

Albert Garnier challenged John Derry to play a French carom game of billiards, of either five or six hundred points, for $250 to $500 a side. The proposition remains open till next Saturday.

JUDICIAL.

The Bar Association is reported to have held a meeting last evening to secure the disqualification of Barnard, and to checkmate any move for restoring Cardoza to the bench.

NEW YORK, September 8, 1872.

SMUGGLERS THWARTED.

Fifteen thousand cigars were found smuggled on the steamer Moro Castle from Havana, done up in rubber bags, ready to be thrown overboard as the steamer came up the harbor from Sandy Hook. Two small boats followed the steamer from off the Hook some distance up the bay, evidently waiting to pick the bundles up. The presence of the customs officers on board, who boarded the steamer some distance below, prevented the success of the smugglers, who are First ward politicians, and who have been engaged in this business a long time. All the cigars were of the finest brands.

THE INDIANS.

Fight Among the Creeks.

ST. LOUIS, September 7.—Major Gunther, Revenue Agent, arrived here from Arkansas *via* Indian Territory, and reports that when at Muskagee he heard that two tribes of Creek Indians had a fight, in which seven persons were killed and a number wounded. He could not learn, however, when or where the fight occurred, but it was stated that the affair grew out of the election of a full-blooded negro to the chieftaincy of the Creek Nation by the opposition to the Chicote faction, which have been in power some time, and to which there has been much hostility on the part of the Sands faction.

FAILURE OF THE PEACE POLICY.

NEW YORK, September 8.—A letter from a correspondent accompanying the Indian investigation commissioners states that everything so far indicates a complete failure of the peace policy towards the Indians. Even some of the Quaker agents are calling for troops. At a recent council held with Kiowas, who are the head centres of all the troubles, they openly boasted of outraging two young girls whom they captured last spring in Texas, after killing their father and mother, but whom they returned two weeks ago in a horrible condition, expecting to receive a heavy pecuniary ransom, but did not receive a cent. They retain a little brother of the girls, and the agent refuses to issue them any more rations until he is released. At this council the Kiowas demanded the whites should release the chiefs Santanta and Big Tree, and all the whites should retire from the entire country between the Mississippi and Rio Grande rivers, in return for which all Government stock and captives plundered by them should be given up and peace maintained. This proposition was rejected and the council ended in smoke.

During the council the Kiowas had a secret council as to the availability of killing and scalping the Commissioners and the Quaker Indian agents, Tatem, Hoag, and others, but postponed the operation. A great council of all the tribes was arranged for the second of September, and the Quaker agents say that the patched up peace now will last till next spring.

APACHE DEPREDATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO, September 8.—The Apaches are committing an unusual number of robberies and murders in central and southern Arizona. Lieutenant Riem Stewart was murdered in Davis canon, between Tucsan and Camp Crittenden, on August 27th. His companion, Corporal Black, was captured. It is supposed he was carried off for torture.

ILLINOIS.

A Night of Terror in Beardstown—Attempt at Lynching—The Town Set on Fire—One Block Laid in Ashes.

CHICAGO, September 7.—A Jacksonville (Ill.) dispatch says information was received there today that a mob composed of the friends of Ed. Milsted, who was shot and killed on the fair grounds in Virginia, Cass county, Illinois, on Thursday last, by C. F. Diffenbacher, attacked the jail in Beardstown last night, with the avowed purpose of taking Diffenbacher and hanging him. The jail was strongly guarded by determined men. The mob became terribly exasperated and set fire to the town, and before the flames could be subdued an entire block of the best buildings in the place was laid in ashes. The mob made no attempt to take Diffenbacher from the jail, being deterred from doing so by the strong armed guard around it. Last night was indeed a night of terror to the people of Beardstown. The excitement is so intense and the determination of Milsted's friends so fixed and strong to avenge his death that fears are entertained that more blood will be shed and additional incendiarism attempted.

PROVIDENCE.

Metis Disaster Investigation.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., September 7.—The investigation into the Metis disaster was continued to-day. Captain Burton, of the Metis, was sworn, and gave a circumstantial account of the disaster. As soon as the collision occured he ordered investigations to be made to ascertain if any damage was done to the Metis, and the reports being favorable, he decided to turn around and find the schooner which struck the steamer, and render assistance, if necessary. When he found the boat sinking he directed the passengers to secure life preservers and go to the hurricane deck. He did this a number of times. When the steamer would no longer steer he went to his room and secured two life preservers, keeping one for himself.

Capt. Burton then gave a detailed account of the launching and filling of the boats, and the efforts of himself and others to save the passengers.

MEMPHIS.

Destructive Conflagration.

MEMPHIS, September 8.—The most destructive fire which has occurred here for ten years broke out this morning at 2:30. Before the engines were fairly at work, the flames had spread so rapidly that it was thought that the great Chicago fire would be repeated, as within half an hour after the fire was discovered an entire block was on fire, and the air was filled with sparks, which ignited in numerous places, some fully ten blocks distant. The loss will not fall short of $200,000, about one half of which is covered by insurance.

KANSAS.

Horrible Murder.

PAOLI, September 7.—A horrible double murder occurred seven miles from here last evening. Caleb Shercer, a wealthy farmer living in Ossowatomie township, partly insane, produced by family difficulties, murdered his daughter, Mrs. Wallace, and dangerously wounded his wife and son-in-law, Mr. Wallace. The latter in defending himself struck Shercer with a club, causing instant death. The wounds received by Mrs. Shercer and Mr. Wallace are pronounced fatal.

VERMONT.

Election Returns.

BURLINGTON, VT., September 8.—Semi-official returns from all but four small towns give Converse 42,222 votes, and Gardner 16,604; Converse's majority 25,618. The remaining towns gave, in 1870, 110 Republican majority.

The Senate is unanimously Republican and the House of Representatives stand as follows: Republicans, 206; Democrats, 21. In 1870 the Democrats had two Senators and twenty-nine Representatives.

CARLISLE.

Dr. Scheppe Acquitted.

CARLISLE, September 7.—The jury in the case of Dr. Scheppe returned a verdict, after an absence of fifteen minutes, of not guilty, and the defendant was promptly liberated by order of the Court.

—The St. Louis *Republican's* special from Haldon, Missouri, says Judge Forsythe, of Cass county, who was implicated in fraudulent issues of bonds of that county some months ago, was [illegible]

THE RAILROAD ORDINANCE.

Why it Should be Adopted—City gets as Much Land as it Gives—One and a Half Million of to be Spent on the City if it passes.

The dealings of cities with railroad companies would form a curious chapter in the history of enterprise and improvement in this country, could it be racily written up. Our city of Pittsburgh forms no exception to the general rule. It is a curious fact, which the orignal ordinance and proceedings of Councils will show that twenty years or more ago, when the city authorities were competing to have the terminus of the Pennsylvania Railroad located here, and not carried over to Allegheny, that they actually urged upon the company the ordinance permitting them to lay tracks and run their freight trains down Liberty street. And there was no limitation as to the time during which this privilege should be enjoyed. The great anxiety, on the part of the city fathers, was to get the Company to accept the proposition at all.

Now how different the spirit. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company which has done so much to make Pittsburgh what it is, has only to ask for any convenience to facilitate its transaction of business, and lo! there are those who see some dire calamity impending, and are up in arms at once. In the remarks that follow, we present the favorable views of the railroad ordinance, and why it should pass. The other, the opposition side has been accorded a fair hearing, and it is but fair that the ordinance should be explained so that it can be understood.

Let us also remark that the ordinance should be considered as a whole, and not base a decision on some petty detail, of little real bearing on the general proposition. Now what is asked for and what is offered? Comprehensively, this: That the city shall vacate portions of certain streets, thus giving to the company certain amounts of land, for which the company offers to give the city certain other equally valuable land, equal in amount to what the city is asked to give it, in addition to which it agrees to make certain improvements in and about the city, which will cost it about one and a half millions of dollars. In some of these improvements the company will, of course, be interested; in others, the city alone will be benefitted. In all of them the city will derive a benefit. A million and a half of dollars cannot be expended in one city, in real estate improvements, without sending some benefit into the humblest home in the city.

A more detailed statement will be as follows: The company ask the city, in the language of the ordinance to vacate Washington street from Liberty street to Fountain street, and Grant street from Liberty street to Seventh Avenue, and all streets and alleys within the area of ground bounded by Liberty street, Seventh Avenue, Cherry alley and the westerly line of Grant street extended; the said Company agreeing to construct, on line of Washington street, a substantial iron bridge for foot passengers, with a width of eight feet, extending from the line of Fountain street to the northern side of Liberty street, with approaches by steps or stairs on both sides of said bridge and both sides of said street at the curb line to the pavement of said Liberty street. And said company further agree at their own expense to grade, pave and curb Fountain street from Washington street to Seventh avenue, to widen Cherry alley forty feet, making said alley sixty feet in width, and to widen Seventh avenue on the northerly side thereof between Cherry alley and the east side of Grant street, so as to make said avenue seventy feet in width, and within one year or as much sooner as practicable to remove all rails from Liberty street crossing the approaches to said Union Passenger Depot, except the main tracks with the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railway, and the main tracks now used from said depot to the Duquesne depot, thus leaving an avenue forty feet in width entirely free from railroad tracks (excepting that of a City Passenger Railway) and extending from Cherry alley to the Union Depot. And said company further agrees to provide sufficient space on their own ground for the loading and unloading of freight so as to keep the sidewalk and wagon-ways adjoining the same free and unobstructed.

In another section the Company agrees to purchase all buildings on these streets. Then Fountain street is to be graded and paved for six hundred feet by the Company, and left open. Seventh avenue, from Grant street to Cherry alley, is to be widened on north side by taking a strip of Pennsylvania Railroad's property, ten feet wide, and adding it to it. It will then be a seventy feet street. Cherry alley, from Seventh avenue to Liberty, is to be widened, by an addition of forty feet of Company's property, to a sixty feet street. Grant street is to be widened on its east side to seventy feet. These widenings and additions will return as much to the city as will be taken from it. So the argument that the city is giving away land on Grant street is not true. Cherry alley, as widened, admits of a clear forty feet of driveway, becomes indeed a good street. To accomplish this, the grain elevator, which cost $175,000, must be purchased and torn down.

The objection that there should be a wagon bridge down Washington street carries with it but little force. Even now a loaded wagon can hardly be driven over the steep grade, and slippery and broken pavements of that street. So far as foot passengers are concerned, Washington street will be more available than now,—a spacious bridge, affording an agreeable promenade, taking the place of the present slimy street.

If we have been clear in our previous statements, it is clear that the city loses nothing—merely exchanging property for property. Private persons lose nothing, as their property will be purchased and paid for. Now what will the city gain? We answer:

1. Safety for her people from the possibility of railway accidents. The scope of the plan of the railroad company looks to an absolute prevention of people crossing their tracks on a level with the trains. At the present time there are many laboring men who live up along the hill, who clamber down the rough hill-side, or rickety stairs, and cross the company's tracks on their way to employment along the Allegheny river. In crossing the tracks, accidents occur yearly, occasionally destroying life. The company, under this system of improvements, propose to erect a bridge, above their depot, that will meet the wants of these people, and not only enable those residing on the hill to readily get to their places of labor, but to do it in entire safety.

This point may be amplified in another direction. Five through eastern trains come in daily, and as many go out from the Union Depot. Thirteen accommodation trains come and go daily on the Pennsylvania, and ten of all kinds on the Allegheny Valley railroad. This, in coming and going, represents from 8,000 to 10,000 persons. These must cross the tracks in front of the Union Depot. The danger is obvious. It is proposed to avoid it.

2. The proposed plan will facilitate communication between the upper and lower part of the city. We have already mentioned two bridges, to be constructed, that will answer this purpose—one at Washington street, and one above the depot. Added to this, it is proposed to construct a wagon and foot bridge at Morton street, crossing to Hospital grounds. This is proposed in the ordinance. This will enable those living in the upper wards, who now must come down Wylie street, and having gained Liberty or Penn, drive a long way back, to go directly down from the hill, saving time and travel. This bridge will cost at least $100,000, and is a greater advantage to the people, than the closing of a part of Washington and Grant will be disadvantage.

At Thirty-third street another bridge is to be constructed from Penn to Centre avenues. The bridge will commence at Laural avenue, and by an easy ascent, pass over the run and land on the hill-side at Thirty-third street, to the right of the railroad.

At East Liberty the bridge across the railroad, on Penn avenue, will be widened and beautified. In order to gain head room for locomotives, the ordinance provides for lowering the grade of the track at East Liberty two and a half feet, running out at Roup's.

3. It will give the city, free of cost, improvements which must be made sooner or later, at an outlay of at least a half a million of dollars. Already the question has become very prominent—how shall people living on the hill get easy access to Penn street and Lawrenceville? At the present they must come down Wylie street. A roundabout course must be taken. The time is not far distant when the city must remedy the evil. The Pennsylvania Railroad Company comes forward and generously offers to do it. Why not let it?

4. It will improve the value of property along the hills and the city will get the benefit in increased revenues. Who does not know that with easy access to the hill lots, they will rapidly augmented in price? Every advance in the value of real estate is so many additional dollars yearly to the city treasury.

5. The improvements proposed will be a step toward an expansive system of improvements which will make the city truly great in the future. There has been a lack of system in laying out for the future growth of the city which will be at once remedied. A system of bridges will connect the two naturally divided parts of the city, and with it steady and systematic growth will naturally follow.

And while all these vast improvements are made without cost to the city,—they are to be done by the best practical friend Pittsburgh has ever had. The Pennsylvania railroad has always dealt in a spirit of generosity toward Pittsburgh. It has given it facilities which have built up the city. It now finds itself cramped for room to transact its business. If any business firm were in the same position, the city authorities would gladly do all they could to accommodate them. They ask a piece of property, involving the vacation of two streets for a short distance. The Company offers to make Fountain street, a first-class street, which would obviate all inconvenience in the way of travel. It offers the city as much land as it gets. It offers to keep the street free from freight obstructions. It offers to purchase properties abutting on the streets it asks to be vacated, so property holders will not suffer. Now why should it not be accommodated?

But it goes further, and proposes to do a great work for the city, in building bridges, sinking track so as to make the people safe, and by spending in all $1,500,000 in our city. This we regard as unparalleled liberality. We hope none of the trivial objections of the past will be brought up. Let so grand a project go directly through Councils, and let us show we have some appreciation of the benefits that are tendered us.

[NOTE.—As we have published several communications against the ordinance, we deem it but justice to all parties to allow the friends of the measure to present their side of the question.—EDS.]

High School Books
at J. R. WELDIN & Co.,
101 Wood street.

Western University Books
For sale by J. R. WELDIN & Co.

The McClintock estate, Second ward, Allegheny, embraces the only grove of natural forest trees in the city limits. Every lot has thus beauties and advantages that only time and not money, can furnish. Auction sale September 13.

Pittsburgh Female College.
All the books for sale by J. R. WELDIN & Co.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS,

From Various Points.

—The receipts at the Louisville Exposition average $3,000 per night.

—Julius L. Strong, member of Congress, died at Hartford suddenly on Friday morning.

—The Chicagoans have decided to build an opera house which shall equal any in the country.

—The First National Bank of Carlinville, Ill., with a capital of $75,000, is authorized to commence business.

—O. C. Street, member of the Dominion Parliament, died last Friday night at his residence, near Niagara Falls.

—It is stated that the Cubian privateer Pioneer has been condemned and will be sold at auction on the 10th inst.

—The backers of Mace and O'Baldwin have decided to return the stakes of the late fizzle, and the fight is drawn off.

—President Thiers prohibits public banquets or popular demonstrations of any kind on the 21st and 22d of September.

—Twenty-one of the July rioters in Williamsport, Pa., were convicted on Saturday. They will be sentenced on the 13th.

—The most active and extensive preparations are going on for a grand peace reunion in Louisville on the 11th and 12th inst.

—Billy Forrester, suspected of the murder of Nathan, the New York banker, was arrested in Washington on Saturday morning.

—The American Bible Society at its weekly meeting recognized two new auxiliary societies in North Carolina, one in Iowa and one in Michigan.

—Dr. Schoeppe left for Baltimore on Saturday afternoon, and rumor has it that he goes there to institute proceedings to recover Miss Steinecke's estates.

—Surrogate Holcomb, of Middlesex county, N. J., was held in $5,000 bail on Saturday for the action of the Grand Jury on a charge of rape on a young girl.

—Secretary Boutwell will probably return to Washington this week, when Assistant Secretary Richardson will seek needed relaxation in Boston and vicinity.

—A son of Captain A. D. Perkins, of Monroe, Mich., was killed on Friday afternoon by the accidental discharge of a gun in the hands of a companion, while duck shooting.

—Joseph Brown, who murdered the Kramer family last winter, was on Saturday, in Pottsville, Pa., convicted of murder in the first degree. The prisoner is only eighteen years of age.

—President Grant and family leave Long Branch to resume their residence at the White House in Washington, on the 18th inst. The President will then commence the preparation of his annual message.

—Brevet Brigadier General Sylvanus Bayer, United States Engineer corps, died on Saturday at South Braintree, Mass., aged eighty-three, of which forty-seven years were passed in active service as instructor and Superintendent in the United States Military Academy.

—London advices show that the striking mania is pervading all England. The chair makers of Wycomb, coal men of "Lawestaft," silk weavers of Sandsbury, stone masons of Preston, bakers of Dublin, engineers of Birkenhead, China and earthenware manufacturers of Staffords are all on a strike. London carpenters, painters, brick layers, bakers and cabinet makers continue their strike. Post office employes have petitioned for an advance of wages, and the journeymen butchers of London have formed unions for the purpose of getting higher wages.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

☞ "STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING.—The annual meeting of stockholders of the "Pittsburgh and Baltimore Coal, Coke and Iron Company" will be held at the office of James Bown, 136 Wood street, on TUESDAY, Sept. 11, at 3 P. M.
T. E. TACK, Secretary.
se4:y30

OFFICE OF THE TRIUMPH OIL COMPANY, No. 99 FIRST AVENUE, PITTSBURGH, August 30th, 1872.

☞ DIVIDEND NO. 16.—THE BOARD of Directors of this Company have this day declared a DIVIDEND OF FIVE PER CENT. On its capital stock, payable on and after September 10th, at this office. The Transfer Books will be closed from the 5th to the 10th proximo, inclusive.
WM. LOEFFLER, Secretary and Treasurer.
au31:y8

OFFICE OF THE INSPECTOR OF GAS AND GAS METERS FOR ALLEGHENY COUNTY.

☞ DESIRING THAT THE PUBLIC should more generally avail themselves of the advantages of this office, I would give notice to persons desiring to have their meters tested, to leave their orders at the office of their respective Gas companies, or at my office, corner of Twenty-third and Smallman streets, and they shall receive prompt attention.
S. H. SMITH, Inspector.

☞ Advertisements on this page under the several heads of "Wanted," "For Sale," "To Let," &c., will be inserted at transient rates only, TEN CENTS PER LINE for each insertion. No advertisement inserted for less than THIRTY CENTS.

WANTS.

WANTED—TO RENT—A DWELLING house containing 8 or 10 rooms, in a central part of the city. Address Box 106, Pittsburgh. se5:y46

WANTED—MORTGAGES FOR LARGE and small amounts. WM. S. MARKS, Real Estate office, No. 60 Grant street. au3:w14

WANTED.—GIRLS FOR THE CITY and country, to do cooking, housework, &c.; several men and boys with reference want places. Apply at Employment Office, No. 1 Sixth street, (formerly St. Clair,) first door from Suspension Bridge, Pittsburgh, Pa.

TO-LET.

TO LET.—A NEATLY FURNISHED ROOM, suitable for one or two Gentlemen. Terms reasonable. Apply at No. 101 Elm street, Pittsburgh. se7:y69

TO LET—A WELL-KNOWN
City Dry Goods Store.
A rare chance is now offered to any party wishing to engage in the Dry Goods or Trimming business. The Store, corner Fourth avenue and Market street, occupied for years by E. R. Gardner, the well-known dry goods merchant is now for rent, commanding an established trade of $80,000 per year. Will be rented for the above or any first-class business. Inquire at once of
JOSEPH LIEBLER,
se6:y60 104 WOOD STREET.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—$1,600.—A NEW HOUSE of Eight Rooms, with Gas in all of them. Sliding Doors, French Roof, most of the Wood Work Grained, and everything finished in nice order. Price $1 600. Also, a house of same kind to rent. Situated on Avery street, near Madison avenue, Allegheny. Inquire of W. WILTON, at the houses. se7:y66

FOR SALE.—BELTING AND LACE LEATHER. Hoyt White Oak Tanned Leather Belting (short lap and patent jointed). G. N. HOFFSTOTT & CO., Sole Agents, 299 Liberty street, Pittsburgh. Also, Dealers in Leather, Hides, Oils, &c. au12 w44-MWF

FOR SALE.—COUNTRY STORE AND STORE ROOM AND DWELLING for lease. A rare business chance. For particulars inquire of WM. S. MARKS, No. 60 Grant street. au23:d&S

FOR SALE.—JOHN M. COOPER, STEAM PUMPS. For all purposes for which Steam Pumps can be used. These are superior to any used. BOILER FEED PUMPS, guaranteed to pump water heated to 212 degrees. Heaters furnished when ordered. JOHN M. COOPER, 882 Penn street. au8

FOR SALE.—GOLDEN WEDDING AND FAMILY CIRCLE WHISKY, free or in bond, all ages to suit the trade. Each barrel shows by Government stamp its age.
JOSEPH FINCH & CO.,
my2 189 First avenue, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.—THE undersigned, Administrator *cum testamento annexo* of the estate of the late Rev. JOHN M. SMITH, deceased, offers for sale the following described property, belonging to said estate, situated near Salt Works Station, on the Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad:
A TRACT OF LAND, containing about 11 Acres, and having thereon a Two Story Frame Dwelling House and Three Two Story Frame Tenant Houses, Salt House, Cooper Shop, and other buildings and machinery necessary for carrying on the manufacture of salt. Also, a Flowing Salt Well, capable of producing from 20 to 30 barrels of salt per day.
A TRACT OF LAND, containing about 23 Acres, and having thereon a good Two Story Frame Mansion House and Tenant House, Two Barns and Stables, Orchards, Vineyard, Shrubbery, &c., all in complete order and repair.
A TRACT OF LAND, containing about One Hundred and Forty Acres, having thereon a Frame House.
For terms and particulars apply to
FREDERICK RHODES,
Administrator c. t. a., near West Elizabeth, Allegheny county, Pa., or
JOHN M. KENNEDY,
Attorney-at-Law, No. 89 Diamond street, Pittsburgh, Penna. au5:w23

FOR SALE.
BRICK HOUSE
2 story, of 6 Rooms, Bath Room and Kitchen; Range in Kitchen; Hot and Cold Water and Gas throughout; Lot 21 feet by 90 feet, adjoining which is a Lot 24 feet front by 90 deep. Situate 66 Boyle street, Allegheny. For terms, inquire of R. ROBINSON, Real Estate Agent, 75 Federal street, Allegheny.
Also, LOTS
At Hoboken Station
Nine miles up West Pennsylvania Railroad. Now is the time to secure a cheap and desirable Lot at this beautiful place. Lots are 25 by 120, 40 by 160 feet, 1, 5 and 10 acres. Inquire of R. ROBINSON, Real Estate Agent, 75 Federal street, Allegheny city.

Consolidated Gas Co. Stock
FOR SALE.
FIVE HUNDRED SHARES of the Capital Stock of this Company now offered for sale in number of shares to suit purchasers. Par value, $50 per share. Apply to NATIONAL TRUST COMPANY, No. 423 Penn street, or at Office of Consolidated Gas Company, corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street, third floor.
C. H. ARMSTRONG, President.
G. J. ROWLEY, Secretary. au22

SCHOOL
BOOKS.
For everything in the way of SCHOOL BOOKS and SCHOOL STATIONERY, call at

POLITICAL.

☞ FOURTH WARD.—THE REPUBLICAN Voters of this ward will meet at the School House
THIS (Monday) EVENING, Sept. 9th,
At 7:30 P. M. All are urgently requested to attend.
W. A. HERRON, Chairman.
W. S. McGHEE, Secretary. se9:y72

☞ ATTENTION, COLORED CITIZENS.—The Colored Voters of the Fifth, Sixth and Seventh wards are invited to meet at the
FRANKLIN STREET SCHOOL-HOUSE,
MONDAY EVENING, September 9th, at 8 o'clock. Business of importance.
se9:y74 G. W. MASSEY, Chairman.

☞ SPECIAL NOTICE.
Whereas, Fifth avenue and Market street are to be decorated, at a very great expense, in honor of the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention, to be held in this city on the 17th and 18th insts., the merchants and residents on the avenue above named are respectfully requested to have all obstructions that may be upon the sidewalks or street, in front of their respective places of business or residence, removed, and to keep the same clear from the 14th to the 19th inst.
J. B. MOORE,
se9:y51-MF Ch'rm Committee on Decoration.

☞ SECOND WARD, ALLEGHENY.—The regular meeting of the Second ward
Grant, Wilson and Hartranft Club,
Will be held on
TUESDAY, 10th inst., at 7 1-2 O'Clock,
At the School House. All Republicans in the ward are requested to turn out. Able speakers will address the meeting.
W. P. PRICE, President.
D. C. HULTZ, Secretary. se8

☞ REPUBLICANS, ATTENTION.
GRAND MASS MEETING
AT CITY HALL,
This (Monday) Evening, at 7½ O'Clock,
To be addressed by the distinguished Orator,
Hon. Zach. Chandler,
OF MICHIGAN.
Marching Clubs are invited to turn out.
E. A. MONTOOTH,
Chairman Com. on Meetings.
THOS. McCONNELL, JR., Secretary. se9:y80

☞ HARTRANFT CLUB
Meets To-Night
AT
CITY HALL.
All young men in favor of the election of
Maj. Gen. John F. Hartranft,
Are invited to join.
se9

HEADQUARTERS RESIDENT COMMITTEE SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' NATIONAL MASS CONVENTION, PITTSBURGH, September 5, 1872.

☞ TO THE CITIZENS OF PITTSBURGH, ALLEGHENY AND VICINITY.
In view of the fact that the SOLDIERS' AND SAILORS' NATIONAL CONVENTION will assemble in this city on TUESDAY, the 17th inst., we most earnestly ask that you show your appreciation of their VALOR and PATRIOTISM displayed during the late war, by decorating dwellings and places of business during their stay. Thousands of our gallant visitors partook of your hospitality so generously bestowed during the war, and gratefully remember your kindness on that occasion. We are most anxious to show that the Iron City has not forgotten their efforts in behalf of the Union, and desire to see it decorated with Evergreens, Flags, Mottoes, &c., &c.

On the Evening of the 18th, a
GRAND TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION
AND
Review of the Soldiers and Sailors,
AND
GRANT, WILSON AND HARTRANFT CLUBS,
will take place, when it is especially desired that the houses and places of business be illuminated. Will you lend us your aid and influence?
By order of the Committee on decorations.
se9:y70-M J. B. MOORE, Chairman.

☞ GRANT, WILSON and HARTRANFT
MASS MEETINGS
Of the Republicans will be held at the following named places on
TUESDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 10,
AT 7½ O'CLOCK.

At Gray's Mills,
West Deer Township.
Col. John Glenn, J. S. Haymaker, Esq., will address the meeting.

Bakerstown.
John H. Kerr, Esq., Alex. M. Watson, will address the meeting.

At Christ. Frœlich's,
In Reserve Township.
Fred'k. Luty, Esq., Col. T. M. Bayne will address the meeting.

E. A. MONTOOTH,
Chairman Committee on Meetings and Speakers.
THOS. MACCONNELL, JR., Secretary. se9

SOLDIERS'
AND
SAILORS'
VETERAN
National Convention
MEETS ON
Tuesday, Sept. 17.

The various State Delegations will be assigned Consultation Rooms where they will assemble at 9 o'clock A. M., to select;

A Chairman of Delegation,
1 Temporary Vice President,
1 Temporary Secretary,
2 Permanent Vice Presidents,
2 Permanent Secretaries,
2 Members of Committee on Permanent Organization,
2 Members of Committee on Resolutions.

CEREMONIES:

TUESDAY, 17th,

Reception by Resident Committee at City Hall, at 10 o'clock,
Music by Great Western Band,
Address of Welcome by Gen. J. B. Sweitzer,
Temporary Organization,
Prayer—Music.
Appointment of Committee on Permanent Organization.
Intermission until 3 o'clock,
Reassembling,
Music,
Star Spangled Banner by 100 Ladies and Gentlemen, accompanied by the Marine Band of Washington City.
Permanent Organization.

The Convention will each day be called to order with assembly by the Drum Corps, and Prayer, and close with the Benediction and the Tattoo.

ON THE EVENING OF THE 17th AT
7 1-2 O'CLOCK,

The citizens will be addressed by

Hon. Henry Wilson,	Gen. Lucius Fairchild,
Gen. John A. Logan,	Gen. Thos. Fletcher,
Gen. A. E. Burnside,	Gen. Geo. A. Sargeant,
Gen. B. F. Butler,	Gen. Sol. Meridith,
Gen. M. D. Leggett,	Gen. J. L. Selfridge,
Gen. J. A. Garfield,	Gen. John W. Geary,
Gen. Jos. H. Hawley,	Gen. E. S. Osbourne,
Gen. C. C. Carpenter,	Gen. W. W. Belknap,
Gen. Joshua Owens,	Gen. Julius White,
Gen. Walter Harriman,	Gen. E. A. King,
Gen. S. L. Woodford,	Gen. R. J. Oglesby,
Gen. J. J. Averill,	Gen. N. P. Chipman,
Gen. J. L. Beveridge,	Gen. E. F. Noyes,
Gen. John F. Hartranft,	Gen. Max Weber,

And others,

At Monongahela House, Hare's Hotel, Custom House, City Hall, Allegheny Diamond, Concordia Gardens, Diamond, Birmingham.

WEDNESDAY, 18th.

The Convention will reassemble at 11 o'clock A. M., to act on the report of the Committee on Resolutions and transact the general business of the Convention.

Grand Mass Convention
Of the Republicans of Pennsylvania, will be held at
PITTSBURGH.
Many of the above distinguished men will address the people, details of which will be announced hereafter.

Wednesday Evening.
The ceremonies of the Convention will conclude with a grand
TORCHLIGHT PROCESSION
AND
REVIEW
Of all the visiting delegations, Grant, Wilson and Hartranft Clubs and citizens generally.
The route of procession, etc., will be designated hereafter.
The citizens of Pittsburgh, Allegheny, and vicinity are earnestly requested to illuminate and decorate their dwellings and places of business in honor of the NATION'S HEROES.
By order of the Resident Veteran Committee.
A. L. PEARSON,
CHAIRMAN.
[illegible] DALGLEISH, [illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

PROPOSALS FOR HEATING CITY HALL.—Sealed Proposals will be received at the office of Superintendent of Markets until September 14th, for Heating and Ventilating City Hall on Market street.
S. B. RICHALD,
se9 Superintendent of Markets.

ESTATE OF JAMES D. VERNER, DECEASED.—Letters testamentary on the estate of JAS. D. VERNER, late of the Fourth ward, City of Pittsburgh, dec'd, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will make payment, and those having claims will present the same for settlement to
ALEX. V. VERNER, Executor.
At Messrs. Brown & Co.'s office, Wayne Iron and Steel Works, corner Tenth street and Duquesne Way, Pittsburgh, Pa. se9:77

TO PROPERTY OWNERS.—PROPOSALS will be received up till 3 o'clock, P. M., of September 20th, 1872, for the sale of a suitable piece of ground on which to erect a Lock-up and Mayor's Office. Address E. S. MORROW, Clerk of Select Council, Room J, Municipal Hall.
By order of
ROBERT WATSON,
B. RAFFERTY,
R. G. HERRON,
J. SEMPLE, JR.,
L. E. JOHNS,
Committee.
se9

DRY GOODS!
A full line of
BLACK ALPACAS,
BLACK AND COLORED SILKS,
Shawls and Dress Goods,
At greatly reduced prices at
H. J. LYNCH'S,
No. 96 Market Street.
se9

SCHOOL BOOKS,
THE
BEST ASSORTMENT
In West Pennsylvania.
Catalogues furnished free and discounts quoted.
J. R. Weldin & Co.,
Wholesale Books and Stationery,
No. 101 WOOD ST.,
se8:MWS PITTSBURGH.

COMMITTEE ROOMS, MUNICIPAL HALL, PITTSBURGH, September 3, 1872.
To Property Holders
OF THE
SOUTH SIDE.
The Committee of Pittsburgh City Councils on
PUBLIC PARKS,
Propose to secure by donation, if practicable, a suitable site for a PUBLIC PARK or GARDEN, within the limits of the incorporated city, or immediately adjacent thereto, situate on the
South Side of the Monongahela River.
For the benefit of the citizens of that locality. Those feeling an interest in the project may address communications, with proposals and plans, to either of the undersigned, until the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER prox.
JOHN W. RIDDELL,
Chairman Park Committee, or
J. C. MATTERN,
se9 Chairman South Side Park Committee.

M'CORD & CO.,
131 Wood St.
1872. FALL TRADE. 1872.
IN
HATS, CAPS,
AND
FURS,
The Largest and Most Complete Stock
Ever Brought to this City
NOW OPEN AND FOR SALE
AT
131 Wood Street,
PITTSBURGH.
M'CORD & CO.
se9:z18-MWF

HEADQUARTERS FOR
BARRED FLANNELS.
ARBUTHNOT,
SHANNON & CO.,
239 and 241 Liberty Street.
SOLE AGENTS FOR
FULLERTON'S
Freeport Barred Flannels.
Greenville Woolen Mills,
Flannels, Blankets and Yarns,
EMDALE MILLS FLANNELS,
BRADLEY'S, MERCER, PITTSBURGH AND EASTERN
PLAID FLANNELS
AT MILL PRICE.
A GREAT BARGAIN IN
All-Wool Plaid Flannels,
AT LAST YEAR'S PRICES.
Call and Examine Before Purchasing.
se9

D. Appleton & Co.,
549 and 551 Broadway, N. Y.,
PUBLISH THIS DAY:

I.
EBB-TIDE.
A NOVEL. By CHRISTIAN REID, author of "Valerie Aylmer," "Morton House," etc. With Illustrations. 1 vol., 8vo. Paper covers $1.00; cloth, $1.50.
The author of "Valerie Aylmer" has steadily risen in reputation, till she is, by common consent, recognized as the first of our younger female novelists. Her latest story, "Ebb-Tide," has, like all her other works, its scene in the Sunny South, this time in Charleston, and exhibits the admirable style, the picturesque description, and the high moral tone, that characterize her works. The volume is well illustrated, and three of the author's best minor tales are added to the attractions of the main story.

II.
THE PIONEERS;
Or, the Sources of the Susquehanna.
A DESCRIPTIVE TALE. By JAMES FENIMORE COOPER. With Eight New Illustrations by F. O. C. Darley. 1 vol., 8vo. Paper covers, price, 75 cents; cloth $1.25. Forming the fourth volume of the new illustrated Edition of Cooper's Novels.
Heretofore there has been no edition of this acknowledged head of American romancists suitable for general popular circulation, and hence the new issue of these famous novels will be welcomed by the generation of readers that have sprung up since Cooper departed from us. As time progresses, the character, genius, and value of the Cooper romances become more widely recognized; he is now accepted as the great classic of our American literature, and his books as the prose epics of our early history.

III.
AN ENTIRE NEW EDITION, WITH NEW ILLUSTRATIONS.
New York Illustrated.
Containing Seventy-two Pictures, engraved in the best style, of the Principal Points of Interest in the Great Metropolis. Pronounced by the press "the cheapest and most beautiful volume ever published." Price, paper covers, 50 cents; cloth, $1.
"There has never been published so beautiful a book on New York City. It is gratifying to write this, remembering the moderate price the Appletons have set on this work."—*New York World.*

IV.
The Deerslayer;
OR, THE FIRST WAR-PATH.
By JAMES FENIMORE COOPER. 1 vol., 18mo. Cloth. Price, $1.25.
The fourth issue of a new and elegant library edition of Cooper's Novels. Printed on fine paper in good style, and handsomely bound. "The Spy," "The Pilot," and "The Red Rover," formed the first, second and third volumes of the series.

V.
The Brookes of Bridlemere.
By G. J. WHYTE MELVILLE, author of "Sarchedon," "Good for Nothing," etc. 1 vol., 12mo. Cloth. Price $1.25.
An eminent English critic recently remarked that Whyte Melville had surpassed all the novelists of the present generation in vivid and picturesque representations of life.
Either of the above, when not to be had in Bookstores, sent free by mail to any part of the United States, on receipt of the price. se5:y67

Best Yellow Pine Flooring
AT $40 PER M.
HOOP, JONES & CO.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.
HORNE
& CO.,
MARKET ST.,
INVITE THE
Attention of the Trade
To their Extensive Line of
AUTUMN GOODS,
Now Open.
Felt Skirts,
Repellants,
Barred Flannels,
Merino and Wool Hosiery,
Shaker Socks,
Childs' Fancy Wool Hose,
Merino Underwear,
Negligee Shirts,
Morrison's Star Shirts,
Gents Neck Wear,
Suspenders,
Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Bustles,
Embroideries,
Laces, Lace Goods,
Handkerchiefs,
Leather Belts,
Colored and Black Velveteens,
Staple Notions of all kinds.

MILLINERY GOODS,
Hats, Bonnets,
Flowers,
Ribbons,
All the new shades in Gro Grain,
Watered and Shaded,
Sash and Bow Ribbons,
Colored and Black Bonnet Velvets,
Turquoise Rips,
Ostrich Tips,
Ostrich Plumes,
Willow Plumes,
Wings, Argretts, Pon Pons,
Jet Ornaments,
Crapes, Satins and
Bonnet Silks.
Buyers will find it to their advantage to call and examine.
Lowest Eastern Prices.

AUTUMN, 1872.
First Arrival of
NEW GOODS.
AT
Jos. Horne & Co's
RETAIL.
New Style Ladies' Silk Scarfs,
Canton, Crape and Silk Shoulder Scarfs,
Corded Satins and Turquois,
Colored and Black Trimming Silks,
Black and Colored Silk Bonnet and Trimming Velvets in all newest shades,
New, Shaded and Changeable Ribbons,
Fall Colors will open in a few days,
Elegant Novelties in Gilt, Ivory and Russia Leather Fans,
Jet and Jet Coral Jewelry,
Head Bands, Ornaments, &c.
Leather Belts and Sachels,
With belt attachments.
Embroidered Linen Sets.
REAL AND PATENT VAL. LACE
Collars, Sleeves and Handkerchiefs,
Linen Collars, new shape,
Linen Cuffs and Sleeves,
Blond Illusion Neck Ruching, in great variety.
Silk and Spanish Lace.
VEILS IN NEW STYLES.
SPANISH LACE SCARF SASHES.
We are now offering the genuine Alexander Kid at $1 75 per pair, or $10 for the half dozen.
Full assortment of the genuine Harris and Josephine Seamless Kids constantly on hand.
New Fall Styles received as soon as out at
Horne & Co's
RETAIL,
197 and 199 Penn Avenue.

NEW GOODS
FRESH ARRIVAL.
MOORHOUSE & CARSTEN,
Cor. Fourth Ave. and Market St.
BLACK SILKS
New Stripped Poplins,
BROCADE SILKS,
Sattienes in New Shades,
FRENCH DIAGONILS,
Brocade Mohairs,
ALPACA LUSTRES,
VELVETS, PLUSH,
VELVETEENS,
Shawls and Scarfs.
HOUSE FURNISHING GOODS
In Great Variety at Very Low Prices.

T. & J. T. McCANCE,
Merchant Tailors.
NEW FALL STOCK
Just received for the custom trade. Owing to increased facility in the cutting department, we hope to fill orders with promptness and satisfaction to our patrons.
NO. 196 LIBERTY STREET.
se5:y32

WANTED.
RAGS! RAGS! RAGS
The highest price paid for good Rags, in large or small quantities, at
H. R. M'Clellan & Co.,
[illegible] PENN STREET.
We have also the best and largest stock of BROOM, BROOM MATERIAL and WRAPPING PAPER in the city, to which we call the attention of the trade. Call and see us.
H. R. McCLELLAN & CO.

DAILY GAZETTE.

OFFICE: GAZETTE BUILDING,
Corner Sixth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

JOSIAH KING, ... N. P. REED
T. P. HOUSTON, ... D. L. FLEMING
GEO. W. REED.
KING, REED & CO., Editors and Proprietors.

OFFICIAL PAPER
Of Pittsburgh, Allegheny City and Allegheny County.

Terms for 1872.

DAILY GAZETTE.

By mail, per annum $10 00
Do for 6 months 5 00
Do for 3 months 2 50
Do for 1 month 1 00
By the week, payable to Agent or Carrier 15

All remittances should be made by express or in money orders, and when so forwarded will be at our risk.

WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single subscribers $1 50
Clubs of five 1 25
Clubs of ten 1 15

A copy is furnished gratuitously to the getter-up of a club of ten. Postmasters are requested to act as agents.

Give full address, postoffice, county and State, also nearest express office, in order that there may be no mistake in forwarding papers.

Persons desiring to subscribe for the GAZETTE—Daily, or Weekly—will, upon application, be supplied with specimen copies free of charge.

KING, REED & CO.

MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1872.

BONDS at Frankfort 96½.

PETROLEUM at Antwerp 48f.

GOLD closed in New York on Saturday at 113.

SAMUEL J. RANDALL, Chairman of the Liberal-Democratic State Committee, is out in a pathetic address, explaining that he fears the Republicans, somehow or other, will cheat his kind friends at the polls. Mr. Randall need not feel alarmed. The last experiment in the way of cheatery, was when Senator Wallace issued those coffee-pot naturalization papers. In politics, it is usually accepted as correct, that when one cries fraud, he is merely diverting suspicion from himself. We hope Mr. Randall does not contemplate the resurrection of Wallace's coffee-pots.

CHICAGO now claims through the convenient medium of its city directory a population of 455,000, a gain of 156,000 since 1870, notwithstanding the great fire. This is rather tall figuring. St. Louis is naturally excited by this boast, and denounces it as the greatest kind of Barnumized advertising. By the last census the city of the river led the city of the lakes some twenty thousand, and is not disposed to surrender "the horns" in the matter of population. Chicago, however, probably gained more than it lost in population by the great fire, in the multitudes of laborers and mechanics attracted to the city by the certainity of employment and high wages.

THE *Tribune* commends the nomination of Sam Cox for Congressman-at-large in New York, and refers to "his brilliant and meritorious services." Precisely; Mr. Cox is now, and has been for years, the most active and untiring advocate of free trade in the House. He goes the entire figure, and has made more speeches upholding the destructive theory than any member of either branch. We may add he is by far the ablest and most acute representative of the Free Trade League in Congress. Does Mr. Greeley regard this part of his career as especially "brilliant and meritorious?" How would he serve Horace for Secretary of the Treasury in the Arcadian Republic the mixed elements propose for the American people? "Jam up," we should say.

POLITICS in Louisiana have got somewhat untangled, and are being shaped in national issues. Instead of four there are now only two State tickets in the field, representing Grant and Greeley. There is a negro majority in the total voting population of the State of between seven and eight thousand. This alone would seem to make the State sure for Grant, but there is in addition a large white Republican vote. The *Tribune* correspondent at New Orleans, writing on the 30th ult., admits that "there is no doubt that a majority of the voters of Louisiana intend to-day to vote for Grant, and if the election were to be held at this time there could be no question as to the result." But they expect to "split" the negro vote, of which there is about as much probability of success as attended Dame Partington's famous effort to scoop out the Atlantic with a quart cup.

THE United States is just now engaged pretty heavily in the work of putting up public buildings in the great cities. The Government of course saves money, and adds to its dignity by having quarters of its own for the transaction of its business. We only wish Pittsburgh shared in the general progress, for the accommodations of the federal officials here are notoriously insufficient. That will come in good time, we suppose. The greatest public building now constructing is the New York postoffice, which is slowly progressing. Chicago is to have magnificent new Government buildings, on which a large sum will be spent. St. Louis is to have a new postoffice and custom house, and arrangements are now being made for the purchase of the land. Philadelphia is to have a new postoffice, and the site has been selected. In several other cities Government buildings are projected, and the edifices contemplated are all to be ornate structures, adding to the attractions of the cities that are to contain them.

DOCTOR SCHOEPPE is happily out of the prison, that has been his home, with the death penalty staring him in the face most of the time, for more than two years. Judge and jury made short work of the case on Saturday—the former stating it was the duty of the jury, on the evidence presented, to acquit, and the jury taking but a few moments to arrive at the same conclusion. All the Doctor's trouble had its origin in his desire to travel a short road to wealth by marrying a rich woman, old enough to be his grandmother. Possibly he will yet come into the money devised him by old Miss Stenecke, in a will made just before her sudden death, of which he was no doubt wrongfully accused, but it will take a law suit to determine that question, as the direct heirs contest the will. The point of the case, aside from the medical knowledge developed by the wrangling doctors, is that young men in a hurry to be rich should seek some other way than a matrimonial arrangement with three score and ten.

THE GAZETTE appears this morning with its columns lengthened, making the paper in reality two columns larger than before. It is now *the largest daily paper in the State of Pennsylvania;* and as for its other qualities, we submit to the judgment of our readers. We found this enlargement necessary in order to do justice to our advertisers, and at the same time keep up the large amount of reading matter so important in the crisis of a great political canvass, involving in its results the continued prosperity of the State and nation. It will gratify our friends to know that since the campaign opened our daily edition has increased its circulation over fourteen hundred copies, and the WEEKLY GAZETTE over twenty-four hundred copies, giving it at this time a circulation of about fifteen thousand copies. There is not a town or postoffice in Western Pennsylvania that is not reached by the GAZETTE, and besides it circulates largely in Eastern Ohio and West Virginia. It is the intention of the proprietors to make further improvements in the paper, in the interest not only of its readers, but of the advertising public. The subscription price will remain as heretofore.

THE [illegible] State Convention of Missouri, at its last session administered a merited rebuke to Gratz Brown. The Convention was composed in great part of the men who voted for Brown for Senator in 1870, in preference to the regular Republican candidate because they were deceived by the specious cry of reconciliation. They [illegible]fore had the right to arraign him for [illegible]tion of duty; his pledges and pro[illegible]

[illegible] fore, they declared that "he had not enforced the laws," that he had permitted "murderers and outlaws to go unwhipped of justice," they "in neglect of his duty and in violation of his solemn oath he had plotted and intrigued for personal preferment," that know whereof they speak. While Brown is going from one city to another, afflicting himself with stewed watermelon, trying to pursuade his countrymen that the interest of peace and reconciliation demand his elevation to the Vice Presidency, the outlaws of his own State are giving the lie to his promises. It is not surprising that the Liberal Republicans who were his supporters in 1870 should "emphatically condemn every effort looking to his elevation to the position whereby the remotest possibility of the enforcement of the laws of the nation may depend upon his will and efforts."

AN IRISH RIOT.

The Belfast riots were terrible, as all riots are, but in this case religious fanaticism added its fires to the fury of the lowest class of the population, Protestant and Catholic. The authorities seem to have been singularly timid, and even the military when called on resorted to such foolish expedients as blank cartridges and the flats of their sabres to intimidate rather than crush out the disorderly element. In all our reading of American riots we have come across nothing so absurd. Generally with us in dealing with mobs the work is sharp and bloody; it is soon over, and the list of killed would furnish a mortality list for a respectable battle. But we get order and make a warning. The authorities of Belfast, civil and military, twaddled over six days' possession of the city by the mob before they had control. Not many of the rioters appear to have been killed, while the list of bruised and otherwise wounded is large. Such a thing as firing a volley on the rioters by the troops does not appear to have been dreamed of.

Of course it was the old grudge between the lowest classes of Catholics and Protestants that brought on the trouble. The vilest scum of the populace set itself up as the defenders of faith, and pretty work they made of it. Their faith is that of brutes and cut-throats, and a disgrace to the religious beliefs they falsely claimed to represent. The direct cause of the riots was the repeal by Parliament at its late session of the law forbidding party processions in Ireland. Party and religions are analogous terms there. The Orangemen celebrated the 12th of July in great state and peace. Next came the religious festival of Lady Day by the Catholics on the 15th of August, and on that day the revolt broke out. The leading Orangemen issued addresses entreating a quiet day, referring to the peaceable action of the Catholics the month before; but these were totally disregarded. A very slight circumstance set both sides in hostile array, and the six days of bloodshed and anarchy were commenced. The mobs, Catholic and Protestant, to show the earnestness of their faith, made the "public houses" the first points of assault. Liquor flowed as freely as water, and then commenced the "gutting" of private houses. warning of Protestants to leave Catholic One of the peculiarities of the riot, the districts of the city, and *vice versa*, in three hours' time, is thus described by a correspondent:

> Turning from these scenes of desolation, the spectator is arrested by the mournful bands of "warned" people slowly dragging along their wretched property, while they are protected from the fury of the mob by military and police. This heartless system never was so relentlessly pursued before. In the Catholic districts there remains not one Protestant; and no Catholic dare remain longer than the specified "three hours" in the bloody precincts of Sandy row. Cases of unspeakable hardship are to be met in every street. Here you find old and helpless people driven from their homes to seek shelter in a district in which their co-religionists reside, but in which there are no houses to be let. There is not sufficient house accommodation for the established residents; and where are the vagrants to go? I have seen the people sitting ruefully on the flagways with a little furniture scattered about in the helpless agony of tears. I have seen an old man carried in his bed by his sons and laid in an entry, while they begged for a room. Nothing like the scenes to-day were ever beheld in Ireland before, and possibly no civilized country can afford a comparison. Thousands of people half recovered from the wildest intoxication, are to be seen in groups loitering about with wickedness manifested in their every move.

We have no space or inclination to give the sickening details. But the riot seems to carry with it a lesson that American citizens should bear in mind, especially when we remember the terrible scenes in New York last year. And that is, we should frown down every attempt to transfer old world feuds and animosities to our country. Let it be understood, and it is in its fullest extent, that we welcome all, of every creed or race to our shores, but they should leave behind them the miserable animosities and displays that have been handed down through centuries, and are kept alive by ignorance or fanaticism, and are only productive of disorder and bloodshed. No one has attempted to point out their good purpose.

THE SET OF THE TIDE.

Intelligent Democrats recognize, and sadly confess that at the present, the tide of popular sentiment is against them, but express the hope that a reaction will set in before October. What grounds are there for such a hope? Has the canvass been one of wild fluctuation,—having no sound basis, either in the awakened intelligence, or intensified thought of the people? What are the influences which account for the successive phases the canvass has taken? Do they give promise of a reaction from the present tendency of popular feeling?

General Hartranft's nomination was made at a time when persistent misrepresentation had placed him for a time under a cloud. In August, a year ago, he started to prosecute Evans and his corrupt ring. Baffled at every step, he resolutely followed them, till the notorious quack doctor Payne, failing to get a corrupt set of resolutions introduced in the Legislature, made use of the New York *Tribune* and *Sun* to start allegations againt Hartranft. This was intended to choke off the investigation, by the Legislature, of Evans' transactions. It failed in this, Hartranft and Mackey both asking a Legislative investigation of the charges alleged against them. It was done, and they were acquitted, Senator Wallace signing the report. This and the Evans investigation developed Forney's complicity in the Evans swindle. As a result, there were men who heretofore possessed influence who became deeply interested in breaking Hartranft down. His elevation means danger to them, when the evidence of their crimes shall come into his hands. Hence, they have persistently decried him, and at the outstart made feeling against him.

While the influence of these malcontents was at its highest, the Democratic Convention was held and Buckalew was nominated. Immediately his praises were sung in dulcet strains. The impression was thrown out that he was a pure patriot, a man of incorruptible integrity, and a gentleman of fine culture and of the most dignified life. His personal morality of life was declared to be perfect. These ideas were assiduously circulated, until the impression was produced that he was in all respects the fittest candidate for Governor that had been nominated for many years. These are the influences which wrought what was at first thought to be a feeling in Bucklew's favor. It was transient, because the causes which produced it were transient. The whole strength of the movement was misrepresentation, and naturally this must yield, as the truth develops.

To the above, it may be added that the clamor against the President was strongest when the nominations referred to were made. It is difficult to estimate just what the effect of this was on popular feeling—but it was something. This much is clear. Whatever the amount of this influence, it swelled the tide against Hartranft, and the party generally. It created disaffection in our ranks, and encouragement and hope in the ranks of the Democracy. Thus the outset of the canvass was apparently against us. In the changes which have taken place, is there anything to lead to fear, lest there should be a reaction from the present tendency of feeling. We answer, no. The sentiment now awakened is [illegible] to be put aside b[illegible] ordi- [illegible]

[illegible] velopment of the truth. The affirmations in regard to President Grant were exploded. The various charges against Hartranft were shown to have been made by persons guilty of crimes against the commonwealth. The Forneys were proved to have shared in the Evans spoils; and the cry against Hartranft was shown to have no solid foundation in fact. Buckalew soon came out in his true colors. Instead of being a patriot, he was shown to be a rebel sympathizer of the worst sort. In place of being so incorruptible in his integrity, it appeared that he acted in a number of contested election cases, in the most shameless manner. In place of being a cultivated gentleman, his associations were shown to be beastly; while the use of strong liquors and opium has grown to be habitual with him. The views of the people were affected by these facts, and it is not at all probable they will now change. Where they are deceived into favoring the claims of a person, they will doubtless change; but where their convictions are the result of careful investigation, they are not likely to undergo any sudden change.

There will be no ebb to the popular enthusiasm now aroused in the State. It will grow with every passing week. It may roll up to its highest tide, thereabouts, at the Soldiers' and Sailors' Convention. But it will be steadily strong till election, when it will sweep into power the candidates of the entire Republican State ticket.

PERSONAL.

THE wife of Dr. Holland has been compelled to submit to a surgical operation by which one of her eyes has been removed.

IT IS reported that Nathalie Dosne, a niece of President Thiers, will be married to John Stuyvesant Kruger, of New York city.

QUEEN VICTORIA and Prince Albert were cousins, and about the only example in the long line of English monarchs wherein the marital vows were sacredly observed and sincere affection existed.

OLD Field Marshal Von Moltke lives now quietly in the little Silesian town of Schweidnitz. He can be seen there every day in a long black frock coat, smoking an enormous pipe and reading the newspapers at the only *cafe* in the place.

A ZEALOUS minister in Illinois superintends a Sunday-school, delivers two or three sermons, and rides twenty or twenty-five miles every Sabbath; delivers one or two lectures a week; meets a singing class once a week, and preaches two or three extra sermons during his spare time.

PERE ROUZAUD, the father-in-law of Christine Nilsson, was so pleased by his son's marriage that he gave all his clerks a banquet, and put on the plate of each a bank note for a thousand francs. The clerks wish he had any number of other sons to marry off with the same joy and generosity.

A SINGULARLY painful circumstance attends the death of a Monroe gentleman, which occurred last week. Last winter he made an agreement with his wife to the effect that should she kindle the fire mornings for six months he would do it for the same length of time. She had just completed her part of the contract when he died. It is a very sad affair.

DON PIATT, writing from the White Sulphur Springs to the Washington *Capital* says: "The paternal author of the belle here, it is said, the other day, shortly after his return to the Springs, was approached by a youth who requested a few minutes' conversation in private, and began: 'I was requested to see you, sir, by your lovely daughter. Our attachment—' 'Young man, interrupted the parent briskly, 'I don't know what that girl of mine is about. You are the fourth gentleman who has approached me this morning on that subject. I have given my consent to the others, and I give it to you. God bless you.'"

ANTIQUITIES IN MOAB.

Successful Search for Inscribed Slabs, Jars, Etc.—Six Hundred Specimens Secured.

A correspondent of the London *Athenæum* writes from Jerusalem:

The excavations in search of antiquities in Moab have proved surprisingly successful. About six hundred objects, in earthenware jars, lamps, figures of men and animals, inscribed slabs, etc., have been safely lodged in Jerusalem. Many of these are of the highest interest. One of the most striking is the figure of a calf, nearly life size, in a sitting posture, and with a hole in the back, apparently to burn incense in. There is no inscription upon this figure, but another calf's head, of smaller size, is placed upright upon an earthen disc, which has some letters inscribed upon it. The jars are of large size and somewhat rude construction, and are principally valuable for the writing with which they are covered.

The characters are, in some instances, stamped (some stamps in earthenware have been found), in others engraved with a sharp instrument, whilst a third kind is in strong relief, and may have been moulded, or, as appears to be the case with one of the lamps, first formed in wet clay, and then stuck on. It seems also that some of these raised characters have been formed by scraping away the surrounding clay—a work requiring much skill and patience where the inscription is copious and the character crowded. The letters are chiefly Phœnician; others resemble "Nabathean," and others again are forms not previously known here.

The human figures are very numerous. Some are surmised to represent Moloch, having a cavity in the capacious abdomen, and a hollow space, perhaps for fire, underneath. But the most remarkable, and in some respects the most interesting, of these antiques are the Phallic emblems. Some of these are of very unmistakable character.

It is, perhaps, fortunate, in so far as the recovery of these valuable antiquities is concerned, that the American exploring expedition has been delayed, it being certain that no such party, however small and modestly equipped, can enter Moab without attracting the attention and exciting the cupidity of the Sheikhs, and putting a stop to all useful search for inscriptions, etc. It is reported that there are at present nearly a hundred Arabs employed in digging for antiquities. Each man works upon his own account, and is paid only for what he finds.

THE VIENNA EXHIBITION.

Switzerland's Contributions Thereto.

Switzerland, one of the smallest States of Europe in extent, has voted the sum of 400,000 francs toward defraying the expenses of her exhibitors at the Vienna Exposition. In England the chancellor of the exchequer has placed 6,000 pounds sterling at the disposal of the royal commission; It is expected that the Parliament will vote a more liberal sum. The national and the State councils in Switzerland voted unanimously to assume the cost of the Swiss section in the matter of—The architectural arrangements and fittings; the ground rent and care of articles exhibited; housing, feeding and care of cattle; the commissioners and prize-jurymen.

The Confederation pays in advance, but will be reimbursed by the exhibitors, either directly or by the agency of the cantons, the cost of the foundations and gearing of machinery, and the whole interior arrangement of the Swiss section; express carriage and insurance of objects whose weight is more than fifty kilogrammes, and requiring express transport; everything, the cost of which is not according to present arrangements, defrayed by the Confederation outright.

The commissioners who are to have obsolute charge of the Swiss section are to be nominated by the federate council. Swiss connoisseurs will decide at certain fixed places on the admissibility of objects of art; and commissioners for the cantons on all other objects, subject to confirmation by the home department. Custom House charges are suspended at the Swiss frontier on all objects to be exhibited, going and returning. And to encourage Swiss artisans to attend the exhibition, the Confederation grants a sum not exceeding 50,000 francs to be distributed among them in sums equal to such amounts as they receive in their own cantons, either from the Government, the communal corporations, or private individuals.

THE Detroit *Free Press* invites people generally to come thither, as follows: "If your wife has eloped, come to Detroit to find her. If your husband has scooted with the hired girl of your neighbor's wife, come here first of all. If your daughter has fled or eloped to get married, strike for Detroit. All these people make straight for this point, or everybody thinks they do. The chief of police, the newspapers and business men are almost daily in receipt of letters or telegrams to the effect that elopers are making for Detroit, and should be caught. Women come here to look for runaway husbands, and husbands arrive here to inquire for runaway wives. Half of the detective business consists in hunting up such parties and sending them home."

THE New York *Times* says it would seem from the testimony of the chief engineer of the Metis—a brave and faithful man, by the way, as shown on the occasion of the wreck—that the water-tight compartments of the vessel were about as valuable a device for safety as a millstone would be in the capacity of life preserver. The second compartment, in which the leak was made, was not to be reached by the pumps. The partition dividing it from the engine room was not strong enough to prevent the [illegible]ter bursting through, putting out th[illegible] crippling the ship, and ultimately si[illegible] It would be interesting to know [illegible] [illegible] compartments of this kind [illegible]

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

THERE has been a heavy and destructive frost in Wisconsin.

THE California Farmers are fooling the grizzlies by salting the dead bodies of their cows with strychnine.

THE reason that Mexico's chronic rebel fled the country rather than give his adhesion to Lerdo was because he wished to Di—az he had lived.

THE Kentucky is too low to be navigable, and a ferryman recently assisted a runaway couple across by carrying the bride in his arms while the groom waded.

IT is said that the amount of wheat now piled up on the wharf in Stockton, California, would make a row ten sacks deep and five high, over a mile in length.

IT is computed that $75,000,000 worth of fuel is burned yearly in the United States, and that $100,000,000 worth of lumber is used in building and manufactures.

THE canal at Augusta, Georgia, is on the road to completion. It is expected to be finished in the course of two years, and will give the city incalculable advantages for manufacturing purposes.

FEW people know, and thousands do not know, that by setting a glass fruit jar on a folded towel, thoroughly soaked in cold water, the fruit can be poured in boiling hot, with no more danger of breaking than with a tin can.

A MAN named Willis Moore, residing in Astoria, Fulton county, Ill., saw one Mr. Tate in his watermelon patch recently, and, seizing his double-barrelled gun, fired, wounding him so badly that he lived but a few hours.

A GIPSY was recently convicted in England for seriously maltreating an old man, whom he had induced to mount behind him on a horse, from off which he pushed him into a ditch, beat him, and stole his watch and money from him.

THE Secretary of War has issued an order prohibiting the payment of claims to newspapers for publishing advertisements of government proposals where the papers do not produce the authority of the War Department for such publication.

AMONG the petitions presented to M. Thiers is one presenting a plan to preserve the heads of the guillotined, and to exhibit them from time to time as a warning to evildoers; also, a scheme that citizens should receive numbers instead of names.

THOSE big trees at Mariposa and Calaveras are not the best that California can do, after all. They have found one at Visalia forty feet in diameter with the bark off, and the bark had six feet of thickness. It is strange that these slender saplings have been overlooked so long.

IF pegged boots are occasionally dressed with petroleum between the soles and the upper leather, they will not rip. If the soles of boots and shoes are dressed with petroleum they will resist wet and wear well. The pegs, it is said, are not affected by dryness after being saturated with the liquor.

THE widows of Cline, Stevenson and Dutro, who were murdered some months since, in Cass county, Missouri, in the fraudulent bond *emeute*, have each sued the sheriff for $5,000 damages for the loss of their husbands. The case naturally is an interesting one, and may lead to queer developments.

A DIVER, while exploring the bottom of the Savannah river, brought up a copper kettle. Just after, by his order, the contents had been thrown out, he found at the bottom of the vessel a Spanish dollar, coined in 1783. He now thinks that there were overthrown from the kettle $400 in silver, and he is going to hunt for it.

THE Paris *Patrie* says that the decline in the French revenue from indirect taxation during the first half of 1872 was no less than 90,000,000 francs. No explanation of this falling off is given. It may be the result of prosperity or of adversity. No conclusion in regard to the actual thrift of a people can with safety be predicated upon custom receipts.

LOUIS KEUSCH killed himself with arsenic, at St. Louis, on Tuesday, leaving two notes, alluding to his wife's recent death and saying that pawnbrokers had since obtained almost all his personal property and clothing, and the rates of interest they charged him would eventually bring him to the poor-house. Therefore he didn't care to live any longer.

NOTWITHSTANDING the abundant apple crop, fruit-raisers are predicting that apples will be as scarce an article in the market next winter as they were last. The extraordinary heat and humidity of the season predisposes to an early maturity of all classes of vegetation, which in case of those varieties subject to decay will prove disastrous to their preservation.

RELIGIOUS fanaticism runs high in Germany. A woman in Lienz murdered her five children to make angels of them. A servant girl tried to poison the whole family of her master, eight persons, because they were Jews. An Italian lawyer, Claudius Lochon, of Thornon, sets up for a second Peter the Hermit, and is preaching a crusade against the enemies of the Church.

A NICE police force they have in Yeddo. A dozen of them went to a merchant's house recently and murdered the whole family of thirteen persons, except a little boy, who crept into a pot in which rice is stored, and lay till the fight was over. He identified four of them, and they incriminated the rest. Fourteen hundred dollars, stolen from the house, was found in their possession.

ONE of the saddest expressions ever uttered was that of a poor woman who had lost her husband and two children in the disaster on the sound. The body of her husband was washed ashore, and as she sat beside it in the cabin of the steamer which brought her back to New York, she said, in answer to some sympathizing words, "No, no; my husband is here; but how can they find my poor babies in so large a sea?"

THE Fremont (Ohio) *Journal* says that at Kansas Station the grave of a Mr. Buskirk, buried twenty years, was opened last Monday night. A person had been cleaning up the graveyard, and it is supposed the grave had the appearance of being newly made, and hence was visited with the intent of getting a "subject." At all events, in the morning, when the person engaged in cleaning up went to work, he found the grave opened and the bones of the dead lying scattered around.

AN extraordinary story is apparently gaining some credence at Madrid. It is nothing more nor less than to the effect that King Amadeus was a party to what is supposed to be the assassination hoax, and designed the same with a view to the favorable results of the dastardly attacks. He, says the report, was much chagrined to find one of his instruments killed, as he had no such intention toward any but his horses. The prisoners will soon be discharged, it is said.

A YOUNG man named Albert Smith was killed by lightning, near Fort Scott, Kansas, last Wednesday night, while in bed. The Fort Scott *Republican* says that the fluid, which came down the flue and tore the pipes of two stoves to atoms, struck the young man on the side of the left ankle, ran three times around his body to the top of his head, burning a streak as if a red hot iron had been drawn over it, and singeing off his hair and whiskers. A boy eight years old, in bed with him, was not hurt at all.

THE important experiments for some time in progress at Fortress Monroe for the improvement of cannon powder have resulted in gaining greatly increased explosive force—greater velocity and diminished pressure upon the walls of the gun. The same charge as lately fired from a twelve-inch rifle at the British iron-clad Glatten was fired from a fifteen-inch smooth-bore at Fortress Monroe. The impact of the smooth-bore was 9,035 tons to the square inch, while the impact of the British shot was but 6,100 tons.

A REMARKABLE mirage was recently witnessed at Dover, England, whereby the dome of the cathedral at Boulogne, France, was made distinctly visible to the naked eye, and by means of the telescope the entrance to the port, its lighthouse, shipping, the hills surrounding the town, and neighboring farm houses, with their windows illuminated by the setting sun, were plainly distinguished. Even a train and a locomotive were seen leaving the city and traveling toward Calais. The distance from Dover to Boulogne is about thirty miles.

THE entire revenue of Great Britain and Ireland is from taxes placed on wealth and luxuries. If English subjects drink spirits, tea or coffee, wine or beer, or use tobacco or sugar, they pay for it. Those who keep liveried servants, wear coats of arms on their carriages or engross them on their note paper; who enjoy fair incomes, or possess land, or transact business requiring stamps, postage or telegraphing, pay in reality a very large portion of the revenue, so that the absolute necessities of life, and most of the comforts, such as dress, furniture, etc., are free from all taxation.

TUESDAY last, when the north-bound train of the Louisville & Memphis road was about thirty miles from the last named city, the engineer blew down brakes and brought his coaches to a halt, because of a red signal a few yards distant on the track, which made a sharp curve at that place. Across the track a little way beyond the storm had blown a large tree, which a negro, Phil. McBride, had tried to remove by cutting it in two before the train arrived. Not being able to do this, he procured the red flannel petticoat of his wife, and with the assistance of another negro signaled the train in time to avert a disaster.

THE following is from the Memphis *Appeal:* "Mules are generally considered very stupid animals, but one of the species showed yesterday that there is an exception to every general rule. Two cars were closely following each other down Main street yesterday afternoon, when the forward one suddenly stopped, and the driver of the one behind had not time to pull up before a collision seemed [illegible]

PERE HYACINTHE.

The Ex-Carmelite Monk and Martin Luther Compared.

When Martin Luther, the ex-Augustinian monk, in 1525, took unto himself a wife in the person of an ex-nun, Catharine Von Bara, he justified that very human proceeding by avowing that it was done "to please his father, to tease the Pope and to vex the devil." The ex-Carmelite monk, who, according to our special dispatch from London, wedded Mrs. Emelia Jane Merriman, an American widow lady, before the Registrar at Marylebone, Tuesday, might give the same reason, with some modifications. If it does not please his father, it pleases himself, and that was probably a strong reason with the great Reformer, who could no more go against his conscience than little George Washington could tell a lie about the cherry tree he chopped down with his little hatchet. There must be something highly humanizing in the Reformation, for bluff King Hal, although a layman, went heavily into the matrimonial business as soon as he had "teased the Pope" by assuming the spiritual leadership of the English Church. The holy man in this instance has reached the good round age of fifty-one years, and, although he waited to be nine years older than Luther when the latter contracted matrimony, it shows that shaking off the shackles of the Roman Church will lead the true reformer into a voluntary assumption of the bonds of matrimony. An interesting feature of the civil wedding on Tuesday is the reported fact that the bride was one of his converts in Paris, so that the conversion is now happily mutual. If the mellow tones of the great preacher's finely modulated voice captured the penitent's soul, they also, it would appear, captured her heart. Sydney Smith, that pious joker, will be recalled perhaps in his endeavors to describe how an Anglican Bishop would pop the question; but if he at first took the precaution to preach his sermons at her for a month or two, the difficulty would be greatly removed. Of course Charles Loyson is now a private individual, and his celebrity as a churchman belongs to the past, but he cannot disassociate himself from it. A man of simple life and secluded habits, such as make up the bead roll of the celibate monk, he emerged, like Luther, by the road of rebellion against Rome, from his cloister to find himself the lion of a hundred isms. When such a man is placed on the marriageable list we can imagine how many romantic maidens sighed for the hand of the monastic hero who rose against infallibility in man. This very act was a confession of human weakness, and would give the devout pretenders renewed hopes. It would be enough to turn an average man's head, those lustrous orbs raised to heaven and Hyacinthe; but the ex-friar kept his level. He must have felt that he was bound to marry to escape his fair besiegers, as he had been obliged to throw off the cowl to save himself from going against his conscience. Scorning the advice of the elder Weller to his son Samuel, he married a lady who had been married before and whose first husband was dead. His story has been called romantic, his life has been dramatic, and now that the play ends in marriage we may indulge the hope that the name which the bride resigns for his may be a thorough description of himself hereafter. But is this the end of Hyacinthe?—*New York Herald.*

PERE HYACINTHE'S WIFE.

Mrs. Emilie J. Merriman, who has married Pere Hyacinthe in London, will be remembered by many persons in this city and Brooklyn as one who has led a very eventful life. She was separated from her husband some years before his death, sold a small house and couple of lots in Brooklyn, which he had deeded to her, and went with her daughter to travel abroad, acting as agent for a "patent" corset, and endeavoring to act as correspondent to papers, in which last she was not successful. The following is an extract from one of her letters published in a fashion magazine (Demorest's) in this city, in September 5, 1865:

> I have seen the Empress with a white straw, trimmed very plainly in blue. Her dress was also of blue, with a black lace shawl. On another occasion she wore a black Neapolitan braid, trimmed with white lace. This was worn with a purple dress and black lace. She always looks lovely, but best in these colors, with her blonde complexion. Shoes are round toed, with the heel as small and as near the centre of the foot as one can possibly stand up in. Hair is still very fashionable, but not so elaborate over the forehead. As women grow more voluminous in their dress, the men, in shocking bad taste, seem to dwindle into spider-like insignificance with their scanty cloth.
>
> EMILIE J. MERRIMAN.

Mrs. Merriman was converted to Romanism while on this trip. After her husband's death she returned to this city in order to obtain the money for an insurance upon his life, which he had presented to her during their early married life, and which she had kept paid up while abroad. While here she became reconverted to Protestantism under the ministrations of Rev. Joseph Thompson, of the Church of the Tabernacle; but finally left New York and went back to Paris, where Pere Hyacinthe converted her back again to Romanism, and was converted by her to matrimony.—*N. Y. World of Friday.*

TENNYSON AS A SMOKER.

The Poet Laurette Revels in a Common Clay Pipe and Strong Virginia Tobacco.

A paragraph has been going the rounds for some time past professing to give an account of Tennyson as a smoker. A brother poet who spent a week with him at his country seat is reported to have said that the laurette ignores Partagas and Cabanas, and prefers a pipe. But this is not all, for he is as blind to the charms of meerschaum as he is to the fascinations of a fine cigar, and revels in a common clay pipe and strong Virginia tobacco. A clay pipe and Cavendish! no very poetical companions for the most refined and delicate poet of his day. It is said that he smokes inordinately at that. We do not know that his taste is to be condemned, for the best smokers will tell you that they prefer a common clay pipe to all the cigars and silver mounted meerschaums that ever saw the light of day. But Tennyson goes a step farther, and will not smoke the same pipe twice. Now he may be an inordinate smoker, and find enjoyment in the habit, but as practised by him it cannot afford him the pleasure it would if he knew the value of a well seasoned pipe. Nothing is more disagreeable than a new clay pipe. The tobacco loses its flavor in it, and it is not till it has been smoked for some little time that it becomes palatable to a connoiseur. It is raw, rank and distressing, even to the strongest stomach. Enthusiastic smokers treasure a well-seasoned clay pipe as they would gold, wrap it in cotton and handle it as tenderly as Isaac Walton recommends his listeners to handle the frog, "as though you loved it." By breaking a pipe as soon as he has smoked it the poet proves himself as original in his taste as he is in his poetry, but by no means as refined or as appreciative. Though it may set on some few barren smokers to imitate, it cannot but make the judicious grieve. It pains us to think that the laureate should have smoked so much and have had so little of that dreamy enjoyment which attends the etherialization of golden cavendish in a well-seasoned pipe.

A DRY PEOPLE.

The Fluids Used by Americans for Internal Irrigation.

It is to be regretted that figures do not lie when they record the extent of liquor drinking in this country. Under the returns made by the census it appears that in addition to 63,314,627 gallons of home made spirits, and 7,159,740 barrels of fermented liquors on which taxes were paid in 1871, were imported of wine, 9,788,983 gallons and 431,562 dozen bottles; of spirits, 2,629,326 gallons and 123,567 dozen bottles, and of malt liquors, 832,431 gallons. It appears, furthermore, that the consumers put about $500,000,000 every year into the pockets of the dealers. The proportion of those licensed to sell liquor is about one in every 250 of the population, and those who have figured very closely claim that every 80 drinkers support a drinking establishment and consume 400 gallons of spirits, 80 of wine, and 2,000 of beer annually. The State of New York has 23,746 licensed sellers, or one for every 180 of its population, while one in 60 to one in 90 of its people are engaged in these liquor stores. The city of New York has 7,181 licensed sellers of drink, or one for 140 of the population, while one in 50 to one in 70 are engaged in drink selling. Massachusetts in 1871 had 8,622 of its people licensed to sell, and one in every 85 engaged in selling drink. Pennsylvania has 14,431 licensed, or one to every 240. Ohio had 12,377 licensed, or one in every 210. Maine has 1,063, or one in 600. As to the other States the range is between 100 to 200, and one in 600.

IT appears that the market for maids of all work in Oregon has been supplied for some time past by an enterprising emigration agent at Dundee, Scotland. The "lassies" sent out have given so much satisfaction to their employers, and added so considerably to the capital of the agent, that he has thought it wise to incur the expense of visiting Oregon himself, with the view of supplying its needs in a more extended scale. Considering the helpless condition of housekeepers in the Eastern States, owing to the difficulties encountered in the attempt to procure good servants, it is somewhat surprising that the "canny" Scot should have taken such a long journey, when the opportunities for making money [illegible]

NEVADA "ROAD AGENTS."

How They "Go Through" a Stage Load of Passengers.

The Virginia *Enterprise* gives the following particulars, as related by a passenger, of the robbery of the Susanville stage:

"The driver remarked, 'There is a possibility of meeting them to-night; so boys, you had better be ready.' We thought no more about it until we were stopped a mile out of town. Our first intimation of trouble was the report of fire arms and the stopping of the stage. After several shots had been exchanged by the passengers and highwaymen, Stresly holloed 'enough.' Five more shots were fired into the stage after we had surrendered. Then one of the robbers got into the stage and ordered us to embark and to hold up our hands, which request we reluctantly complied with, he all the while covering us with his pistol. I noticed that his hand was shaking badly, and told him to be careful or his pistol would go off and hurt me, and remarked to him that I was hit in the leg already. He replied, 'My boy, you are lucky if I don't hit you through the head.' Presently another one came round from the off to the near side and covered us with his pistol. The third highwayman went up and searched the boot for the treasure box, which he did not find, as there was none on board. The driver played possum on the thieves by pretending he was killed. To keep up this impression he lay stretched out on his seat and was not disturbed. The robbers next made a thorough search inside of the stage, tearing open bundles, parcels, etc. I should have stated that while the shooting was going on I took my purse, containing $800 in notes and gold coin, out of my pocket and threw it in the direction of the robber. While the thieves were passing parcels out of the stage to the one who was covering us with his pistol, Stresly lowered his right hand to his pantaloons pocket and extracted his purse containing $200 in coin, dropping it on the ground and covering it with his foot. The man on guard saw him with his hand lowered and ordered him to raise it, using at the time very emphatic language. After the robber had prospected the stage thoroughly he came out in front of us. He was the largest man of the three. Appearing to recognize myself he turned his face away from me and told the smallest man to go through us. The one with the soldier-coat kept his pistol on us all the while the little fellow was searching us. During the search Morrison kept saying to the other one, 'Go down into their boots.' They got $81 50 in coin and a knife and pistol off of Bloody; from Stresly they captured nothing but a Deringer, and from myself they got about $17 in coin, together with a pistol and shot-gun. After finishing their work they ordered us into the stage and started off in the direction of town. There were from twenty to twenty-five shots fired during the fracus. The casualties were as follows: One horse shot through the neck, Stresly shot through the hat, McCready shot through the hat, together with a flesh wound on the leg. The stage-coach was riddled with bullets. As soon as the robbers left the driver said to us: 'Help me to get the horses up; they have gone back to town, and let us get in ahead of them if we can.' We hitched up the two wheelers and returned to town, one of the passengers riding the uninjured leader and leading the other. On arriving in town we gave the alarm and got out the Sheriff, who returned with us to the scene of the robbery. My purse was picked up within fifteen feet of the stage. Stresly's was also recovered—both having escaped the notice of the robbers. After completing my journey I returned to Reno on Tuesday last and was subpoenaed as a witness upon a preliminary examination of Andrew Morrison and Clement Lee, which came off in the Justice's Court in Reno, day before yesterday. Clement Lee was held to await the action of the grand jury in the sum of $5,000. The examination of Morrison was continued yesterday. It was proven on the examination that Morrison and Lee, on the night previous to the robbery, stopped at Brown's ranch—nine miles south of Reno—getting supper and feeding their horses. On the same evening, between ten and eleven o'clock, Kincaid, hearing some noise about his premises, walked from his house in a southerly direction, to the head of the flume, and found Morrison and Lee there. On asking them what they were doing there, Morrison replied with an oath that it was none of his (Kincaid's) business. Morrison was wearing at the time a blue army overcoat and Lee had on a drab colored one. The same coats were identified by the passengers as having been worn at the time of the robbery. A pistol was described and identified by McCready as the one held over him by Clement Lee. At the time of the robbery the highwaymen were partially masked. While the passengers were made to disgorge their valuables, Lee relieved his mind as follows, addressing his remarks to the passengers: "You seem to think you will come it over us as you did over Beaver and Bedford Roberts (referring to a previous attempt at robbing the Susanville stage), but I will shoot the head off every one of you first."

The Clark-Fewell Tragedy.

The following is the dying declaration of Clark, who was shot by Fewell at Brentsville, Va.

"I was lying on the bed, and about half asleep; I was aroused by hearing the door open; on looking I saw a pistol pointing through the inside, in Rody Fewell's hand; I jumped up and ran to the corner on the right-hand side of the door; as I was going to the corner he fired on me and missed me; I ran to the corner on the other side of the door, and he shot at me again; I saw him poke the pistol again through the door, and I grabbed it; it was about the size of a navy pistol; I tried to wrest it from him but failed; he then drew a smaller one, and with that shot me in the breast; just before he fired the last shot Major Thornton came and endeavored to stop him from firing; Fewell fired four times, but missed twice, the balls entering the woodwork in the side of the cell."

An Old Man's Marriage—One of Its Alleged Consequences.

We learn from unquestioned authority that Mr. John G. Fenters, of this county, aged seventy-eight, has recently taken to himself in marriage a young and blushing bride of not quite fourteen years, and that such has been the effect on his venerable head. that his hair, which was silvery white, is rapidly assuming the black color of his youth. We have heard of hair growing white in a single night, but we do not know that we have ever before heard of the cappilaceous ornament which adorns the head taking the back track, and turning from gray to black. Our informant assures us that the old gentleman has used no hair dye, and that the change is attributable entirely to the new state into which he has entered.—*Georgetown (S. C.) Times.*

SEVERAL prominent gentlemen of Boston have determined to erect for themselves a family hotel, on Commonwealth avenue, one of the new streets laid out on the Back Bay Improvement, where the most fashionable houses are now building. It is proposed to put a large-sized six-story edifice, of brick and freestone, which will cost over $200,000, and accommodate six families, one on each floor. The building is to be seventy feet front by one hundred and four feet deep, and will, therefore, afford spacious apartments for each family. The plan of living comprises a common kitchen, with a steward and corps of cooks, and a common dining room. Meals, however, can be furnished separately in the different apartments. This plan has been carried out in New York, but always on too expensive a scale, as the cost of a suite of rooms in these fashionable tenement houses ranges from $2,000 to $5,000 a year. People who can afford to pay such a sum for quarters should have no difficulty in solving the problem of living anywhere.

LEEDS, England, has been the theatre of an action for breach of promise of marriage that exhibited another instance of the perfidy of man. The plaintiff had lived in many respectable families in Yorkshire, as cook and housekeeper. The defendant was, at the first acquaintance of the parties, a journeyman bricklayer, but afterwards rose to be a master builder. The courtship lasted seven years, and during that time this unfortunate defendant wrote to the plaintiff no less than one hundred and forty-nine letters. When we say that these letters affectionately began with "Dear Nelly," cooled off into "Dear Nell," and finally wound up with the curt discourtesy of "Old Girl," we have told this story of blighted affection, the money value of which the jury calculated at four hundred dollars.

SOME curious statistics about small birds have recently been laid before the English Parliament. The thrush is said to work from 2:30 in the morning until 9:30 in the evening, or nineteen hours. During this time he feeds his young 266 times. Blackbirds work seventeen hours. The male feeds the young 44 times, and the female 55 times a day. The industrious titmouse manages to spread 417 meals a day before its voracious offspring. According to one naturalist, their food consists largely of caterpillars. These statements, and one hundred more quite as curious, were made in an eloquent plea for a law to protect small birds from being snared and shot.

Pittsburgh Bank for Savings,
No. 61 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.
CHARTERED IN 1862.

OPEN DAILY from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENING, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock. Interest paid at the rate of 6 per cent., computed from the 1st and 15th of each month, and if not withdrawn, compounds semi-annually, in January and July. Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office.

[illegible]

BILL WALLACE'S LAMB.

Bill Wallace had a little lamb,
It's name was Buck—alew;
And everything that Billy said,
The lamb was sure to do.

He went with Bill to Washington,
Which was against the rule,
To have a Northern rebel sheep
On such a lofty stool.

He went into the Senate there,
And did so badly that
The people laughed and scorned at him,
So rebel was his blot.

He acted very badly there;
Whatever he would say,
Was always for the rebel flock,
But on the Union pay.

That soon the people turned him out;
But still he lingered near;
And waited pay—tiently about,
'Till Spinner did appear.

Now, Billy wants this lamb to be
Our shepherd for a while.
Good gracious! what a shep—he'd make!
'Twould make a rebel smile.

What makes the lamb love Billy so,
The eager people cry.
Oh, Billy loves the lamb, you know;
But that's all in your eye.

And so the people turn him out
Into the open air;
And send him off to Fishing Creek,
To meet the flock that's there.

REPUBLICAN NOMINATIONS.

NATIONAL.

FOR PRESIDENT:
ULYSSES S. GRANT.
FOR VICE PRESIDENT:
HENRY WILSON.

STATE.

FOR GOVERNOR:
J. F. HARTRANFT, Montgomery County.
SUPREME JUDGE:
ULYSSES MERCUR, Bradford County.
AUDITOR GENERAL:
HARRISON ALLEN, Warren County.

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE,
GEN. LEMUEL TODD, Cumberland;
GEN. CHARLES ALBRIGHT, Carbon;
GLENNI W. SCHOFIELD, Erie.

DELEGATES AT LARGE TO THE CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
WM. M. MEREDITH, Philadelphia;
J. GILLINGHAM FELL, Philadelphia;
GEN. HARRY WHITE, Indiana;
GEN. WM. LILLY, Carbon;
LINN BARTHOLOMEW, Schuylkill;
H. N. McALLISTER, Centre;
WILLIAM H. ARMSTRONG, Lycoming.
WILLIAM DAVIS, Monroe;
JAMES L. REYNOLDS, Lancaster;
SAMUEL F. DIMMICK, Wayne;
GEO. V. LAWRENCE, Washington;
DAVID N. WHITE, Allegheny;
W. H. AINEY, Lehigh;
JOHN H. WALKER, Erie.

COUNTY.

CONGRESS—XXIId DISTRICT:
JAMES S. NEGLEY, of Pittsburgh.
CONGRESS—XXIIId DISTRICT:
EBENEZER McJUNKIN, of Butler.
FOR PRESIDENT JUDGE:
JAMES P. STERRETT, of Pittsburgh.
FOR LAW JUDGE:
EDWIN H. STOWE, of Pittsburgh.
FOR LEGISLATURE:
H. H. McCORMICK, 1st District, Pittsburgh.
S. J. WAINWRIGHT, 2d District, Pittsburgh.
J. D. RAMSEY, of Allegheny.
HYDE SAMPLE, of Scott.
J. W. BALLANTINE, of Temperanceville.
A. B. YOUNG, of Robinson.
J. C. NEWMYER, of Wilkins.
FOR SHERIFF:
JOHN H. HARE, of Pittsburgh.
FOR CLERK OF COURTS:
W. H. McCLEARY, of Pittsburgh.
FOR CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT:
ALEXANDER HILANDS, of Pittsburgh.
FOR RECORDER:
RALPH J. RICHARDSON, of Pittsburgh.
FOR REGISTER:
JOSEPH H. GRAY, of Pittsburgh.
FOR COMMISSIONER:
JAMES McGUNNEGLE, of Chartiers.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR:
JAMES W. BELL, of Robinson.
DELEGATES TO CONSTITUTIONAL CONVENTION.
THOMAS MacCONNELL, | J. W. F. WHITE,
SAMUEL A. PURVIANCE, | MATTHEW EDWARDS,
THOMAS EWING. | THOMAS HOWARD.

THE BEST AND CHEAPEST TRUSSES IN THE WORLD.

We are prepared with a fuller and better assortment of Trusses than any establishment in the United States, suitable to every age and condition in life—we have Trusses at the lowest prices at which they can be furnished and of a quality superior to any in the city, with competent persons to apply them, so that no one need fear in having the worst form of rupture returned and held to its place.

The frequent deaths from strangulated rupture should admonish all those who are going without Trusses, or with ill-fitting Trusses, to make application to some person who has made the application of them a particular study.

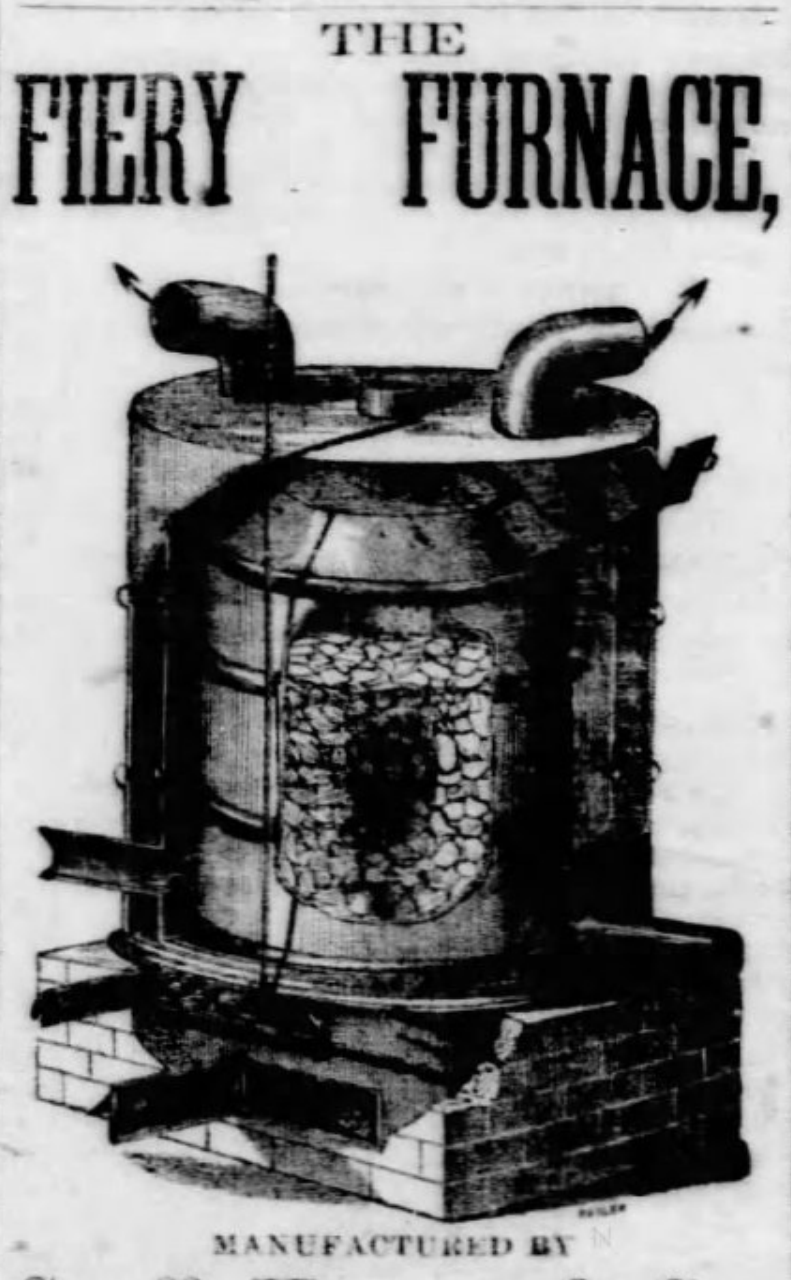
Trusses of every age and at every price can always be obtained at DR. KEYSER'S, No. 167 Liberty street.

LATE IMPORTATIONS OF DRUGS AND CHEMICALS.
Squire's English Effervescent Granulated,
Bi-Carbonate of Potassium,
English and Domestic Perfumes,
English Hair Brushes and Nail Brushes,
English Tooth Brushes of all kinds,
English and Domestic Cologues.
And fine Buffalo Combs of every description, just received this day, and for sale at the very lowest prices, at
JAS. E. BURNS & CO.'S DRUG STORE,
Corner Penn and Sixth (old St. Clair) streets.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Faber & Van Doren,
367 Liberty Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
STEAM ENGINES,
IRON AND WOOD WORKING
Machinery,
STEAM PUMPS,
Engineers' and Machinists' Tools,
STEAM FIRE ENGINES,
BELTING,
Woolen Machinery,
MACHINE CARDS.
Manufacturers' and Mill Supplies. A constant supply on hand and furnished on short notice.
Orders Solicited.

THE
FIERY FURNACE,



MANUFACTURED BY
Graff, Hugus & Co.,
ALSO,
NILES' IMPROVED
Star Range.
Improved Double-Oven
BOSTON RANGE,
VAN'S PATENT
PORTABLE RANGE,
Parlor and Cook Stoves.
Fine and Common Enameled Grate Fronts, Fine and Common Enameled Fenders, Nickel Plated Grate Fronts, Nickel Plated Fenders, Wash House Furniture, Wash House Stoves, Coal Hole Doors.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.
206 and 208 Liberty Street.
se2

JULY AND AUGUST STYLES.
STRAW, FELT AND GOSSAMER
HATS,
Newest Styles,
Largest Stock,
LOWEST PRICES,
AT
[illegible]

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

NEW FALL
DRESS GOODS,
IN
Plain Poplins and Alpacas,
Striped poplins and Alpacas,
Plain and Corded Silk Poplins,
Plaid Dress Goods, very cheap.

EXTRA GOOD VALUE IN
Black Goods.
Black Alpacas,
Black Mohairs,
Black Merinos,
Black Corded Poplins,
Black Gros De Londre,
Black Crape Cloths,
Black Alpaca Poplins.

Black and Colored Dress Silks,
A complete Stock, at the lowest prices, at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.

Attractive Prices
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S.

AT $2,00,
Ladies' Woolen Shawls,
Full size; good styles. A great bargain.

At $1, Ladies' Balmoral Skirts, very cheap.
At 75 and 87c, Ladies' Printed Skirts, extra bargains.
At $1 and $1 25 Honeycomb Quilts, large sizes.
At 12½c, Japanese Popline.
At 12½c, Dark Delaines.
At 25c, Plain, Plaid and Striped Poplins—special bargains.
At 18¾c, Barred Shirting Flannels.
At 6¼c., Fast Colored Prints.
At 8½c., Fast Colored Prints—a large assortment.

A large stock of all kinds of
Plain and Barred Flannels.

Waterproof Cloths.

CASSIMERES AND JEANS,
At very low prices, at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St. Allegheny.

BOGGS & BUHL,
128 FEDERAL STREET.

Fall Dress Goods
OPENING DAILY.

IMMENSE STOCK OF
BLACK ALPACAS
At Less Than Market Rates.

New Tycoon Reps,
New Waterproofs.

Our Fall Importation of
Black Velveteens,
(Equal in finish to Velvet), now in store.

600 PIECES
Harmony Barred Flannels.
These Flannels are Cleaner, Brighter and Heavier than any similar goods in the market.
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

BOGGS & BUHL,
128 Federal St., Allegheny.
se2:MWF

1872.
Opening
FALL TRADE
Wholesale and Retail.
A. W. ERWIN & CO.,
172 and 174
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

SPECIALTIES
IN
Irish Poplins,
Jap Poplins,
FALL STYLES.
Satteens,
Black Alpacas,
French Merinos,
[illegible]lins,
AT $1,25.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NEW GOODS
AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

New Millinery Goods.
New Hats and Bonnets,
New Hat and Bonnet Frames,
NEW RIBBONS AND FLOWERS,
New Ostrich Tips.
Black Lace Collars.
White Lace Collars,
Ladies' Linen Collars,
Laces and Embroideries,
Collarette Ruffings,
Ladies' Silk Scarfs.

A splendid assortment of
LADIES'
LEATHER BELTS,
Black and colored—very cheap.

Corsets, Hoop Skirts, Bustles,
Hair Plaits, Switches, Chignons,
Ladies' and Gents' Underwear,
Hosiery, Gloves, Notions, &c.,

At very low prices wholesale and retail, at
WM. SEMPLE'S,
165, 167 and 169
Federal St., Allegheny.

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c
CARPETS.
M'Farland & Collins,
Are now receiving their Spring Stock of VELVETS, BODY and TAPESTRY BRUSSELS in Newest Styles. THREE-PLY, TWO-PLY and INGRAIN CARPETS in great variety. The new Floor Cloth, LINOLEUM, same as used in City Hall, in various designs. An examination of our very large stock requested.
McFARLAND & COLLINS,
No. 71 and 73 FIFTH AVENUE.
mh8

CARPETS.
BARGAINS
For a Short Time.
We are Remodeling our Rooms and adding to them the First Floor. While we are making this change we will
Offer Our Goods Very Low.
Those preferring substantial bargains to modern styles, will save money by examining our stock.
Bovard, Rose & Co.,
21 Fi[illegible]h Avenue.
au23

HOUSE CLEANING
Develops the need of new
CARPETS,
Oil Cloths, Mattings,
WINDOW SHADES, &c.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.
ARE DAILY OPENING THE
Largest Stock and Finest Selectio
Of all grade goods ever shown in this market.
CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, MATTINGS, &c.
fitted and laid in a skillful manner.
OLIVER McCLINTOCK & CO.,
23 Fifth Avenue.
ap8

CARPETS.
I HAVE NOW IN STORE
All New Styles
Wiltons,
Axminsters,
Velvets,
Brussels,
Tapestries.
English and American
Oil Cloths,
Linoleum,
Matting and Mats.
HENRY M'CALLUM,
51 Fifth Avenue,
jy24 ABOVE WOOD STREET.

A. H. FRANCISCUS & Co.,
No. 513 MARKET STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.
We have opened for the FALL TRADE, the largest and best assorted Stock of
PHILADELPHIA CARPETS,
Table, Stair and Floor Oil Cloths, Window Shades and Paper, Carpet Chain, Cotton, Yarn, Batting, Wadding, Twines, Wicks, Clocks, Looking Glasses, Fancy Baskets, Brooms, Baskets, Buckets, Brushes, Clothes Wringers, Wooden and Willow Ware in the United States. Our large increase in business enables us to sell at low prices and furnish the best quality of Goods. Sole agents for the
Celebrated American Washer,
PRICE $5,50.
The most perfect and successful Washer ever made. Agents wanted for the AMERICAN WASHER in all parts of the State.
se2:y13

The Anderson Sash
BALANCE.

Has been in successful operation for over 3 years. Has, in every case, when properly fitted to the windows, given general satisfaction. It completely does away with the old style of cords and weights; has none of [illegible] vexatious annoyances of that old plan; does [illegible] get out of order, and [illegible] to wear and warranted [illegible] satisfactory as long [illegible] the window remains."

JOHN S. B[illegible], Agent.
au14:w86:d&S 70 Smith[illegible] Street.

DR. WHITT[illegible]R,
No. 296 PENN STREET, Pitts[illegible]

A regular graduate of Medicine, as his [illegible] at office shows, has been longer engaged in the [illegible]ment of Venereal, Sexual and Private Diseases [illegible] any other Physician in Pittsburgh.

Syphilis, Stricture, Orchitis, all forms of Hernia and Rupture, all Urinary Diseases, and Syphilitic or Mercurial Affections of the Throat, Skin or Bones are treated with unparalleled success.

Spermatorrhœa, Sexual Debility and Impotency, the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in maturer years, or other causes, which produce some of the following effects, viz.: Nervousness, debility, blotches, dizziness, dimness of sight, confusion of ideas, evil forebodings, aversion to society, loss of memory and sexual power, rendering marriage improper and life miserable, are permanently cured. Sealed pamphlet relating to the above sent for two stamps. Correspondence confidential; consultation free. It is self-evident that a Physician who treats thousands of cases every year must acquire great skill; many Physicians knowing this, recommend patients to his care. Medicines sent everywhere.

Office Hours, 9 A. M. to 9 P. M. Sundays, 1 to 3 P. M.

MANHOOD! WOMANHOOD!

"Books for the million!" Who may marry, who not, Why? Impediments, causes and cure. Every father, mother, young man and young woman should read them. 100 pages. Sent in SEALED ENVELOPE; 25 cents each; both for 35 cents.

Address Dr. WHITTIER, 296 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

GET THE BEST
Howe Standard.
Sampson Standard
SCALES.
Warehouse and Mill Trucks, Tucker's Patent Alarm Till, Grocers' Fixtures. Scales repaired.
W. A. McCLURG,
[illegible] 66 Wood street.

FINANCIAL.

Ira B. McVay & Co.,

BANKERS.

We Offer For Sale, Free from All Taxes,

Mount Oliver Inclined Plane Company's First Mortgage 8's at 90 and Interest.

Birmingham Market House First Mortgage 8's at par and Interest.

Pittsburgh and Ormsby Passenger Railroad Co.'s First Mortgage 7's at 90 and Interest.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
BANKERS,
Cor. Fourth Avenue and Smithfield Street.

Jas. T. Brady & Co.,

Corner Fourth Avenue and Wood Street,

BANKERS,

Buy and sell all kinds of

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES,
COIN, SILVER AND COUPONS,
On Most Favorable Terms.

Interest Allowed on Deposits.

Money Loans on Government Bonds at lowest market rates.

Orders executed for the Purchase and Sale of Stocks, Bonds and Gold.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.

Shoe and Leather SAVINGS BANK,

No. 14 Smithfield Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL. - - - $200,000.

GEO. H. ANDERSON,
D. R. DAVIDSON, W. H. BROWN,
M. W. RANKIN, G. FOLLANSBEE,
JOHN P. SCOTT, J. S. REYMER,
J. H. BORLAND, R. H. PALMER, Jr.

GEO. H. ANDERSON, President.
JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Deposits of $1 and upward received.

Deposits received and 6 Per Cent. Interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted.

jy20 v28

Third National Bank

OF PITTSBURGH,
Corner of Wood Street and Virgin Alley.

CAPITAL PAID IN.............$ 500,000.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL......1,000,000.

Collections made on all accessible places in the United States and Canadas. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers and others solicited. Prompt attention given to all business of correspondents.

DIRECTORS:
Wm. E. Schmertz, J. K. Kerr,
Charles Meyran, Thomas M. Carnegie,
George McGrew, Henry Hollreyer,
L. Morganstern, Augt. Kaiser,
Percy Kell.
W. E. SCHMERTZ, President.
WM. STEINMEYER, Cashier.
jy17:vt1

DAILY GAZETTE.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
SATURDAY, September 7, 1872.

The first week of autumn closes without anything peculiar from the past sixty days in local money matters. The wealth of Pittsburgh continues to accumulate, and evidences of continued prosperity are not wanting. Money is plenty at 8 to 10 per cent.; in most instances the latter rate is paid, and, under existing circumstances, without much grumbling. Although seven years have elapsed since the war closed, money is still loaned at war prices, and many of the best firms in Pittsburgh are compelled, either directly or indirectly, to pay ten per cent. for what money they have to borrow. This may be an unwholesome truth, but, nevertheless, it is a truth and can be most fully substantiated by undeniable facts. That this matter should be remedied is a conclusion that all thoughtful men must admit. The profits on but few branches of industry will afford such a rate for money, and the sooner that people understand this the sooner they will look for and demand a remedy. That the Government holds within its power a penacea for the evil complaince of it is a ques- sooner it exerts that power the better, both for itself and the people who have built it up and pretion that admits discussion, but if it does, the served it from attack. The present prosperity which is so much noticed is attributable to circumstances that may not prevail a twelve months hence; therefore it would be wise for all those who have the welfare of the community at heart to study the future, prepare to meet its surges and overcome its adverse gales. Caution just now is what is needed on all sides. A prosperous fall trade is looked for by business men generally. Profits should be husbanded, expenses so far as possible curtailed, no new engagements not absolutely essential entered into, and economy in every possible way exercised. No loans should be made that could be advantageously done without, and in this way a proper equilibrium could not only be acquired, but maintained, and any danger that the future might present to the trade and commerce of the country could in this way be avoided, the continuance of the present prosperity guaranteed, and a reduction in interests and expenses obtained.

As to money in other cities, the Chicago *Tribune* says:

For the present, the supply of loanable capital, both in banks and open market, is ample, but the anticipation of a general tendency toward stringency from this time forward induce all money lenders to hold back from lending now as much as possible. The profits of national banks in the United States range in general from 20 to 30 per cent., and the average would probably be not far from 25 per cent. per annum. From a note in a London paper we find that the four large joint stock banks of London have this year declared dividends at the rate of 20 per cent. per annum. The Bank of England only paid at the rate of 8 per cent. per annum, but this small rate of profit is propably owing to its conservative policy which keeps so large an amount of capital idle in its vaults.

The Philadelphia *Ledger* says:

On loans running three or four months, secured by Government collaterals, 6 per cent., and like time paper on other first-class collateral 7½ to 8 per cent.—8 being the prevailing rate. First class commercial endorsed paper rules at 7½ to 8 per cent. Single name paper is quoted at 8 per cent., according to quality.

The New York Bank statement for the week shows a considerable decrease in both loans and deposits, which we append:

Loans, decrease	$1,172,400
Specie, decrease	2,951,200
Legal Tender, decrease	298,200
Net deposits, decrease	5,420,000
Circulation, increase	57,900

In local securities and real estate there is nothing of sufficient importance to report.

Geo. B. Hill & Co., bankers and brokers, cor. Wood Street and Third Avenue, furnish the following quotations of bonds and stocks from their latest advices by telegraph:

	Saturday
Bonds—1881	116
5-20—1862	114
" 1864	114
" 1865	114½
" 1865 new	112⅝
" 1867	113
" 1868	114
10-40s	107⅞
Currency 6's	112½
Gold	113
RAILWAYS.	
New York Central	99⅞
Erie	48⅜
Harlem	114
Fort Wayne	95
Cleveland & Pittsburgh	89½
Rock Island	110¼
Chicago & N. W	73½
Do Preferred	89½
St. Paul, Common	55⅛
Do Preferred	75⅛
Wabash	72
Union Pacific	36
Ohio & Mississippi	43¼
Pacific Mail	71
West Union Telegraph	70⅞
Adams Express	94
U. S. Express	81¾
Wells, Fargo	84

Messrs. Gilbough, Bond & Co., bankers and brokers and members of the Philadelphia Stock Exchange, furnish the following quotations of the prices to-day of the most active stocks:

Penna. Central	58⅛
Reading R. R	57⅜
Camden & Amboy	127½
Oil Creek & Alleg'y R. R	36½
Central Transportation	47¼
Pittsburgh City 5's	94½
A. V. R. R. 7 30's	93½
Lehigh Valley R. R	59⅜
Philadelphia & Erie	26½

NEW YORK, September 7, 1872.

Money easy at 4@5 per cent. Gold firm, opening at 112¾, advancing to 113⅛, and closing at 113. Loans ranged from 1-16 to 1-64 for use. Some difficulty was occasioned among brokers in obtaining gold from the banks, on certified checks. Treasury disbursements, $98,000. Clearings, $55,438,[illegible] [illegible] dull at 108¼@108⅜ for sixty d[illegible] ments easier, but closed [illegible] dull but steady. Stocks [illegible] New York Central being the feature, advancing to 100, afterward declining to 99⅜, causing a fall in the whole list. Subsequently the market became firmer, said to be caused by the reported heavy award to the United States by the Geneva Board of Arbitration, said in a private dispatch to amount to fifteen millions of dollars. New York Central advanced to 100¼; C. C. & I. C. to 36½; Pacific Mail to 71½, and the balance of the list ⅛@¼ per cent. at the close. The bank statement is unfavorable, showing a loss in reserve of $1,908,875.

GOVERNMENTS.—U. S. 6s coupons '81, 115⅛; 5-20s of '62, 113⅞@114; do '64, 113⅞@114; do '65, 114@114¼; do new '65, 112⅞; do '67, 112⅞@113; do '68, coupons, 113@113¼, do 10-40s 117⅞@117⅞; currency, 6s, 112@112½; new 5 per cents, 110⅛.

STATE BONDS.—South Carolina, July, 24; do April, 23; Missouri 6s, 92¾; U. P. l. g. 79¾; U. P. inc. b. 80.

MISCELLANEOUS.—Western Union Telegraph, 70⅞; Adams Express, 94; Wells-Fargo Express, 84; American Express, 70½; United States Express, 81¾; Pacific Mail, 71; New York Central, 99½; Erie, 48⅜; Harlem, 114; Michigan Central, 115; Michigan Southern, 89⅝; Union Pacific, 36⅛; Northwestern & Chicago, 73½; do. preferred, 89; Rock Island, 110⅛; St. Paul 55⅛; do. preferred, 75⅛; Toledo and Wabash, 71¾; Fort Wayne, 95; Chicago & Alton, 112, sales; Ohio and Mississippi, 43¼.

PITTSBURGH MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE,
SATURDAY September 7, 1872.

BUTTER—There is a continued good demand for the better grades, and this together with a limited supply has caused a still further advance in prices; we now quote at 23 to 25 for prime to choice and 15 to 20 for common to medium. Old stock is in good supply and dull.

BROOM CORN—Is rather more inquired for but there is no improvement in prices; sales at 3½ to 7½, according to quality.

BEANS—$2,50@3 per bushel.

CHEESE—Prices are still sustained her, notwithstanding the New York market seems to have broken down somewhat; we continue to quote, in a jobbing way, Dairy, 12½@13; Factory, 13½@14; Goshen, 14½@15. Sweitzer, 16 to 17 cts.

COUNTRY LARD—8@9 cts. per lb.

CEMENT—Louisville Cement, $2 to $2,50 per bbl; Rosendale, $4 to $4,25; French's Calcined Plaster, $4@4,50; Land Plaster, $2,50@3. Perrysburg Lime, $1,75@$2.

CARBON OIL—Is unchanged; 19½@20 cts. by the car load, and 1@2 cts. additional for smaller lots.

CONCENTRATED LYE—$5,50 per case.

EGGS—Continue to meet with ready sale, and prices are still tending upward; we now quote fresh receipts at 24@25 cts.

FRUITS—The supply of Apples is very light, and there is some inquiry; we continue to quote at $1,00@1,50 per bbl for common to medium, and $1,75@2 for choice. Peaches unchanged at $1,50@2,25 per box, and Plums at $4@5 per bushel. Grapes dull; 5 to 6 cts per lb. Watermelons, $10@20 per 100, according to size, quality and condition.

FLOUR—The market is steady with a very fair trade, and prices are well sustained; we continue to quote, in a jobbing way, at $7,50@8 for fair to choice Wisconsin's; $8,25 for choice Minnesotas; $8,50 for choice new red winter, and $8,75 for choice old. Liverpool is still reported quiet; New York and Chicago, ditto; however there has been no quotable decline at any of the leading centers. Rye Flour, $5,50.

GRAIN—Trade has been very fair during the past week, and the indications are favorable for its continuance; however, the market in a general way presents no new characteristics not already referred to. Wheat is quiet but steady at former quotations: $1,65@1,70 for fair to prime dry red; $1,75 for choice amber, and $1,80 for white. Old Oats in good demand and prices are firm but unchanged; 40@41 for mixed, and 42@43 for white—we hear of one car having been sold at 44, but that is considered above the market. New crop may be quoted at 35 to 40, according to quality and condition; thus far the bulk of the receipts of new have been common in quality, hence, the demand is mainly for old stock. Shelled Corn is selling at 57 to 58, and while the supply is only fair, it is fully equal to the demand. Rye is quiet, and in the absence of sales we continue former quotations, 75 to 80 cents. Spring Barley (western) may be quoted at 88 to 90 cents; the receipts from this section of country have been very limited thus far.

GROCERIES—Trade is rather better, particularly in refined Sugars, which have been quite active all week, and prices are very firm though not quotably higher. Raw Sugars however, are very dull, and it is expected that after the fruit season is over that refined goods will go lower. Coffee continues dull; and no improvement need be expected so long as the impression prevails that prices are likely to go lower, as dealers generally, both large and small, will carry just as ittle stock as they can possibly help.

MOLASSES—Stock of New Orleans almost exhausted; choice may be quoted at 85; prime, 80.

SUGARS—Granulated 13¼; Crushed 13½; Powdered 13½; "A" Coffee, 12; B, 11⅞; Extra C. syrups, 65; good, 55; fair, 50; common, 35@40; blackstrap, 25.

RICE.—Carolina, 9½@9¾; Rangoon, 7¾@8; Patna, 8 to 8½.

COFFEE.—Fancy, 24½; prime, 23½, good, 22½; fair, 22; roasted, 25.

SYRUPS.—Fancy drips, 70; white; choice 11⅞; Circle C, 11⅛; Chespeake Ex C 11¼; Knights, Ex C, 10½; C. Yellow, 9¼.

HAY—Baled is still quotable at $28 to $32, according to quality; the receipts are increasing, and the market in consequence is easier.

LARD OIL—No. 1 Extra is still quoted at 73 to 75 cts in a jobbing way.

ONIONS—Quiet and lower; we now quote at $2,50@3,00 per bbl.

POULTRY—Sales of spring chickens at 50 to 60 cts per pair, as to size.

POTATOES—Reported quiet and unchahged at $1,50@2 per bbl. Sweets may be quoted at $5,50@6,50 per bbl.

PROVISIONS—Plain Shoulders, 8¾c; Sugar cured Shoulders, 11c; Breakfast Bacon, 14c. Rib Sides, 11; Clear Rib Sides, 11½; Clear Sides, 12c; Sugar Cured Hams, 17½c; Dried Beef, 20c. Lard, in tierces, 10½c; half bbls, 10¾c; pails, 11½c. Mess Pork, $16,00.

SEEDS—Timothy Seed, $3,75@4. Flax Seed, $1,80. No quotations for Clover as yet.

TALLOW—Unchanged at 8 to 8½.

WHISKY—Highwines unchanged at 95@96 cts, in a jobbing way.

WOOL—The market continues very quiet, and no improvement can be expected while producers and dealers are so wide apart in their views; the latter are clamorous for further concessions, which the former are unwilling to make, hence, the great bulk of the clip in Eastern Ohio and Western Penna. is still in first hands. We continue to quote nominally as follows:

Fine Fleece	50@52 cts
Choice Clips	50@55 "
Medium Fleece	50@55 "
Tub Washed	50@60 "
Unwashed	30@35 "

PETROLEUM MARKET.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE
SATURDAY, September 7, 1872.

Trade in petroleum, both crude and refined, has been very dull this week, so far at least as our market is concerned, but hopes of an early improvement are entertained. The most remarkable feature we have to notice is that while crude ruled weak and lower, refined is firm and higher, although, as already intimated, there was no activity, at least there were but very few sales reported; heretofore the former always ruled higher relatively than the latter, and it was nothing unusual for crude to advance while refined was weak and drooping. For the time being, however, the tables have been reversed, and the situation is now fully as favorable for the refiner as the producer, and, taking present prices as a basis, there is a fair manufacturer's margin, which is also something unusual. We are in hopes, however, that business will soon revive, and that both producers and refiners will be enabled to realize a fair return for their products.

Crude was quoted nominally to-day at $3.27½@3.30 per bbls. at Parker, equal to about 8⅝@8¾ cts per gallon. Refined still quoted at 23¾ for September delivery in Philadelphia. No quotations for futures.

Oil barrels unchanged; $1.75@1.80 for country make and $1.85@1.90 for city.

Receipts crude	this week	33,170	bbl.
" "	last week	33,250	"
" "	January 1st to date	841,149	"
" "	same time 1871	791,829	"
Exports refined	this week	22,700	"
" "	last week	16,568	"
" "	January 1st to date	517,474	"
" "	same time 1871	491,892	"

REFINED OIL SHIPPED EAST VIA. A. V. R. R.

Central Rfg. Co., 526 bbls to Logan Bros., & Co., Philadelphia.

Central Ref Co. 260 bbls to Tack Bros. & Co., Philadelphia.

Citizens' Oil Co., 103 bbls to Tack Bros & Co., Philadelphia.

Standard Oil Co., 362 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Lockhart, Frew & Co., 416 bbls to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.

Braun & Wagner 394 bbls to Waring, K & Co. Philadelphia.

Vesta Oil Works 500 bbls to Waring King & Co., Philadelphia.

L. Irwin & Co., 263 bbls, to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.

Total 2824

RECEIPTS CRUDE OIL.

Pike O W, acct. D Fisher	80
Vesta O W, acct. ————	296
Commercial O W, acct. N. W. Stevenson	536
Tarentum O W, acct. T King	74
Star O W, acct. H McKelvy	462
Crystal O W, acct. R Jennings	474
Petrolite O W, acct. W. Stewart	80
Sunbeam O W, acct. W. Stewart	80
Petrolite O W, acct. Hutchinson & B	160
Citizens' O W, acct. Parker & T	456
Total	2698

Receipts Pig Metal, Ore and Blooms.

PITTSBURGH, FT. WAYNE AND CHICAGO RAILROAD, P. R. R. CO., LESSEE.

Nimick & Co........ 8 Jones L.......... 1
Reese G & Co........ 3
Total.......... 12

PENN'A. CENTRAL R. R.

Caughey & H....... 2 J. Moorhead........ 1
J. Reamer........ 1
Total.......... 4

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI & ST. LOUIS R. R.

Carnagie K & Co.... 3 Nimick & Co....... 1
Total.......... 4

CLEVELAND AND PITTSBURGH R. R.

Lucy Furnance...... 6 Moorehead & Co.... 7
Anderson & W...... 5
Total.......... 18

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R.

W. Clarke & Co.... 2 McKnight & Co.... 1
Brown & Co........ 1
Total.......... 4

Cincinnati.

CINCINNATI, September 7.—Cotton firm and in fair demand at 21⅛c. Flour firm; fair demand at $7.65@7,85. Wheat scarce and firm: red $1,50@1,55. Corn steady at 45c. Rye in fair demand; old 75c; new 68@73c. Oats steady; old 34@40c; new 26@32. Barley dull and unchanged. Groceries firm. Oils firm; linseed 85@87c; lard oil 67@75c; petroleum; refined 22½@23½c. Butter: demand good at full prices. Pork dull and drooping; $12,25@13,50. Lard firm and fair demand; summer 8¼c; kettle sold at 9c. Bulk meats; holders firm; sales 6¼@8¼@9@9¾c. Hogs steady; $4,50@4,75. Whisky [illegible]

LIVE STOCK MARKET.

CENTRAL STOCK YARDS, EAST LIBERTY,
SATURDAY, September 7, 1872.

RECEIPTS.

Following are the receipts of stock for the week, as well as those of the one preceding.

	This week.	Last week.
Cattle	560 cars.	437 cars.
Hogs	214 "	205 "
Sheep	98 "	84 "
Horses	23 "	19 "
Mules		4 "
Total	895	732

CATTLE.

As noted, in our report of the 4th, trade was quite active during the greater part of the week, and notwithstanding the supply was large, the great bulk of the cattle put on the market were sold, and that, too, at full prices; as has been the case all summer, the quality, as a rule, was common, and the supply of prime shipping cattle fell short of the demand. Both Philadelphia and New York advices were favorable up until Thursday when the dispatches, from the last named began to develop point that the arrivals there were unusually heavy, and from that time out the market lost tone, and began to give signs of weakness. Friday's New York dispatches, however, clapped the climax, reporting that the arrivals were the largest ever known, something over 11,000 head, that prices had dropped one-half to one cent per pound; that the market was completely demoralized, and holders, in view of the prospect for next week being no better, were all anxious to close out. In a word, according to dispatches, there was a regular panic and if all accounts are true, it was one of the worst that has been experienced there for some time. Fortunately, however, the great proportion of the cattle on sale here were sold prior to the break above referred to; had this panic occurred early in the weak, it would have had a very damaging effect on our market for sellers, and would undoubtedly caused a very material decline in prices, as we are dependent mainly on eastern buyers for trade. Furthermore, the prospects are anything but favorable for this coming week; New York will no doubt be glutted on Monday, and the probability is that it will be overstocked all week; there were over 200 cars of through stock booked here for Monday's market at Connuipaw alone, while according to the dispatches, the run via Buffalo was also heavy; orders were received here to-day to hold over some of this stock until next week, and it is not improbable that a good deal of it will be stopped at Harrisburg. From this it will be seen that a hard market is anticipated in New York early next week, and we look for a bad one here, and would advise those have not started their stock to hold back for a few days or until the glut has been broken off, which will take a week or more.

As already intimated the quality was very common as a general thing, consisting of rough stags, old cows and thinnish grass steers, while of prime shipping stock the supply was scarcely equal to demand. Prime 1,300 to 1400 steers, fat and smooth, brought from 6¾ to 7¼; there was but one lot sold at the outside quotation, which we presume, may be attributed to the fact that there was but one bunch good enough to bring that price—had there have been more they could have been sold at the same figure. Good 1,100 to 1,200 steers sold at from 6 to 6½, and 900@1,000 grass steers at 5@5½. There were some very fine Cherokees sold at 4½@5 cts; Texans cannot be quoted above 2¾@3¼. Bulls, 2@2¾. Below will be found a detailed report of the sales by the commission men; and we will here take occasion to state that the report of Hedges, Huff & Co., and Holmes, Lafferty & Co. are for the week, whilst hebalance are only for three days.

Sadler, Havens & Co. sold:

16	15,110	4 00	15	17,000	5 00
17	17,350	4 75	19	20,150	5 85

Hazlewood & B. sold:

18	18,350	5 62	18	18,600	5 50
15	18,290	6 10	18	17,610	4 35
24	19,930	4 00	55	59,460	5 40
3	2,030	3 75	7	4,590	3 75
3	2,930	4 00	4	4,650	4 50
16	19,880	6 40	14	17,380	6 39
19	20,260	5 50			

Hedges, Huff & Co. sold:

19	19,020	5 00	19	21,810	5 75
19	17,990	5 00	20	18,350	4 50
18	18,040	4 12	22	18,100	4 00
18	21,670	6 25	15	19,190	6 75
18	17,930	4 70	17	20,310	6 00
38	42,610	6 30	18	19,920	5 75
20	17,200	4 12	19	16,990	4 00
35	38,800	5 62	39	37,120	4 50
19	20,760	7 25	5	4,150	4 25

Holmes, Lafferty & Co., sold:

17	20,080	6 12	19	21,020	6 25
15	18,230	6 00	34	55,580	5 50
18	18,780	5 87	16	22,000	7 00
19	18,710	5 50	16	20,620	6 50
19	21,470	6 25	17	20,240	6 50
17	20,770	6 00	58	44,080	6 00
87	90,160	6 50	34	37,740	5 90
22	16,970	4 25	56	56,150	5 20
19	14,300	3 85	21	17,280	4 30
20	16,090	4 20	52	56,600	6 15
21	20,350	5 00	19	18,080	4 25

Smith, Watson & B sold:

18	18,020	5 25	17	19,970	6 00
17	19,770	6 25	52	60,750	6 12
21	17,880	4 12	32	38,960	6 30

MISCELLANEOUS SALES OF CATTLE.

Chas. Aull sold	17	13,760	4 25
" " "	6	5,220	4 80
D. W. Barnes sold	20	17,200	3 80
R. Maynes sold	9	7,470	4 25
" "	8	7,320	4 50
M. Johnston sold	32	42,180	7 00
" "	17	19,410	6 75

SHEEP AND LAMBS.

Trade was good during the greater part of the week and notwithstanding the receipts were larger than usual the demand was pretty well up to the supply and prices were fully maintained; the market closes very flat, however, in consequence of the very unfavorable reports from New York and the indications at this writing are that unless the arrivals should be unusually small, trade will be hard during the coming week. Prime to extra fine wool 90@95 lbs. sold at 5¾@6 cts; good 80 to 85 lbs. 5@5½. There were but few lambs on sale this week and there was not much inquiry; may be quoted at 5 to 7 cts. as to quality.

Operators were generally predicting to-day that the sheep market will drag for some days to come and our country friends should make a note of this and act accordingly.

Sadler, H. & Co. sold:

59	per head	$2 00	160	11,850	4 90
51	3,870	5 12	72	4,540	3 00
91	per head	$2 60	109	8,020	5 25

Hazlewood & B sold:

86	81,070	5 50	50 lams	2,740	6 25
56 lms	per head	$2 60	96	8,360	5 75
60	per head	$3 75	233	per head	$2 90

Hedges, Huff & Co. sold:

55	3,910	5 25	45	3,300	5 00
95	8,130	5 60	221	16,840	4 90
115	8,640	5 00	201	18,130	5 75
212	16,110	5 50	213	per head	$2 75
100	9,060	6 00	107	8,380	5 00
187	16,570	5 55	219	16,040	5 25
210	17,350	6 00			

Holmes, Lafferty & Co. sold,

84	3,550	4 62	217	16,950	5 45
142	per head	$1 85	192	16,130	5 00
440	30,320	5 00	118	9,020	5 30
224	16,790	4 85	213	18,370	5 85
196	12,390	4 65	217	18,220	5 90
123	9,280	4 80	366	32,450	4 00
83	8,180	5 65	227	per head	$1 60
200	17,570	6 10	193	15,370	5 25
100	8,270	5 60	76	6,610	5 60
202	14,360	4 50	201	15,360	5 25
123	8,740	5 25	85	8,000	5 50
100	6,650	4 85	168	14,420	5 00
109	15,680	5 40	167	14,130	5 62
202	15,340	5 38	110	per head	$1 75
222	17,260	5 25	218	17,580	5 60

Smith, Watson & B., sold:

108	1,660	4 00	88	6,590	5 15

HOGS.

The market has ruled steady all week for well fatted hogs, as the supply was not more than equal to the demand, hence, prices have been fully sustained; say 5¼@5¾ for medium to good, and 5.75 to 5.90 for prime to extra—the outside figure only being realized for fancy selected Philadelphia hogs. Yorkers are selling at from 4¾@5 cents, and in fair demand. Grass hogs are as dull as ever, and nearly all the Ohio hogs are classed among these, because the bulk of the receipts from that State are of that kind. We hear old and experienced hog dealers ask nearly every day, "why is it that farmers will persist in running these stock hogs—for they are nothing more—to market when there never was such a show for a big crop," and that too, in view of the fact that they won't bring within three-quarters to one cent per pound within the price of good hogs. However, is it well said that "experience is a dear school," and we have no doubt that those who persist in this course will realize the truth of this adage sooner or later, it is only a question of time.

Sadler, Havens & Co., sold:

75	13,580	5 10	115	20,050	5 10
199	45,450	5 57	89	22,760	5 75
96	22,610	4 90	108	24,930	4 80
67	16,100	4 80	105	18,900	5 00

Hazelwood & B sold:

149	39,980	5 80

Hudges, Huff & Co. sold:

52	11,830	5 25	32	6,520	4 75
37	5,300	4 60	74	14,770	4 60
43	7,910	5 00	36	6,330	4 75
55	13,080	5 00	100	27,160	5 80
42	9,560	5 10	47	7,050	4 65
24	4,820	4 70	22	5,520	4 50
57	12,070	5 35	108	23,020	5 15
109	28,120	5 50	206	28310	5 55

Holmes L & Co., sold;

73	19,990	5 87	60	16,630	5 90
86	22,820	7 90	74	21,980	5 90
56	12,240	4 80	111	20,830	5 75
41	9,340	4 65	65	12,230	4 70
47	9,800	4 60	69	16,030	4 70
53	10,350	4 50	45	8,910	4 70
37	7,140	4 70	64	10,320	4 70
42	12,520	4 95	113	29,770	5 20
55	12,110	5 00	47	10,110	4 95
56	11,770	4 70	101	22,060	4 80
56	14,660	5 15	91	26,440	5 20
91	25,970	5 65	100	26,230	5 85
27	7,280	5 30	120	23,390	5 00
128	22,430	4 60	73	12,700	4 80
85	22,630	5 80	318	83,960	5 80

Smith, Watson & B sold:

29	5,700	4 75	85	18,150	4 75
99	22,850	5 25	27	6,070	5 25
67	14,870	4 80	16	3,970	4 90
63	16,120	4 80	18	3,810	4 65
138	26,580	4 85	102	26,580	5 10
169	45,580	5 85	24	6,190	4 70
22	6,470	5 80	93	10,760	5 50
34	6,220	4 29	23	4,510	5 05
35	7,980	5 00	58	9,170	5 75
39	10,130	5 75	55	9,720	4 80
63	13,240	5 25	34	8,730	5 00

Orr, Williams & L sold:

50	13,640	5 40	42	11,350	5 75
74	19,120	5 75	121	19,770	4 95

Iron Markets.

NEW YORK—The market for Scotch Pig is without material change. Some lots of Eglinton have been sold at less than market rates by parties desiring to realize, but we understand that most importers have declined to sell at anything below previous asking prices, preferring to store, having confidence that the market must ultimately advance to a point more nearly corresponding to the other side. The stocks here are not large, and but little is on the way. The sales are 6@700 tons Eglinton, part from dock, part at $50; 3@500 do at Philadelphia, on private terms, but said to be $50; and 3@400 do Glengarnock, $54@55. In American [illegible] very firm for No. 1 Lehigh brands; we quote No. 1 $55@57, No. 2 $52@54, and Gray Forge $49. Rails are quiet and steady at $75 for New English, and $51@52 for Old, both gold, with sales of 160 tons of the later (D. H. and T.) at a private price. Scrap is dull and weak at $47@49 from dock, and $52@54 from yard, with sales of 164 tons ex. ship at about $46.

PHILADELPHIA.—Pig Iron is firmly held at full prices. Sales are making at the following prices: American No. 1 foundry pig, at furnace, $52@53; American No. 2, do do, $49@51; American No. 3, forge pig, do do, $47@48; American No. 4, white and mottled, do do, $42@44; Scotch pig, cargo lots, for shipment, $51@55; old rails, D. Hs., for shipment here, gold, (Ts. 50c per ton less) $53@54; old rails, D. Hs., on the spot and for arrival, gold, (Ts. 50c per ton less) $52@53; No. 1 wrought scrap, (ex. ship), currency, $50@53; No. 1 wrought scrap, (for shipments here,) 57,50@59.

Wool Markets.

PHILADELPHIA.—There is very little doing, and prices are unsettled. About 130,000 lbs. sold within the following quotations: Pennsylvania and Ohio—Super Saxony fleece 70@72c; full-blood merino 65@68c; three-quarter-blood merino 63@65c; half-blood merino 62@67c; common and quarter-blood 60@65c; common fleece 57@60c; tub-washed 65@70c; unwashed 42@45c. New York and Michigan—Super Saxony fleece 65@68c; full-blood merino fleece 63@66c; three-quarter-blood merino 62@63c; half blood fleeces 62@64c; common and quarter-blood fleece 60@62c; common fleeces 56@58c.—*Gazette.*

NEW YORK.—The market for Foreign continues very dull. A little more inquiry is reported, but the business consummated is light, as holders show no disposition to make sales at any concession from current asking rates. Manufacturers have very light stocks, but they show very little disposition to replenish them beyond actual wants. Without a decided improvement in the goods market, little business is looked for until the Fall trade becomes active. Sheep Skins are without change; about 60 bales Buenos Ayres changed hands at 28¾ cents, and 38 bales more have been shipped to the other side. Domestic fleeces are without change. The farmers continue firm in their views, and though Fleece can be bought a shade lower than a few weeks ago, still their views are considerably above those of dealers here. Excepting occasional small lots, nothing is being done in Fleece. The sales are 4,500 lbs. medium and combing Michigan at 67 cents; 11,000 lbs. Shearlings, 30@33½; 13,000 lbs. do. and short extra Pulled, 34@36; 13,000 lbs. Texas, 38@50; 8,000 lbs. unwashed medium, 46; 2,000 lbs. do. scoured, 77; 56 bales 'Lambs' pulled, 55; 70 bales super do., 55@60; 7,000 lbs. tub washed, 62½.—*Commercial List.*

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

Foreign Market.

LONDON, September 7—5 P. M.—Consols: money 92⅛@92¼; 5-20's '65, 93⅜; do. '67, 92⅜. 10-40's, 87; new 5's, 89⅜; Erie, 40¼.

FRANKFORT, September 7.—Five-Twenties of '62, 96¼.

PARIS, September 7.—Rentes 55f. 50c.

LIVERPOOL, September 7.—Cotton quiet and steady; middling uplands 10¼@10½d; Orleans 10¾d; sales 10,000 bales; speculation and export 3,000 bales. Breadstuffs quiet and steady. Wheat: red winter 11½s 6d. Flour 30s. Corn 28s 6d@29s. Beef 63s. Lard 40s 9d. Cheese 60s. Cumberland middles 38s. Tallow 42s 9d. Petroleum 17½s.

Dry Goods.

NEW YORK, September 7.—The market in first hands presents less animation than has prevailed for other days of the week, but laxity of trade generally is expected on Saturdays. The unexpected decline in some cotton fabrics has again unsettled the market, and buyers are moving more cautiously. Brown sheetings and shirtings have been in moderate demand, and standard weights for desirable marks are sold ahead. Medium grades are fairly active at current rates. Bleached sheetings and shirtings were less active for the day, and the market is again unsettled, fine grades of some late reduced brands continuing to do better. Cotton drills still remain at former quotations, at which rates but few are moving to the home trade. Cotton flannels are selling in small lots to distributers at current rates. Wool flannels are less active, but prices are held firm at former quotations. Prints continue active and in short supply at 11½c for standard goods. Ticks, stripes and checks are in steady demand at asking rates. Cloths and heavy woolens were inactive for the day. Fancy cassimeres and suitings have been sold in small lots, and doeskins without much inquiry.

Foreign Dry Goods Market.—The week closes with an active market for all seasonable goods. Prices are generally well sustained. The city is full of buyers from all sections.

Live Stock.

CHICAGO, September 7.—Cattle: receipts 787; very dull for shipping cattle, and prices weak, tending lower; a few prime steers sold at $6; good to choice butchers $4@4,50; common to fair stockers $3@3,75; shipments 2,082. Hogs: receipts 4,498; fairly active and steady, $4,60@5 for medium to extra; shipments 7,761. Sheep: receipts 551; quiet and steady, $4,50@5 for fair to good.

BUFFALO, September 6.—Cattle: receipts today 68, making total receipts during the week thus far 9,946, or 586 cars, against 267 last week; market this morning lifeless, but little stock offering, and but few buyers in attendance; yards clear, with the exception of a few odds and ends for retail; sales 69 Illinois steers, 1,276 lbs, $6,75; 4 Illinois oxen, 1,375 lbs, $6,50; 127 Indiana steers, 1,222 to 1,347 lbs, $6,76@7,25; 35 State steers, 1,061 lbs, $5,50. Sheep and lambs: receipts to-day 1,800, making total supply for week thus far 19,600. The market closed firm at $6@7,25 for Canada Lambs. Sheep: $5@5,50; only sale to-day was 200 Ohio sheep, 91 lbs, $4,75. Hogs: receipts to-day 5,100, making total supply for week thus far 13,100, against 18,300 last week. Market dull and slow, at a decline of ⅛c to ¼c on good to common stock; sales 61 Ohio, 208 lbs, $5; 71 Ohio, 199 lbs, $4,90; 249 Ohios, 191 to 224 lbs, $5,10; 118 Michigan, 194 lbs, $3,75.

ALBANY, September 6.—The cattle market opens with a moderate attendance of buyers and with but little life manifested; offerings were large; receipts for week number 490 cars, being 290 in excess of those last week; considering; the quality there is but little change in prices; common and medium grades plenty, and the market for them dull and heavy, and drooping; prices show a decline of from ⅛c to ¼c; the range being from 5⅜c to 6¾c. Sheep and lambs in large supply. Lambs and common sheep fell off ½c. Good sheep command full prices. Sheep quoted at 4½@7c; lambs 5½@8½c.

New York.

NEW YORK, September 7.—Cotton dull and in buyers' favor; middling upland 22¼c. Flour quiet and in buyers' favor; superfine western and State $6,00@6,30; extra Ohio $7,15@9,25; St. Louis $7,40@10,40. Rye flour and corn meal unchanged. Whisky steady; 93c. Wheat firmer and in fair demand; No. 2 spring new afloat $1,56@1,58; new winter red western $1,45@1,61; amber western $1,65@1,70; white $1,74@2,00. Rye and barley unchanged. Malt quiet; two rowed State $1,00@1,10; western $1,20,@1,22; Canada $1,25@1,37. Corn firmer and active; steamer western 63½@64c; sail 64@64½c; yellow 65@66c; white 70c; prime western mixed last half September $1,65. Oats firmer, 45@47c; Ohio 46@52c; new 37@43c. Eggs steady; western 24@25c. Leather steady; 27@29c; Orinoco 26@26½. Wool dull; unwashed 46c; lambs' pulled 56c. Sugar firm; fair to good refining 8⅝@9c; Cuba 8½@9c. Molasses dull and unchanged. Rice dull at 8½@9¼c. Petroleum; refined 24¼@24½; Crude 12¼c. Pork quiet; mess $14-10@15 00. Beef quiet at $5@7. Hams dull at $22@32. Cut meats quiet at 11@14c; shoulders 7c; long clear 8¼@9c. Lard quiet; No. 1 to prime steam new 8⅞@9½c; old 9⅛@9¾c; kettle 9½c. Butter steady. Western 10@16c. Cheese dull at 11@13½c.

Chicago.

CHICAGO, September 7.—Flour in fair demand; buyers and sellers apart; stock light; held at previous prices. Wheat irregular but firmer at $1,21½ cash; $1,18¼ seller September; $1,16 seller October; $1,15 seller this year. Corn active and firmer at 36c seller September; 37¼@37¾c seller October; rejected 34c. Oats steady; 24c cash; 25c seller October; rejected 20@20½c. Rye quiet and easier; sales at 55c. Barley strong; No. 2 65c spot; 62c seller September; 61½c seller October; No. 3 56c. Pork inactive and nominally unchanged; offered at $14,50. Lard firm; sales 500; 8½c seller this year. Sugar cured hams quiet and nominal at 12@14c. Meats dull; shoulders held at 6½c; short ribs 9c. Whisky lower; sales 200 bbls at 89½c, generally held at 90c.

Cotton Markets.

GALVESTON, September 7.—Cotton. Receipts 500 bales. Stock 9,004 bales.

MOBILE, September 7.—Cotton firmer and higher; light offerings; middlings 20⅛c; net receipts 100; exports coastwise, 152; sales 125; stock 1,444.

SAVANNAH, September 7.—Cotton quiet; light demand; middlings 19⅛c; net receipts 145 bales; sales 113.

CHARLESTON, September 7.—Cotton quiet; middlings 19½; net receipts 109 bales; exports coastwise 292; sales 100; stock 3,914.

New Orleans.

NEW ORLEANS, September 7.—Corn dull; mixed 58c; white 59@61c. Oats firmer; 35@40c. Hay: choice scarce and firm; $27,50@29. Bran firmer; 95c@$1,00. Whisky firmer; 95c@$1,00. Cotton stiffer; sales 1,000 bales low middlings at 20⅞c; middlings 21⅛c; receipts 677; exports to New York 1,589; stock 9,071.

Philadelphia.

PHILADELPHIA, September 7.—Flour quiet and steady; no export demand; superfine $4,65@5,25. Wheat quiet and steady; Ohio and Indiana $1,64@1,70; amber $1,82. Rye unchanged. Corn dull and lower; yellow 66c; mixed western 64@65c. Oats unchanged. Petroleum: crude 16⅞@16¾c; refined 23@24c. Whisky 94c.

Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, September 7.—Flour: light demand; buyers holding off. Wheat opened dull, but closed active; No. 2 red winter, at $1,41. Corn dull and unchanged. Barley dull and unchanged. Petroleum firm and advancing. Refined held at 21¼@21¾c. for car lots, 23@24c. for trade lots.

Toledo.

TOLEDO, September 7.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat firm and in fair demand; No. 2 amber Illinois, $1,60; No. 1 red, $1,55; No. 2 $1,42@1,42½. Corn dull and declined; high mixed, 45c; buyer September, 45⅛c; low mixed, 44½c. Oats dull and lower.

Milwaukee.

MILWAUKEE, September 7.—Flour dull and unchanged. Wheat quiet and weak; No. 1 Milwaukee $1,20; No. 2 do $1,16. Corn dull and declined; No. 2 mixed 36c. Oats: demand light for holders; No. 2 24½c. Rye dull and drooping; No. 1 55c. Barley firm; Fall No. 2 65c.

Memphis.

MEMPHIS, September 7.—Cotton scarce and firm; middiing upland, 20¾@21c.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R., Sept. 7.—1 car lumber, W H Hamilton; 3 do tar, H C Vanline & Co; 1 do stone, F Alden; 1 do s iron, W M Stine; 4 crates tobacco, Weyman & Bro; 2 do c ware, Grover & B; 28 bxs y powder, McCandless & Co; 19 bxs glass, J B Lyons & Co; 11 bxs tobacco, Pretzfield; 6 cider mills, Scobie R & S; 5 bbls lard, Daizell & T; 30 bxs starch, 2 crates do, Wm Cooper & Co; 25 do do, S H Baird; 25 do do, M W Rankin & Bro; 24 bbls g apples, Voigt M & Co; 12 do do, Vangorder & S; 35 sks rye, S B Floyd & Co; 6 bellows, Logan & G; 4 csks cheese, J A Graff; 10 bbls vinegar, J Rob; 100 bbls flour, Watt L & Co; 129 sks e corn, J Rose; 35 do oats, W H Nanker; 9 pkgs lard Head C & Co; 2 bbls cider, H J McCracken.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI, AND ST. LOUIS RAILROAD COMPANY, September 7.—4 iron safes, Hall's Safe & Lock Co; 1 box mdse, A Torrence; 1 lot watermelons, H Shaff; 50 bbls spirits, Adler R & Co; 1 car grain and oats, J A Duff; 1 do do, Head C & Co; 1 do corn, Keil & R; 190 sks grain, McCracken & Bro; 50 bbls flour, J Porterfield; 26 do clay; T Coffin & Co; 179 sks oats, 1 car do, Scott & G; 4 kgs lard, 1 bbl d apples, 1 bag d peaches, Loh & C; 5 bbls d apples, Allen K & Co; 4 kgs butter, Rankin & Bro; 30 sks oats, McHenry & H; 9 sks corn, W Welsh & Co; 2 bls eggs, W H Graff & Co; 2 kgs butter, Voight M & Co; 10 bxs cigars, Pretzfield Bros; 200 bbls flour, F & W Jenkins & Bro; 140 bbls cement, Laing & McK; 2 bbls varnish R Sellers & Co; 1 car wheat, McHenry & H; 2 do do, J Provost; 1 do do, Marshall K & Co;

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO R. R., September 7.—21 bbls potatoes, Woodworth & D; 2 cars s iron, Jacob Winkler; 1 case wood, Jos Liebler; 10 tub butter, McCracken Bros; 6 kgs lard, Loh & C; 109 bdls paper, Frazier & M; 2 cook stoves, J S McKee, 2 bxs boks, W D McGowan; 1 box cutlery, D W Evans; 1 do do, J Allendorf; 2 do do, F Birney; 1 do do, 1 do brushes, W Duncan; 42 bdls shovels, Myers & A; 280 bags sats, James Graham; 80 bbls phosphate, Scobie R & S; 200 bbls flour, F W Jenkins & Bro; 100 do do, D Wallace; 200 do do, Schomaker & Co; 1 car s iron, Mullin & E; 1 do do, Maloney & L; 1 do do, Jacob Wertmeir; 50 bales hay, M F Herron; 2 cars l stone, Graff B & Co.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY R. R., September 7.—50 cars coal, S M Kier; 72 do do, Armstrong D & Co; 22 do do, Coleman R & Co; 70 bbls salt, McCandless Son & Co; 10 rolls s leather, Graham & S; 1 box mdse, J P Dean; 2 cars metal, W Clark & Co; 1 do do, McKnight P & Co; 4 bbls paint, J Schomaker; 6 do lub oil, G W Glass; 13 g hides, 1 bdl s pelts, 1 bbl tallow J Shoneberger; 1 car metal, Brown & Co; 5 bales steel, Hassey W & Co; 1 bbl, 1 box mdse, Schomaker; 7 bxs jars, J P Smith Son & Co; 6 bbls eggs, 1 coop poultry, J A Williams.

ALLEGHENY STATION R. R. Sept. 7.—1 car lumber, A Milliken & Co; 1 do malt, Lutz & Waltz; 111 bdls hides, A Holsteine; 3 pkgs rope, Beckfield & N; 18 bales cotton, E Hyde & Son; 34 do do, Kennedy C & Co; 43 do do, Holmes B & Co; 4 cars pig lead, Reymer & Co; 1 do f seed, M B Suydam; 1 do lime, Johnston & Co; 20 sks flour, F Worner; 11 bgs feed, 2 pkgs flour, J Kitchen; 1 car broom handles, W Mardorf; 1 do f seed, Thompson & L; 2 cases tobacco, N L Pinkerton; 9 pkgs h ware, Tate & A.

RIVER NEWS.

The river continues to recede slowly, with about two feet in the channel. Weather was again oppressively hot yesterday; thermometer 94 in the shade at 4 P. M.

—There is but little truth, says the Cincinnati *Gazette*, in the following paragraph taken from the Shreveport Southwestern of August 31st: A bill has just passed the Ohio Legislature granting the incorporation of a Cincinnati and Red River Packet Company. Movements are now on foot to establish the said company on a solid basis. The parties who propose to organize this company are all staunch business men, and recognize the necessity of putting four good wooden steamers on the line this season. They propose to run these wooden steamers until they can build the same number of iron vessels. They also propose to found the line on the guarantee or charter plan for the present. Those wooden steamers entering the line on the guarantee plan will be insured against all loss they may incur by light or non-paying trips. Those that enter on charter will be run to the profit or loss of the said company. A standing fund is now being raised to carry this proposition into effect.

—Last Mondaymorning, about 3 o'clock, the towboat Abe McDonald ran over a raft of hewed timber near the foot of Sandy Bar, and drowned one of three men who were on the raft at the time the boat struck it; the other two men made a narrow escape. The Ravenswood (West Virginia) *News* says:

"It is stated that the sad accident was the result of carelessness on the part of the officers of the boat as the raftsmen had out a signal light at the time. We have been informed that the gentleman drowned was a Mr. Wells, from the upper part of this county; his body was found Monday morning and taken to his friends."

—A St. Louis special to the Cincinnati *Commercial* says: The St. Louis and Arkansas Packet Company sold the Upper Arkansas packet Little Rock to John B. Adams, of Memphis, for $12,000. At a meeting of the Boatmen's Association here, this afternoon, E. W. Gould, George H. Rea, John P. Keyser and John A. Scudder were appointed delegates to the National Steamboatmen's Convention, to be held at Cleveland, September 29.

—The Vicksburg *Herald*, of Wednesday, mentions, as a coincidence attending the sinking of the wharfboat that the previous misfortune occurred upon the first trip of the season by the Natchez. The Julia was at the landing when the accident occurred last year, and had she not been detained, this trip would have come very near being on hand to witness the sinking again.

—The Golconda *Herald* says: If the United States snagboat Albert has done no better work elsewhere than she did in her attempt to free the river of the dangerous sawyer in front of Golconda landing, Uncle Sam had better sell her to the junk men, and retire the captain on a double salary.

—Capt. McMillan on Saturday asked the United States District Court to fix a day to hear the arguments in regard to the preliminary injunction to restrain steamboats from infringing on his patent Capstan. It would seem from this that the Captain is determined to push this matter.

—The following from the St. Louis *Democrat* may be intended as a joke: Capt. Wm. J. Kountz informs us that "the Carrie V. Kountz has had to throw up her passenger license on account of over-inspection and requirements of additional clap-traps."

—The Evansille *Journal* wants the authorities of that city to have the young cottonwood trees grubbed up that are growing on the bar in front of that city, beliving that in consequence the bar would disappear entirely, as it did in 1865.

—The steamer Bluff City snagged above Clover Bend, White River, last week, causing her to leak, but no serious damage was done to either boat or cargo.

—Mr. Albert Bunting, of Wellsville, a well known steamboat clerk has gone to the hot springs in Arkansas, for the benefit of his health which has been poor for some time past.

—The rocks in the Wabash River at Mount Carmel that have impeded navigation so much, are now being removed.

—Capt. H. C. Richmond of the Mary Davage arrived from Cincinnati on Friday. The Davage is laid up at that point.

—Capt. I. C. Vanhook of the New Orleans and St. Louis steamer H. C. Yeager, (Kountz line) was in town last week.

—The Camelia has laid up at Portland for repairs.

—Capt. Dan Moore will return to Cincinnati to-day.

—The Jessie is running from Gallipolis to Parkersburg in place of the Emma Graham.

—Gallipolis collected $28 wharfage last week.

PITTSBURGH

White Lead and Color Works,

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PROPRIETORS.

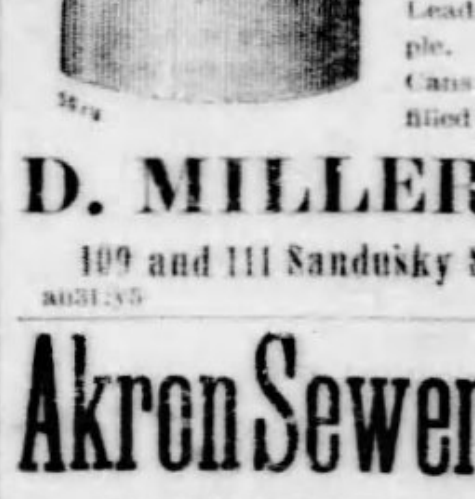
Manufacturers of White Lead, Red Lead, Blue Lead, Zincs, Litharge, Putty, and all colors, dry and in oil.

OFFICE AND FACTORY—450, 452, 454, 456, and 458 REBECCA SREET.

We call the attention to the guarantee posted on our strictly Pure White Lead, and when we say a purer "Carbonate of Lead" we mean "Chemically Pure"—that is, free from Acetate and Hydrate, and therefore is whiter and superior both in color and covering property. Guaranteed to be a Purer Carbonate of Lead and whiter than any in the market, and forfeit the price of the package if containing the least adulteration.

jy23-146

TIN CAN MANUFACTORY.



Sole Proprietors and Manufacturers of

Miller's Screw Can,

Patented March, 1868.

The best and cheapest Fruit Can ever invented. Requires no sealing wax. This Can is also extensively used for Color, White Lead, &c. Send for sample. All other kinds of Tin Cans made. All orders filled on short notice.

D. MILLER & CO.,
109 and 111 Sandusky St., Allegheny.
au31:x5

Akron Sewer Pipe Co.

OFFICE, WAREHOUSE AND YARD:
Cor. Penn Ave. and Tenth St.,
PITTSBURGH, PA., AND
65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny City, Pa.,

Manufacture Highly Vitrified

WATER AND SEWER PIPE,

both Ring and Socket, from 1 to 24 inch caliber, with Elbows, Branches, Curves, Slants and Traps for each size. Also, Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Flues, Chimney Tops, Fire Brick, Fire Clay, Grate and Boiler Tile, Lawn Vases, Hydraulic Cement, &c.

C. G. McMILLEN,
MANUFACTURERS' AGENT.
Send or call for Price List. o81

HOLTZMAN & WEIDERHOLD,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Mosquito Bars,
Curtain Goods
and Bedding,

No. 100 THIRD AVENUE,
au24 PITTSBURGH, PA.

79. 79.

R. A. HALL,

Human and Artificial Hair Goods

AND TOILET ARTICLES.

We are always receiving new goods and all the latest styles as soon as they are out. Also, a good stock of everything in the Real and Imitation Hair line can be found at 79 Fourth avenue, nearly opposite Bank of Pittsburgh. Ladies and Children's Hair Dressed and Shampooed, either at the store or at your residence, by female hair workers. Switches and Curls made of combings.

v23

United States Law Association

AND

COLLECTION UNION.

J. M. GAZZAM, Director.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Collections made and legal business transacted in all parts of the United States, Canada and Europe.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

DR. A. SLEE, No. 264 PENN STREET.—Longer in the practice of Special and Chronic Diseases than any physician in the city so advertising. All forms of venereal diseases cured in the most thorough and satisfactory manner. Spermatorrhœa or nervous debility, producing blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, noises in the head, indigestion, despondency, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, and which unfit the victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing consumption and insanity, are permanently cured. Long standing constitutional diseases skillfully treated, and the effects of mercury completely eradicated. The Doctor gives particular attention to female complaints, Sterility, Amenorrhœa, Menorrhœa, Dysmenorrhœa, and all irregularities giving annoyance and trouble. A medical pamphlet is published in plain language on venereal diseases sent by mail for two stamps. Correspondence strictly confidential. Hours—9 A. M. to 8 P. M., Sundays excepted. Pittsburgh Medical Institute, 276 Penn street.

ja10:d&W

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

Drs. Jordan and Davieson,

Beg to inform their friends, patients and the public generally, that owing to their increase of practice they are compelled, reluctantly, to discontinue their branch office in this city, and in future are to be consulted only at their HEAD OFFICE,

1625 Filbert Street, Philadelphia.

Just published: PRACTICAL OBSERVATIONS ON NERVOUS DEBILITY AND PREMATURE DECAY, being a synopsis of Lectures delivered at the great Institute of Anatomy, 807 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, to which is added an important essay on MARRIAGE, the whole illustrated with numerous interesting cases from actual practice. This interesting work will be forwarded on receipt of 25 cents, stamps. Address

DRS. JORDON & DAVIESON,
1625 Filbert street, Philadelphia.

All letters will receive immediate attention. Address 1625 FILBERT STREET, Philadelphia.

mh29:090

Speedily Cured.—All Forms

of Venereal, Private and Nervous disease at the old established Girard Medical Institute, No. 172 Second avenue, between Smithfield and Grant streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NO CHARGE UNTIL CURED.

Syphilis, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia and all Urinary diseases are cured in the shortest possible time that will insure permanent relief. Spermatorrhea, or Seminal weakness and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse or excess in maturer years, and which produce some of the following effects, as emissions, blotches, debility, dizziness, nervousness, dimness of sight, cough, indigestion, constipation, despondency, confusion of ideas, aversion to society, loss of memory, and sexual power, an which unfits the victim for business or marriage, and ultimately causing insanity and consumption, are thoroughly and permanently cured. Medicines supplied at the Institute. A medical pamphlet relating to private diseases sent in sealed envelope for two stamps. All communications confidential.

This Institute was established for the express purpose of supplying the afflicted with scientific and reliable treatment, and is not to be classed with the numerous quacks and impostors that infest all large cities. The proprietors have made the treatment of Private and special diseases the study of their lives, and can refer to thousands all over the country that have been benefitted and cured by their treatment. No matter how difficult or long standing your case may be, if curable, after a personal examination they will frankly tell you; remember, they have cured many cases given up by other physicians.

Patients treated by mail or express, but where possible, it is best to visit the city for personal consultation, or address:

GIRARD MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
No. 172 Second avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Office hours 9 A. M. to 7 P. M. Sundays by appointment.
au14:w83

PRIVATE DISEASES.—OFFICE 194 PENN STREET, next door to the St. Clair Hotel. For the cure of all diseases of a private nature in from two to four days, by an entirely new and safe treatment. Also seminal weakness, impotency, and all other diseases of the genital organs, and their prevention. A cure warranted, or money refunded. Has Diploma in the office, and is a regular physician of 20 years standing in this city, and has cured over 10,000 cases.

For circulars, etc. address DOCTOR W., 194 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

Office hours from 8 to 12 M., from 1 to 3, and 6 to 8 P. M., Sundays excepted. fe27:115

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.—THIS superb Hair Dye is the best in the world—perfectly harmless, reliable and instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tints or disagreeable odor. The genuine Wm. A. Batchelor's Hair Dye produces IMMEDIATELY a splendid Black or natural Brown, leaves the hair clean, soft and beautiful; does not contain a particle of lead or any other injurious compound. Sold by all druggists. Factory, 16 BOND STREET, New York. oc2-127-MWF-T

ON MARRIAGE—HAPPY RELIEF for Young Men from the effects of Errors and Abuses in early life. Manhood restored. Impediments to marriage removed. New method of treatment. New and remarkable remedies. Books and Circulars sent free in sealed envelopes.

Address HOWARD ASSOCIATION, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. au10:w58-d&S

MANHOOD! WOMANHOOD! "Books for the Million!" Who may marry, who not, Why? Impediments, causes and cure. Every father, mother, young man and young woman should read them. 190 pages. Sent in SEALED ENVELOPE; 15 cents each; both for 25 cents.

Address DR. WHITTIER,
206 Penn street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

TAXES

CITY TREASURER'S OFFICE,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, September 2, 1872.

To Delinquent Taxpayers IN THE City of Allegheny.

Notice is hereby given that all persons who have not paid their taxes, rates, levies or assessments in said City of Allegheny, that they are required to pay the same on or before the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER NEXT, and if the same is not paid on or before the first day of October next, then five per cent. will be added thereto and made payable thereon, and that if the same be not paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER NEXT following, warrants will be directed to properly qualified persons, commanding each of them to levy for said taxes with all costs and charges accrued thereon of any goods and chattels of the delinquents wheresoever found, and to make sale thereof after advertisement as in cases of distress for rent.

D. MACFERRON,
se2:y CITY TREASURER.

ALLEGHENY, September 21, 1872.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.—NOTICE is hereby given to all parties who have neglected to pay their School Taxes, that on all taxes not paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, five per cent. will be added to, and made payable thereon, and after the FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER the duplicates will be placed in the hands of the different Ward Collector.

Office in the Library Room, Second Story, City Hall.

C. W. BENNEY,
se2 y14 Receiver.

NOTICE.—TO THE TAX PAYERS OF the Borough of Temperanceville who have not paid their taxes on or before the FIRST DAY OF OCTOBER, that 5 per centum will be added thereto, and if not paid on or before the FIRST DAY OF NOVEMBER, warrants will be issued to collect the same with 10 per centum for the use of the Borough, and 5 per centum as compensation to the collector.

se4:y42 THOS. RALPH, Treasurer.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE

BY

Herron & Bates,

38 WOOD STREET,

17 Acres within three minutes' walk of Glendale Station; choice location. One-half can be laid out in lots and sold to advantage. Will be sold for the low price of $3,500.

Splendid Residence on Lincoln avenue for sale low.

House and Lot on North avenue, in Third ward.

City Residence, Penn street, between Pitt and Marbury, on favorable terms.

Sewickley Residence. House of 9 Rooms and 1 Acre of ground. Great variety of Fruit on the place. Will sell Furniture also, if desired. For sale low and on long time. This is a rare opportunity to get a bargain.

15 Acres at Brushton Station, within three minutes' walk of Nicholson Pavement. Price $3,500 per Acre.

se7

REAL ESTATE

For Sale or Exchange

FOR CITY PROPERTY.

ONE NEW FRAME HOUSE, AT BRADDOCKS, three minutes' walk from Pennsylvania Railroad Station, containing 10 Rooms, Marble Mantles in Parlor and Dining Room, front and back Portico, good Cellar under the entire House. Lot 225 feet front by 230 in depth, planted in bearing fruit trees.

ONE NEW FRAME HOUSE near the above Property, containing 7 Rooms, Marble Mantel in Parlor, front and back Portico, good dry Cellar. Lot 225 feet front by 210 in depth, planted in bearing Fruit Trees.

The above Property is very desirable for Country Residences, being on the high ground on the north side of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Beautiful view of the Monongahela River from both properties.

ENQUIRE OF

John A. Carothers,

108 FOURTH AVENUE,

jy13 PITTSBURGH, PA.

ASSESSMENTS.

OFFICE OF THE CITY ENGINEER, CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Sept. 4, 1872.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENT FOR the construction of the sewer on Sampson street, from Arch street, to the east side of Middle alley, is now ready for examination, and can be seen at this office until TUESDAY, Sept. 10, 1872, when it will be placed in the hands of the City Controler to serve notices for the payment of the same.

CHAS. DAVIS,
se4:y36 City Engineer.

OFFICE OF THE CITY ENGINEER,
CITY OF ALLEGHENY, Sept. 3, 1872.

NOTICE.—THE ASSESSMENTS FOR the Grading Paving and Curbing of STURGEON STREET, from Ridge avenue to Bowen street, and for the Grading, Paving and Curbing of EAGLE ALLEY, from Long alley to Third street, are now ready for examination and can be seen at this office until FRIDAY, September 13th, 1872, when it will be placed in the hands of the City Controller to serve notices for the payment of the same.

se3:y28 CHAS. DAVIS, City Engineer.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, MUNICIPAL HALL,
PITTSBURGH, August 27, 1872.

OPENING GRANVILLE STREET.—NOtice is hereby given that the report of the viewers on the opening of GRANVILLE STREET from Wylie to Webster avenues, has been approved by Councils and will be final unless an appeal is filed in the Court of Quarter Sessions within ten days from date.

ALEX. DEMPSTER,
au29 City Engineer.

Get the Best!

WEED

FAMILY FAVORITE.

Sewing Machines.

GENERAL AGENT FOR WESTERN PA.,
JOHN BIGGERT & SON
116 Market Street.
ap5:o66-MWF

FENCE BUILDING

Of all kinds constructed with neatness and dispatch. Call on or address the undersigned at 74 Forbes street, one square south of the Oakland Passenger R. W. Track, at Chestnut st. [illegible]

[illegible] M. F. KIMBALL.

FINANCIAL.

DUQUESNE SAVINGS BANK,

64 Fourth Avenue.

Incorporated by Act of 1870.

PAID IN CAPITAL STOCK..........$100,000
ASSETS JULY 1, 1872..............$401,000.

Solicits Deposits in Large or Small Amounts.

Interest allowed, 6 PER CENT. per annum. Investments made in Mortgages upon Real Estate, etc., etc.

JAMES T. BRADY, President.
JACKSON DUNCAN, Vice President.
D. CAMPBELL, Treasurer.
H. BRADY WILKINS, Solicitor.
fe7

BANK OF INDUSTRY.

The "Bank of Industry" is now open for business at No. 42 WYLIE AVENUE. Stockholders individually liable.

JOSEPH HASTINGS, President.
M. HANRAHAN, Cashier.

DIRECTORS:
H. Darlington, Thomas Lockhart,
James McLain, John Kelly,
Peter O'Neil, Thomas McMichael,
William F. Casey, Thomas Berry,
Joseph Ross, Mathew Mawhinney,
J. M. Faas, Thomas S. O'Neil.
mh5-m42

FRANKLIN SAVINGS BANK,

No 42 OHIO STREET, ALLEGHENY.

CAPITAL, - - - - - - - $100,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.
Interest paid on Time Deposits.

DIRECTORS.
George R. Riddle, D. Macferron,
J. W. Hall, R. H. Knox,
Wm. Burgoyne, Wm. Park, James Graham.
GEO. R. RIDDLE, President.
JAS. H. RIDDLE, Cashier.
my15

PITTSBURGH Savings Bank,

No. 188 LIBERTY STREET.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

SIX PER CENT. allowed on Time Deposits. Discounts daily. Special attention paid to Collection and Remittances.

DIRECTORS:
John Heath, Simon Kaufman,
Jake Hill, Wm. S. Evans,
J. Ascheim, A. F. Baum,
B. L. Wood, Jr., Chas. L. Gehring.
J. T. STOCKDALE, President.
JNO. BIRMINGHAM, Cashier.
jy11:u73

Allegheny Real Estate Bank,

140 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY.

CAPITAL.........................$200,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Six per cent. allowed on time deposits. Discount daily. Special attention paid to Collection and Remittances.

DIRECTORS.
John Dean, Addison Lysle,
Hugh McNeill, Jacob Kopp,
Alex. Patterson, Martin Lappe,
Robert Taggart, John Megraw,
Joseph McNaugher.
JOHN DEAN, Pres't.
ADDISON LYSLE, Vice President.
W. M. PORTER, Cashier.

Bank open every Saturday Evening from 7 o'clock to 8½ o'clock for the accommodation of depositors.

DOLLAR SAVINGS BANK,

Of Allegheny City.

NO. 47 EAST DIAMOND STREET.

CAPITAL STOCK..................$100,000.

SIX PER CENT. INTEREST allowed on Time Deposits and compounds every six months.

Depositors can draw their money out without previous notice.

DIRECTORS:
Jonathan Gallaher, John A. Hermann,
John Kirkpatrick, Wm. H. Graham,
John Herchenrother, Thomas Mahon, M.D.,
Oliver Anderson.
JONATHAN GALLAGHER, President.
au3:w11 HENRY A. SPANGLER, Cashier.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK

Of Pittsburgh.

CASH CAPITAL, - - - - - $300,000.

INCORPORATED 1866.

Office: No. 83 FOURTH AVENUE,
(In Safe Deposit Co.'s Building.)

President—HENRY LLOYD.
Vice President—WILLIAM REA.

TRUSTEES:
Henry Lloyd, William Rea,
Thomas Wightman, E. P. Jones,
R. H. Hartley, Geo. W. Hailman,
Hon. J. K. Moorhead, Edward Gregg,
Hiram Stowe.

Secretary and Treasurer.
SIDNEY F. VON BONNHORST.

Six per cent. interest allowed on time deposits. Investments made in Government and Real Estate Securities.

Bank open daily, except Sundays, from nine o'clock A. M. to four o'clock P. M., and on Saturday Evening from six to nine o'clock. au8:w40

Commercial Banking Company,

No. 92 FOURTH AVENUE, PITTSBURGH.

CAPITAL..............................$300,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

W. H. EVERSON, President. W. C. MACRUM, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
Alexander Bates, John Lindsay,
A. H. English, N. G. Macrum,
W. H. Everson, John O. Phillips,
Wm. France, B. F. Wilson,
W. O. Hughart, R. S. Waring,
Jacob Klee.

Collections made on all accessible points of the United States and Canada.

Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Prompt attention given to all business of Correspondents.

N. Holmes & Sons,

BANKERS,

No. 57 Market Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

Stocks, Bonds and Other Securities Bought and Sold on Commission.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

United States Securities.

fe13

CITY BANK,

112 Fifth Avenue,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

CAPITAL...............................$100,000.

STOCHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Interest Paid on Deposits.

FOREIGN EXCHANGE bought and sold, and when desired remitted to Europe. Collections made on all and in all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

DOMINICK IHMSEN, President.
H. A. FREYVOGLE, Vice President.
J. W. TAYLOR, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
D. Ihmsen, Charles Maginn,
Terrence Campbell, J. S. Adams,
Thomas Rourke, Theo. E. Tack,
Thomas Barnes, James Callery,
R. J. Grace, H. A. Freyvogle,
James Phelan, P. Le Goulton, P. Kane.
ja17:k5 JOS. M. GAZZAM, Solicitor.

Hart, Caughey & Co.,

BANKERS AND BROKERS,

Cor. Fourth Ave. and Wood St.,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

(Successors to Hanna, Hart & Co.

DEALERS IN

Exchange, Coin, Coupons,

And particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

GOVERNMENT BONDS.

Also, Sight Drafts on London.

de1:s82

THE National Trust Co.,

No. 423 PENN STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Capital, - - - $100,000.

STOCKHOLDERS INDIVIDUALLY LIABLE.

Deposits of $1 and upward received.

Deposits received and 6 per cent interest allowed on Time Deposits. Particular attention given to Collections and proceeds promptly remitted. Discount days TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS.

DIRECTORS:
Robert Dickson, Jacob Ahl,
James M. Taylor, Edwin Miles,
Wm. B. Brickel, Charles H. Armstrong,
Wm. Smith, Wm. J. Friday,
James Taylor, M. Graver,
P. Kane, C. Van Buren,
H. Gerwig.
President—ROBERT DICKSON.
Vice President—JAMES M. TAYLOR.
mh6:m29 ROBERT J. GRIER, Cashier.

MAX SCHAMBERG,

No. 163 Smithfield Street,

(Be een Sixth and Seventh avenues),

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Foreign Exchange,

OCEAN PASSAGE

AND

Railroad Tickets.

Collections Made

ON ALL PARTS OF EUROPE.

jy21:w54

Allegheny National Bank,

OF PITTSBURGH.

No. 33 Fifth Avenue.

CAPITAL STOCK, $500,000.

J. W. COOK, President.
R. W. MACKEY, Vice President.
W. McCANDLESS, [illegible]

FINANCIAL.

American Bank

No. 80 FOURTH AVENUE,
Pittsburgh.

CASH CAPITAL, ...$200,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable.

BANK OF DEPOSIT AND DISCOUNT.

JOHN FLOYD, President. WM. FLOYD, Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
Thomas M. Marshall, John M. Murtland,
Wm. T. Shannon, Archibald Wallace,
Janet W. Arrott, James D. Kelly,
Charles B. Leech, William Floyd.
John Floyd,

Collections made to all points in the United States and Canadas. Prompt attention paid to correspondents.

jel0:k48

TRADESMENS NAT'L BANK,

Wood Street, cor. Second Ave.

Capital, - - $400,000

Accounts of Banks, Merchants and individuals solicited.

Interest allowed on time deposits. We promise careful attention to all business entrusted to our care.

A. BRADLEY, President.
WM. VANKIRK, Vice President.
CYRUS CLARKE, Jr., Cashier.
se2

Security Trust Co.

Incorporated by the Legislature of Pennsylvania.

No. 64 WOOD STREET,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL.

$1,000,000.

CHARTER PERPETUAL.

President...........................DAVID GREGG.

DIRECTORS.
James T. Brady, Hon. Robt. McKnight,
B. L. Fahnestock, Hartley Howard,
Danuel Euwer, L. J. Blanchard,
David Gregg, C. S. Fetterman,
Wm. Wills, J. V. McDonald,
Philip Bentel, Benj. Singerly.

Dealers in Government Bonds.

Deposits solicited and interest allowed on same. Dividends, Coupons, etc., collected without charge. All classes of Securities bought and sold on commission.

ja29:j74

PEOPLES' SAVINGS BANK

OF ALLEGHENY.

Corner of Federal and Lacock Streets.

CAPITAL.................................$100,000.

Stockholders Individually Liable. Interest allowed on Time Deposits.

Open from 6 to 8 o'clock Saturday evenings to receive deposits.

SAMUEL H. HARTMAN, President.
E. P. YOUNG, Cashier.
S. C. SCHOYER, Solicitor.

DIRECTORS:
Samuel H. Hartman, Robert Forrester,
R. B. Megraw, J. C. Patterson,
S. B. Smith, Samuel Dyer,
Richard Jenkinson, W. H. Burt,
pl:o22-MWF W. G. Gibson

Ira B. McVay & Co.,

BANKERS.

DUNBAR IRON COMPANY

First Mortgage Bonds.

Whole Mortgage is for $400,000 on a property valued at $1,000,000. But $65,000 of the loan remaining unsold.

TEN PER CENT. INTEREST,

Free from all Taxes,

FOR SALE AT PAR AND INTEREST.

IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Bankers,
Cor. Fourth Ave. and Smithfield Street.

THE Chicago, Danville & Vincennes RAILROAD

Is the shortest line between Chicago and the BLOCK COAL region of Indiana. The importance and success of the road is proved by the fact that since its being opened to coal traffic in January last, it has earned a handsome dividend upon its stock, beside interest on its bonds.

The First Mortgage 7 per cent. Gold Bonds issued by this Company, to an amount of less than $19,000 per mile, have been sold very rapidly during the past few months to Trust Companies, Savings Banks, and the most careful investors. Only a small amount of the loan remains unsold.

The Bonds are for $1,000 each and have thirty years to run. Interest payable April and October. Present price 90 and accrued interest. At present premium on gold, they pay nearly 9 per cent. upon the investment.

Maps, statement of earnings, and full particulars furnished upon application to

S. McCLEAN & CO.,
61 Fourth Avenue.
OR TO
W. B. SHATTUCK & CO., Bankers,
23 Nassau Street, New York,
au26:x65-d&S GENERAL AGENTS.

Dollar Savings Bank

NO. 124 FOURTH AVE.

CHARTERED IN 1855.

ASSETS, - - - - - - $3,625,858.34.

Open daily from 9 to 3 o'clock, and on SATURDAY EVENINGS, from May 1st to November 1st, from 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

Deposits received of all sums not less than ONE DOLLAR, and a dividend of the profits declared twice a year, in June and December. Interest has been declared semi-annually in June and December, since the Bank was organized, at the rate of Six Per Cent. a year.

Interest, if not drawn out, is placed to the credit of the depositors as principal, and bears the same interest from the first days of June and December, compounding twice a year, without trouble to the depositor to call, or even to present his pass book. At this rate money will double in less than twelve years.

Books containing the Charter, By-Laws, Rules and Regulations, furnished gratis, on application at the office.

PRESIDENT—JAMES HERDMAN.

VICE PRESIDENTS.
George Albree, A. M. Pollock, M. D.,
Hill Burgwin, Robert Robb,
Benj. L. Fahnestock, John H. Shoenberger,
James B. D. Meeds, James Shidle,
Isaac M. Pennock, Alexander Speer,
William Phillips, Christian Yeager.

TRUSTEES.
W. J. Anderson, James D. Kelly,
Calvin Adams, Henry J. Lynch,
John C. Bindley, Peter A. Maderia,
John G. Backofen, John Marshall,
George Black, Walter P. Marshall,
D. W. C. Carroll, William Means,
Wm. H. Cluley, John B. McFadden,
Charles A. Colton, David McCandless,
John Evans, Henry W. Oliver, Jr.,
John J. Gillespie, Ormsby Phillips,
Wm. S. Haven, Wm. E. Schmertz,
Peter H. Hunker, Alexander Tindle,
Richard Hays, William Vankirk.
TREASURER—CHARLES A. COLTON.
SECRETARY—JAMES B. D. MEEDS.

Absolute Security!

OVER TEN PER CENT. INCOME.

ARKANSAS STATE LOAN.

A Limited Number Offered at

70 CENTS AND ACCRUED INTEREST.

These Bonds were issued under act of the Legislature for the purpose of assisting the "Arkansas Central Railway," in accordance with Section 6 of the Constitution of the State of Arkansas, which provides as follows: "The credit of the State or counties shall never be loaned for any purpose without the consent of the people thereof expressed through the ballot box," which act was submitted to the people at the general election held in November, 1868, and unanimously ratified by them. The Legislature of the State has no power to grant any additional aid whatever, consequently the debt of the State cannot be increased except by amending the Constitution through a vote of the whole people.

As an additional security, these Bonds are guaranteed by the Arkansas Central Railway by special indorsement, recorded as a mortgage in every county through which the line passes, acting as a direct lien upon the property of the Company, its Real Estate, Rolling Stock and Franchises.

It is recited in every bond: "*The faith and credit of this State are hereby solemnly and irrevocably pledged for the payment of the interest and the redemption of the principal of this bond.*"

Every possible safeguard surrounds them to protect the holder from the dangers of corruption and fraud.

Unlike ordinary Railway Bonds, those now offered are negotiable at any time on the New York Stock Exchange, as may be observed from the daily stock quotations.

The Bonds are of the denominations of $1000 each, payable to bearer, and are therefore negotiable by simple delivery. The interest coupons attached to each bond are payable semi-annually at the office of the Union Trust Co., in New York, by the Treasurer of the State, on the 1st day of October and April in each year, until the principal of the Bonds are redeemed at par in 1899.

Address,

Williams & Bostwick,
Bankers, No. 49 Wall street, New York, or the
ARKANSAS CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.,
No. 12 Pine street, New York.

Maps, Pamphlets and Circulars, giving full particulars of this loan, can be had on application to

HART, CAUGHEY & CO.,
AND
IRA B. McVAY & CO.,
Bankers, Agents in Pittsburgh.
au7:w24-MWF

JUDSON'S PATENT

Engine Governors & Registers,

PATENT GAUGE COCKS.

A full stock always on hand. Liberal discount to Engine Builders.

M. B. COCHRAN,
Dealer in Machinery and Supplies,
143 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Woodworth Planers a Specialty.
mh4:MWF

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—AFTER June 2d, 1872, Trains will arrive and depart as follows:

EASTWARD. Through Trains Leave Union Depot.		WESTWARD. Through Trains Arrive at Union Depot.	
Pacific Express	1:58am	Mail Train	1:05pm
Mail Train	7:35am	Fast Line	1:35am
Cincinnati Ex.	12:50pm	Cincinnati Ex.	2:05am
Phila. Ex.	5:10pm	Southern Ex.	9:10am
Fast Line	7:10pm	Thro' Pass'ger	1:35pm
		Pacific Express	1:35pm
		Way Passenger	6:00pm
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Homewood Ac. No. 1	6:10am	Wall's No. 1	6:50am
Wall's No. 2	7:55am	Homewood Ac.	7:50am
Wall's No. 3	10:20am	Brinton Accom. No. 1	7:50am
Wall's No. 4	11:51am	Wall's No. 2	8:30am
Wall's No. 5	3:20pm	Wall's No. 3	10:00am
Johnstown Ac.	4:05pm	Wall's No. 4	1:50pm
Brinton Accom. No. 1	4:45pm	Wall's No. 5	4:30pm
Braddock's Ac'n No. 1	5:30pm	Wall's No. 6	5:50pm
Wall's No. 6	6:05pm	Brinton Accom. No. 2	6:50pm
Brin on Accom. No. 2	9:30pm	Braddock's Ac'n No. 1	7:00pm
Wall's Ac. No. 7	11:05pm	Brinton Accom. No. 3	11:10pm

Cincinnati Express, Pacific Express and Brinton Accommodation No. 2 leave daily. All other trains daily except sunday.

PACIFIC EXPRESS, leaving Pittsburgh at 1:38 A. M., arrives at Harrisburg 9:35 A. M.; Philadelphia 1:30 P. M.; Baltimore 1:15 P. M.; Washington 3:40 P. M.; New York 4:29 P. M.

CINCINNATI EXPRESS, leaving Pittsburgh at 12:50 P. M.; arrives at Harrisburg 10:15 P. M.; Philadelphia 2:40 A. M.; Baltimore 2:15 A. M.; Washington 5:00 A. M.; New York, 6:10 A. M.

PHILADELPHIA EXPRESS, leaving Pittsburgh at 5:10 P. M., arrives at Harrisburg 2:40 A. M.; Philadelphia 6:50 A. M.; New York, 10:14 A. M.

FAST LINE, leaving Pittsburgh at 7:10 P. M., arrives at Harrisburg 3:20 A. M.; Philadelphia 7:30 A. M.; Baltimore 7:00 A. M.; Washington 10 A. M.; New York, 10:14 A. M.

The Church Train leaves Wall's Station every Sunday at 9:15 A. M., reaching Pittsburgh at 10:05 A. M. Returning, leave Pittsburgh at 12:30 P. M. and arrive at Wall's Station at 2:05 P. M.; Leave Pittsburgh at 9:20 P. M.; arrive at Brinton's at 10:20 P. M.

CITY TICKET OFFICE.

For the convenience of the citizens of Pittsburgh, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company have opened a City Ticket Office at No. 78 Fifth avenue, corner of Smithfield street, where Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets to principal stations can be purchased at any hour of the day or evening, at the same rates as are charged at the depot.

Baggage will be checked through to destination from hotels and residences by the Excelsior Baggage Express Co. on orders left at the Ticket office.

THOS. E. WATT, Agent,
78 Fifth avenue,
or WM. B. STOREY, Agent,
Union Depot.
A. J. CASSATT,
je3 General Manager, Philadelphia, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, WASHINGTON & BALTIMORE RAILROAD. CONNELLSVILLE ROUTE. On and after Sunday, August 18, 1872, Trains will arrive and depart from Depot, corner Grant and Water streets, Pittsburgh, as follows:

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Through Mail	6:00am	McKeesport Accomm'n No. 1	6:40am
Braddock Ac	6:30am	Braddock's Ac No. 1	7:55am
Mixed Way	9:00am	West Newton Ac.	8:55am
McKeesport Accomm'n No. 1	11:00am	Confluence	10:40am
Confluence	3:30pm	McKeesport Accomm'n No. 2	2:05pm
West Newton Ac.	4:35pm	Mixed Way	3:30pm
Braddock's Ac.	5:20pm	Through Mail	3:55pm
McKeesport Accomm'n No. 2	6:15pm	Braddock's Ac No. 2	[illegible]
McKeesport Accomm'n No. 3	11:00pm	McKeesport Accomm'n No. 3	9:00pm
Sunday Church Train	1:00pm	Sunday Church Train	10:05am

* Sunday only.

All other trains daily except Sunday.

Through Mail and Confluence Accommodation make connection at Broad Ford and Connellsville for Mt. Pleasant and Uniontown.

THROUGH MAIL MAKES CONNECTIONS AT BRIDGEPORT FOR BEDFORD SPRINGS.

CENTRAL TICKET OFFICE.

For the convenience of citizens of Pittsburgh, the Pittsburgh, Washington & Baltimore Railway Company have opened a Central Ticket Office at 43 Fifth avenue, corner of Fifth avenue and Wood street, in First National Bank Building, where Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets and Local Tickets to all points on the line of the P. W. & B. Railway can be procured, at any hour of the day or evening at same rates as are charged at Depot.

Baggage will be checked through to destination from hotels and residences by W. Armstrong's Baggage Express, on orders left at this office.

For further information apply to

W. B. BROBST, Agent,
Passenger Agent, No. 43 Fifth avenue,
E. K. HYNDMAN,
General Superintendent,
jy29 Pittsburgh, Pa.

PITTSBURGH, FORT WAYNE & CHICAGO RAILWAY. CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH RAILWAY. From June 2d, 1872, Trains will leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, City Time, as follows:

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:58am	Pacific Express	1:12am
Cl. & Wh'g M'l	6:42am	Wheeling Ex.	10:53am
Erie & Yo. Ex.	7:13am	Chicago Express	1:53pm
Chicago Mail	7:22am	Ch. & St. L. Ex.	4:18pm
Pacific Express	9:43am	Cleveland Ex.	4:13pm
Cl. & Wh'g Ex.	2:22pm	Erie & Yo. Ex.	5:23pm
Chicago Express	2:43pm	Cl. & W'g Ex.	6:43pm
Wellsville Ex.	5:13pm	Chicago Mail	9:18pm
Erie Express	4:43pm	Erie Express	11:16pm
DEPART FROM ALLEGH'Y.		ARRIVE IN ALLEGHENY.	
Beaver Falls Ac.	6:28am	Leetsdale Accom	6:58am
Leetsdale Accom	10:23am	Beaver Falls Ac.	8:08am
Leetsdale Accom	11:53am	Enon Accom	8:58am
New Castle Ac.	1:32pm	New Castle Ac.	10:23am
Enon Accom	3:58pm	Leetsdale Accom	2:23pm
Leetsdale Accom	5:28pm	Beaver Falls Ac.	2:23pm
Beaver Falls Ac.	6:23pm	Leetsdale Accom	4:28pm
Leetsdale Accom	10:43pm	Leetsdale Accom	7:33pm
Fair Oaks Sunday church	12:43pm	Fair Oaks Sunday church	9:58am

Chicago Express leaves daily. Chicago Express arrives daily.

Fast Line leaves daily, Mondays excepted. Pacific Express arrives daily, Mondays excepted.

All other trains will leave and arrive daily, Sundays excepted.

F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
J. N. McCULLOUGH,
General Manager.

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.
NEW LINE TO BUFFALO THROUGH THE OIL REGIONS.

On and after MONDAY, July 15, 1872, THREE THROUGH TRAINS daily, (except Sunday) will leave and arrive at Pittsburgh, city time, for Franklin, Oil City, Buffalo, and all points in Western and Central New York.

	LEAVES.	ARRIVES.
Day Express	7:10am	8:25pm
Night Express	10:40pm	6:15am
Mail	10:50am	4:45pm
First Hulton Accommodation	6:40am	8:20am
First Soda Works Accom'on	12:30pm	[illegible]
Parnassus Accommodation	11:40am	8:05am
Brady's Bend Accommoda'n	3:25pm	10:20am
Second Hulton Accommoda'n	5:00pm	8:55am
Second Soda Works Acom'n	6:00pm	5:55pm
Third Hulton Accommoda'n	6:50pm	5:45pm
Special Parker Train (Sunday)	7:10am	7:30pm

A Special Sunday train leaves Pittsburgh every Sunday at 7:10 A. M., arriving at Parker at 11:25 A. M. Returning, leaves Parker at 4:40 pm and arrives at Pittsburgh at 8:35 pm.

Church train to and from Soda Works (Sundays) arrives at Pittsburgh 9:30 am and leaves at 12:50 pm.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars on night Express trains between Pittsburgh and Titusville. Through coaches on Day Express trains between Pittsburgh and Brocton.

Through Tickets, Commutation Tickets, and Local Tickets can be procured at the Ticket Offices, No. 78 Fifth avenue, and in the Union Depot.

J. J. LAWRENCE, Gen. Sup't., Pittsburgh.
JAS. H. BEAY, Ticket Agent.

PITTSBURGH, CINCINNATI AND ST. LOUIS RAILWAY. Pan-Handle Route.

After June 2d, 1872, trains leave from and arrive at the Union Depot, Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh time.

DEPART.		ARRIVE.	
Fast Line	1:58am	Southern Ex.	1:13am
Columbus Mail	7:13am	McDonald Ac.	6:58am
Wash. Accom	8:53am	Wash. Accom	8:28am
Pacific Express	9:43am	Steubenville Ac.	10:08am
McDonald Ac.	11:53am	Cincinnati Ex.	12:23pm
Southern Ex.	3:13pm	McDonald Ac.	3:38pm
Steubenville Ac.	4:28pm	Columbus Mail	5:28pm
McDonald Ac.	6:13pm	Fast Line	6:48pm
Sunday Church train	12:58pm	Sunday Church train	10:03am

3:13 pm Southern Express will leave daily.
12:23 pm Cincinnati Express will arrive daily.
All other Trains will run daily, except Sundays.

Trains on Chartiers Railroad will leave Mansfield on the arrival of Washington Accommodation, leaving Pittsburgh at 8:53 am and Steubenville Accommodation leaving Pittsburgh at 4:28 pm, returning will connect at Mansfield with Washington Accommodation due in Pittsburgh at 8:23 am, and Mail Train due in Pittsburgh at 5:38 pm.

Sleeping Cars, without change to Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis and St. Louis.

F. R. MYERS,
General Passenger and Ticket Agent.
J. N. McCULLOUGH,
je3 General Manager.

WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. On and after Monday, June 3d, 1872, the Passenger Trains on the Western Pennsylvania Railroad will leave from and arrive at the Federal street Depot, Allegheny City, as follows, (Allegheny time):

ARRIVE.		DEPART.	
Springdale No. 1	6:25am	Mail	6:55am
Freeport No. 1	8:35am	Freeport No. 1	9:35am
Express	10:30am	Claremont Ac.	11:35am
Claremont Ac.	1:18pm	Springdale No. 1	3:45pm
Freeport No. 2	2:35pm	Express	3:35pm
Mail	5:35pm	Freeport No. 2	4:35pm
Springdale No. 2	6:20pm	Springdale No. 2	6:35pm

The above Trains run daily except Sunday.

The Church Train leaves Freeport every Sunday at 8:10 A. M., reaching Allegheny City at 9:50 A. M. Returning, leaves Allegheny City at 12:50 P. M., and arrives at Freeport at 2:50 P. M.

The 6:50 A. M. train and 3:35 P. M. train from Allegheny City make direct connection for Butler.

For further information apply to

JAMES LEFFERTS, Agent,
Federal Street Depot.

Local Tickets to all important stations on the main line of the Pennsylvania Central Railroad.

A. J. CASSATT,
General Manager, Philadelphia, Pa.
ROBT. NEILSON,
je3 Superintendent, Blairsville.

WHOLESALE GROCERS, &c.

LAING & M'KALLIP,

Wholesale Dealers in

GRAIN FLOUR AND FEED

Louisville and Rosendale Hydraulic Cement,
PERRYSBURG WHITE LIME,
AND ANTHRACITE COAL.
347, 411 and 413 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

"GUIDING STAR"

FLOUR.

Fresh arrivals of the celebrated "Guiding Star" brand of

White Wheat Flour,

In store and for sale by

Watt, Lang & Co.

au30

ROBERT J. LAW. JOHN McDOWELL.

LAW & McDOWELL,

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

And Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Flour, Grain, Feed and Produce.

No. 39 SOUTH DIAMOND STREET, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.

Orders for shipment promptly executed. Particular attention given to consignment of all kinds of Country Produce.

jy22:p43

A. SARRICKS & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

And Wholesale Dealers in

Flour, Grain, Seeds, Feed, Apples, Potatoes, Salt, Butter, Eggs, Cheese.

And all kinds of Produce. Particular attention paid to consignments. No. 360 LIBERTY STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa.

au26:p4

JOHN PORTERFIELD & CO,

FAMILY GROCERS,

And dealers in best brands of ST. LOUIS FLOUR.

No. 15 MARKET STREET,
no14-h20 Corner of First avenue.

L. J. BLANCHARD,

Wholesale and Retail Grocer,

No. 396 Penn Street.

JOHN SHIPTON. A. WALLACE.

SHIPTON & WALLACE, WHOLESALE GROCERS AND PRODUCE DEALERS, No. 8 Sixth avenue, Pittsburgh.

CHARLES H. ARMSTRONG

DEALER IN

Youghiogheny and Connellsville Coal,

AND MANUFACTURER OF

COAL, SLACK AND DESULPHURIZED COKE.

OFFICE AND YARD, corner Butler and Morton streets, Liberty and Clymer streets, Ninth ward, and Second street, [illegible] ward, and at the foot of [illegible] street, P. & C. R. R. [illegible] ward.

Orders left at the above offices, or addressed to me through P. O., will receive prompt attention.

Refer to whom [illegible] supplying: Hussey, Wells & Co., Wm. Smith, Union Iron Mills, S. S. Fowler & Co., Mitchell, Stevenson & Co., Bissell & Co., Graff & Hugus, Alexander Bradley, Park, Bro. & Co., Park, McCurdy & Co., Reese, Graff & Dull, Wm. M. [illegible] & Co., J. B. Lyon & Co., James Marshall [illegible] Bro. [illegible] & Co., Union Depot Hotel [illegible]

HOME NEWS.

RALLY TO-NIGHT.

Grand Mass Meeting at City Hall—Hon. Zach Chandler of Michigan to Deliver the Address.

Arrangements have been made for a grand mass meeting to-night at City Hall, at which the Hon. Zach Chandler of Michigan will deliver an address. The gentleman is considered one of the finest speakers on the stump, and as the Senator from Michigan, has won a reputation second to none of his contemporaries. He is on his way home from a canvass in Maine where he has been speaking during the last few weeks. In order that he may be worthily received, it is requested that all the marching clubs turn out in full force and escort him to the Hall. Turn out Republicans and show that you are fully aroused to the duty of the hour.

Almost a Riot.

At a late hour on Saturday night a disturbance occurred on the Seventh street road, East Liberty, which bordered on a riot. The riot was caused, as usual, by the use of too much bad whisky. Unfortunately the police, though notified, did not arrive in time to make any arrests, and the affair resulted in nothing more serious than two or three broken heads.

The McClintock Property.

This beautiful estate, on the Perrysville Road, is now ready for the market. The Executors have fixed Friday, the 13th instant, for the day of sale. A very large attendance and spirited competition may confidently be anticipated on that occasion. The plans are now in Mr. Leggate's hands, who will supply all applicants.

Pole Raising.

On last Saturday night the Grant and Wilson Club of Mount Oliver planted a pole on which they placed the stars and stripes. The occasion was celebrated by music, and speaking by Mr. Dalos A. Giles. During the evening a crowd of roughs attempted to break up the meeting by cheering for Greeley, threatening to whip the crowd, etc. After enduring the interruption for a time the Grant boys turned on them and easily dispersed them.

Allegheny Mortuary Report.

The following is a report of the deaths that have occurred in Allegheny City during the week ending Saturday, September 7th.

Consumption, 3; Diptheria, 1; Cholera Infantum, 3; Pneumonia, 3; Typhoid Fever, 1; Diarrhoea, 1; Cholera Morbus, 1; Brain Fever, 1; Dropsy, 1; Colic, 1; Consumption of the bowels, 1; Intermittent Fever, 1; Croup, 2; Marasmus, 1. White 20, Colored 1; Males 12, Females 9. Of these, 6 were under 1 year of age, from 1 to 2, 3; from 2 to 5, 2; from 5 to 10, 2; from 10 to 20, 1; from 20 to 30, 2; from 30 to 40, 2; from 40 to 50, 2; from 50 to 60, 1; total 21.

A Marching Club Assaulted.

On Saturday night another of those unpleasant interruptions occurred to a Grant Marching Club, resulting in the serious injury of one of the members. At the time mentioned the South Side Grant and Wilson Club was peaceably parading the streets of Ormsby when some ruffian threw a brick into their ranks, striking a young man on the head and inflicting a severe wound. The South Side seems peculiarly unfortunate in regard to such disturbances, as this is the third one of this character they have had this campaign. They should have the Ninth ward boys over there a short time.

Paying for Their Fun.

Matters were decidedly lively at the Greeley meeting on Saturday night, the dull monotony of the occasion being broken by the several fights and rows. Several persons present amused themselves by throwing melon rines into the crowd without caring whom they struck. While Chief Clark was standing in the edge of the crowd with one of his detectives, some one threw a piece of melon and knocked off the the hat of the Chief. He and the detectives immediately started in pursuit of the young rascals, and found them in the persons of three colored boys, about fifteen years of age. They stayed all night in the lockup, and yesterday morning were fined three dollars and costs each. A man who was arrested at the meeting for fighting was fined ten dollars and costs.

Disposing of the Giles Case.

An anxious public will gladly hear that the man of many troubles—Giles—has at last arranged his little difficulties of a domestic nature—or rather the Court has for him. On Friday Giles appeared in Court, and after making a statement of the affair, a plea of guilty of committing an assault and battery upon his wife was received by the Court. In the beginning it was stated that the prosecutrix, Mrs. G. No. 2 had permanently removed beyond the jurisdiction of the Court, and the Court allowed the District Attorney to enter a *nolle pros.* on the payment of costs by defendant. On Saturday morning Mr. Giles again presented himself for sentence on the assault and battery case. He stated that he and his lawful wife are living together happily, and that their domestic relations are now of the most pleasant character. The Court then sentenced the defendant to pay the costs of prosecution and a fine of ten dollars.

Presidency of the Northern Pacific Railroad.

The New York *Evening Post* of September 5th says:

The frequent rumors of the resignation by John Gregory Smith of the Presidency of the Northern Pacific Railroad have at last been confirmed by the action of that corporation's Board of Directors. Mr. Smith's retirement from the office was induced partly by the condition of his health; principally by the demand upon all his time made by the Vermont Central Railroad combination, of which he is the head. The Directors of the Northern Pacific have accepted Mr. Smith's resignation, and elected as his successor George W. Cass, distinguished in American railroad enterprises, and recently the President of the Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago line. Mr. Cass will take up his residence permanently in New York, and give his entire time and undivided attention to the Northern Pacific. His name will give the public assurance of a wise and successful management of the great enterprise he has been chosen to preside over.

State Convention Y. M. C. A.

The Fifth Annual State Convention of the Young Mens' Christian Association will meet in Carlisle on to-morrow, the 10th, and continue through the 11th and 12th.

Extensive preparations have been made, and an occasion of unusual interest is anticipated. The delegates from the Pittsburgh Association are as follows: Maj. Wm. Freid, Rev. S. A. Taggart, Rev. W. H. Knox, H. K. Porter, Prof. Wm. Johnson, R. A. Orr, W. E. Lincoln, Rev. Mr. Comingo, T. D. Logan, W. K. Jennings, Alex. Palmer, J. Robinson, E. Johnson, A. T. Moore, T. C. Kier. The delegates from Western Pennsylvania who have not obtained excursion tickets, can do so, at the rate of two cents per mile, either on Monday, Tuesday or Wednesday, at the rooms of the Association in this city. They also are requested to report at the rooms to-night, where a devotional meeting of all the delegates from Western Pennsylvania, passing through this city, will be held, and a lunch served previous to the departure of the midnight train for Harrisberg. This is a fine opportunity for a pleasant and profitable visit, as Carlisle, where the Convention meets, is historic, by reason of many memorable associations.

The Late Bishop Upfold—In Memoriam.

At a meeting of the Vestry of Trinity church, Pittsburgh, held Sept. 6th, 1872, the death of the Rt. Rev. George Upfold, D.D., was announced as having taken place at Indianapolis, Indiana, on Monday, August 26th. The following *minute* was adopted and a copy of the same ordered to be sent to the family of the deceased:

The Vestry of Trinity church, Pittsburgh, having learned with deep sorrow of the death of Bishop Upfold, Rector of this parish from 1831 till 1849, desire to record their sense of gratitude to God for the long life and ministry of him who, after peculiar trials and sufferings, long endured, has now entered into rest. They will always deem it a favor and a privilege that the best years of his manhood were spent here, and that so many fruits of his faithful ministry still remain to testify, as words cannot, as to the value of his labors here.

Warm-hearted, kind and courteous in manner, he bound men to him with the strongest ties; and in his life and conversation he illustrated the doctrines and duties which he taught.

This parish will never cease to recall the fact with pride that Bishop Upfold was the second of those who had ministered here in holy things, who was bidden of the Church to go up higher, being called to the office of Bishop. The Vestry, in behalf of the entire parish, would most respectfully offer the bereaved family and relatives of the deceased their sincere condolence in this hour of sorrow.

It is also ordered that the church be properly draped in mourning as a mark of respect for him who was indeed a good man, a faithful priest and a godly Bishop.

Amusements.

PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.—A fair audience greeted the management and their new company on Saturday evening, and at the matinee in the afternoon. During the recess, the house has been thoroughly renovated, touched up with fresh paint where needed, and the stage lengthened so as to give more stage room. The spacious entrance from Fifth avenue has also been improved, and on the whole, Pittsburgh now possesses, in the Opera House, probably the best arranged theater in the west, if not the largest. As to the new company engaged for the season, it promises fair, but the performance of Saturday night was not of a character to draw out its full strength and afforded no basis for criticism. In the intricate drama of "The Lone House," etc., which formed the leading feature, Mr. Gotthold had the prominent part and made it a very effective one by his judicious, spirited, and at times powerful action. At the end of the second act he was called before the curtain, and most unromantically sinking the melo-drama proceeded to talk business to his auditors in regard to the new company and the star attractions already booked. He gave assurances of a brilliant season, and one that would meet with the favor of the patrons of the drama in our city. His little talk was received with great satisfaction by his hearers. In the drama, Messrs. Meredith, Norris, Huntley, and Collings acquitted themselves well. Miss Cluer, Mary Rickords and Mrs. Baker were also well received. Some of these are new faces. In the afterpiece Mr. A. D. Bradley, late of the "Jane Coombs combination" appeared. He is a favorite actor here, and is announced as the stage manager for the season. We will speak of the company more specifically as occasion presents itself. An agreeable place of amusement will be a great boon to many people during the next two months, to relieve somewhat the excitement of the political world, and the Opera House promises well. This evening a sensational drama, entitled "Waiting For the Verdict," which has met with some success at the east, will be presented.

AMERICAN THEATRE.—For the week unusual attractions were presented by Mr. Aims, comprising ballet and vocal novelties, and character deli[illegible] some new stars in that line, [illegible] popular one with the masses.

LIBERAL LOGIC.

What They Say—Anything to Beat Grant—A Few Extracts.

There was another disturbance of the peaceful quiet of Allegheny on Saturday. Dem.-Libs having chosen that time to hold a meeting in the Third Ward Diamond square. They had a torchlight procession also, to give eclat to the occasion, and that procession was allowed to move along the thoroughfares without being subjected to the peculiar tactics, which its members, or its friends advocated and practice betimes when they become the spectators and Republicans the paraders. The meeting was presided over by the Hon. J. K. Moorhead, who spoke his piece in acceptance of the honor. The venerable political fossil after announcing that he "felt good" and venting other ejaculations expressive of his mental felicity, branched off into an allusion to his twenty year's knowledge of politics, from which he concluded that we had "too many rings," that "the thing was not right" and that General Grant was "about played out." He next bespoke the "prayerful attention" of his audience, to the speaker who was to follow, but before allowing that gentleman to come forward, got off the following precious bit of "Liberal" logic and decency:

"Where was Grant before the war broke out? What remarkable things did he do when he was a private citizen hauling wood to St. Louis. They do say the team got home sometimes pretty late, and occasionally it came home by itself, and with out any driver, and I don't doubt it in the least. I do not think I am stretching the matter much in calling General Grant nothing more nor less than a loafer."

The Hon. Mr. Moorhead then succumbed.

The next gentleman introduced was the "great war Governor Blair," of Michigan. Mr. Blair, with commendable modesty spent only the greater part of half an hour in recalling some of the salient points in his own eventful life, but managed to edge in the news that "Grant's administration is by odds the worst one we ever had. Instead of attending to his business when Congress adjourned, he collected his horses and dogs and went off to Long Branch. He was not willing to stay one half day in Washington in order to give audience to men who had been sitting up for days and nights, in order to argue with him and secure the defeat of his infamous bills." The gentleman from abroad being thus warmed up to the work, devoted a few moments to the demolition of Grant and the Republican party in general: told his hearers that one vote for Buckalew in October was worth two for Greeley in November, and closed his remarkably fervid and instructive address with this sublime adjuration to his Liberal friends:

"Put your shoulder to the wheel and keep it there until you win the victory, for I am sure you will; and when the election comes off we in Michigan will put our ears to the telegraph and send you back a greeting that will make the welkin ring from Louisiana to Maine."

Now if that shoulder doesn't get sore, and they win the victory, and Mr. Blair puts his ears to the telegraph and sends a greeting here, so terrific in its volume as to make the welkin ring as he describes—if all this comes to pass, we hope Mr. Blair, in the wild exuberance of his joy, will not forget to tell the astonished world how he worked those ears. His information ought to make a revolution in modern telegraphing.

The band played after this effort of the foreign gentleman, and then the crowd called for Mr. Marshall, who "responded in his usual happy manner." Especially felicitous was Mr. Marshall when he argued again that it wasn't the Republican party that freed the slaves; that it wasn't Grant that did anything at all in the war; that, in fact, "nobody had been nothing" in that little adjustment of national difficulties. Mr. Marshall closed with his conventional proposition for three cheers for the private soldier, which were given with a will—the heartiest cheers of the evening.

The meeting then adjourned.

LOCAL POLITICS.

Meeting in Reserve Township.

A Republican mass meeting was held at M. Wagenhauser's, on Spring Garden avenue, Reserve township, on Saturday night. The following officers were elected:

President—C. G. Hammer, Esq.

Vice Presidents—Messrs. Lorenzo Woeffel, Fred Beckert, Sr., M. Wagenhauser, George Kiefer, Christian Baum, Henry Goetzinger, Jno. George Smith, John Ramage, Henry Geyer, Peter Fernof, W. M. H. Stinpel, Wm. Neeb, J. F. Hanekotte, Emanuel Hang, John Hoerchenrocher, Rudolph Luy, Jr., Jacob Becker, John Bair, George W. Evans, John Voeghtly, Jr., Richard S. Hammer, Jacob Mutzig, Charles Lambus, Henry Hoerchenroether, John Welkleman and Christ Froehlich.

Secretaries—Reporters of the press.

The meeting was addressed by Messrs. Fred Luty in German, and H. A. Collier in English. After giving three cheers for the Republican candidates, the meeting adjourned.

The Sixth Ward Club.

A meeting of the Sixth ward marching club was held on Saturday night at the Ann Street School House. Mr. J. Hope was elected Captain, and Lieutenant Fowler promoted to Major of the Battalion of that district. Mr. William Burns was elected Adjutant. Another meeting of the club will be held this evening.

Meeting at Colfax School House.

A very large Republican mass meeting was held on Saturday evening at the Colfax school house. The meeting was organized by the election of the following officers:

President—J. W. Brown, Esq.

Vice Presidents—Messrs. John Adams, John B. Sneathen, Edward Taylor, John McIlwaine, Wm. Andrews, Wm. H. Irwin, Andrew Lutch, N. B. Dilworth, Wm. Lodey, Charles Phillips, Charles Wightman, James Craig, D. W. Blatchford, Robert Rea, Captain W. Howe, William Alderson, J. Irwin, J. A. Chambers, William Bowers.

Secretary—J. Irwin.

The meeting was addressed by Major Montooth and Scott Ferguson, Esq. The meeting then adjourned, giving three cheers for the Republican candidates.

Seventh Ward Allegheny.

A large Republican meeting was held on Saturday night at Lutz and Waltz's, in the Seventh ward, Allegheny, Mr. Charles L. Goehring was elected President, with the following list of Vice Presidents. Messrs. A. Weise, J. F. Beilstein, A. Arent, Wm. Bender, Peter Huhneshayn, John Berth, John Banron, Casper Rahn, John Meyerhofer, John Witzler, J. Meyers, George Beilstein, John Metz, S. Cole, Jesse Edmundson, G. Hasly, Joseph Stout, Nic Eigenberg, H. Ridle, John Wich, Joseph Harper, John Gerach.

The meeting was addressed in English by Messrs. A. R. Mosher, and Major Samuel Harper, and by Fred Luty, Esq., in German.

Meeting of Clubs.

There was a large meeting of Grant clubs at City Hall, Saturday evening. Representatives of twenty-six marching clubs were present. They agreed to the programme as laid down by the Resident Committee for a torch-light procession on the 18th, and adjourned to meet at the same place Tuesday evening at half-past seven o'clock to announce assistant marshals, aids, etc. A full attendance is requested.

Fifth Ward Allegheny Club.

A meeting of the Fifth ward Allegheny Grant Wilson and Hartranft Club was held on Saturday night, for the purpose of electing officers of the Marching Club. Frank Kreps was elected Captain, Leon Long, First Lieutenant, and John Weymer Second Lieutenant. A committee was appointed to make arrangements to procure uniforms.

SERENADE AND AN INTERRUPTION.

Compliments of the Ninth Ward Grant Club to Gen. Negley—The Club Assaulted and Five of the Rioters Captured.

The Ninth ward Grant and Wilson Marching Club, with Capt. Taylor at the head, turned out on Saturday night, one hundred and forty in number, and led by the Great Western Band, they visited the residence of General Negley for the purpose of giving him a serenade. After a few national airs by the band, the General appeared and made a short but very interesting address. Speeches were also delivered by Messrs. Charles H. Armstrong and John H. Stewart. At the close of the speeches the General invited his friends into the house where a most sumptuous repast was spread. To this the Grant boys did ample justice and turned their steps homeward.

Everything had passed off very pleasantly and the members of the club were congratulating themselves upon the success of the affair. But when on Penn avenue near Thirty-first street, they were assaulted by a crowd of roughs who threw sticks and stones into their ranks. The Club made a charge on the rioters and succeeded in capturing five of them. These they marched to the lock-up and turned over to the tender mercies of Capt. Garrison. They were furnished with free accommodations for the night and yesterday morning the Mayor fined each of them $50 and costs. If we had the Ninth Ward Club on duty a Grant Club might parade the streets without fear of interruption.

LORINGER'S NEW TRIAL.

The South Pittsburgh Homicide—The Second Trial to Commence To-day.

The case of Peter Loringer charged with the murder of Jacob Duffield, will occupy the attention of the Criminal Court to-day. It will be remembered that Duffield an old man was, attacked by several young men in South Pittsburgh one Saturday evening, and received injuries from which he died in a few minutes. Peter Loringer, a youth about nineteen years of age was charged with being one of the parties to the murder, and was tried for the offence several months ago, when a verdict of murder in the second degree was rendered against him. Subsequently, upon the application of his counsel a new trial was granted on the ground of some informality in receiving the testimony of a little boy who was the principal witness. This second trial has been fixed for to-day—but it is possible the case will run through two or three days.

The matter creates a great deal of interest on the South Side, and the attendance at the trial, of witnesses as well as spectators, will be very large. At the time of the first trial the testimony was published in the GAZETTE and our readers will have no difficulty in recalling its salient features.

PERSONALS.

***Hon. J. K. Moorhead said in his Saturday evening speech, Grant was nothing more nor less than a loafer. Well we suppose Mr. Moorhead knows as he usually spent his time when in Washington hanging around the White House,—that is, when he could get in.

***The Ohio *Statesman* speaks of one of our ministerial friends in this wise: "Rev. Dr. Pershing, who preaches the dedicatory sermon at the new German Methodist church to-morrow morning, is reported to be one of the most eloquent ministers of Pennsylvania. He is President of the Pittsburgh Female College; a fine scholar; one of the finest pulpit orators in the country, and is said to have no equal but Bishop Simpson in Pennsylvania. His influence is unbounded."

Buy Your Fall Hat

At Wm. Fleming & Co.'s, No. 139 Wood street, and get a bargain.

BREVITIES.

....General activity in business circles.

....Get your flags ready for the Soldier's Convention.

....Many Pittsburghers spent yesterday at Cresson.

....The different ice stands were well patronized yesterday.

....Trinity Chimes still attract a large crowd on Sabbath evening.

....The last rose in summer will likely be followed by a rise in coal.

....Yesterday was another very warm day, and had a telling effect on church goers.

....A few more days like yesterday and this seasons' ice crop will be entirely consumed.

....The deer killing season has commenced—and several of our local Nimrods are buckling on the armor.

....Our iron manufacturers have difficulty in filling the vast number of orders with which they are overwhelmed.

....Many Pittsburgh manufacturers will exhibit specimens of their goods at the State Fair in Erie which opens in a few days.

....Eighteen applications for second and final naturalization papers were made in court on Saturday, and four first applications.

....A combination has been formed by the coal men, raising the price of coal, and no deviation from rates will be permitted.

....In the case of Joseph Yeager, the druggist, of 581 Penn street, who was charged with rape by Rachael Morgan, the Grand jury has ignored the bill.

....On Friday night a brick shed in Barclay's brick yard, on Sedgwick street, Allegheny, caught fire and was destroyed. Loss about one hundred dollars.

....Sheridan Post 88, G. A. R., of Allegheny, was to have held a pic-nic on last Thursday, but were prevented by the rain. It will take place on next Wednesday at Monitor grove.

....Mr. John B. Hall, of the firm of Hall and Speer, has sold his country residence at Woods Run to William McKee, Esq., for ninety thousand dollars. The lot contained twenty-seven acres.

....Francis O'Hanlon and William Dagnell, rowed a single scull race on the upper Monongahela course on last Saturday afternoon for $200 per side. The race was over a course of three miles, and was won by O'Hanlon in twenty-five minutes.

....About noon yesterday an alarm of fire was struck from box 16, in Allegheny, occasioned by flames being discovered in the roof of the dwelling house of A. P. McGrew, corner of Sturgeon and Bower streets. The house was a two story frame building and was damaged in the roof and upper story to about the amount of $125. Fully insured.

....In the Court of Common Pleas Saturday morning a final order was made granting a charter of incorporation to the Eureka Hotel Company of Pittsburgh. The following are the corporators named in the charter: Ely Wycoff, Augustus Stiner, Henry R. Chalfant, Wm. Wood, W. H. Harbach and H. B. Stotler. They propose to erect a hotel at or near Wilkinsburgh. The capital stock of the company is $50,000.

....The Birmingham Wharf Commissioners were in session on Saturday morning at the office of Justice Salisbury. A petition of the property holders on Water street, between Sixth and Tenth streets, was presented, asking that the ordinance for the opening of Water street be amended so as to provide for level instead of square measurement. The Commissioners decided to report adversely to the prayer of the petitioners.

....A slight fire occurred at the Eagle file works of Messrs. England & Bindley, on Twentieth street, below Penn, about two o'clock yesterday morning. A workman had been engaged at the works until 12 o'clock the previous night, and it is supposed that the flames communicated from the furnace shortly after he left. Three or four joists were burned off, and a hole was burned in the floor, but the department succeeded in extinguishing the flames before further damage was done.

....In speaking of the coming regatta to be held at Cincinnati the *Gazette* of Saturday says: "The 'Cincinnati Four' took their first breather on the Ohio River last evening. This is merely a trial crew, Mr. Wolfe being determined to try the best material that the Queen City can afford before selecting a permanent crew to compete with the Eastern clubs. It is very probable that the celebrated "Fisher Four" of Pittsburgh will take part in the four oared shell boat race. An answer to that effect is daily expected.

THE POLICE REDUCTION.

A Meeting of the Citizens of the Seventeenth Ward.

A meeting of the citizens of the Seventeenth ward was held on Saturday night to protest against the reduction of the number of policemen in that section of the city.

A. McClintock, Esq., was called to the chair, and stated the object of the meeting. Upon motion a committee was appointed to draft resolutions. The committee consisted of Messrs. A. Scott, Joseph Darrah, E. P. Pearson, W. C. Brown, John Thomas and A. McClintock.

The preambles and resolutions reported by the committee were as follows:

WHEREAS, The Seventeenth is one of the largest wards of the city; and

WHEREAS, By the reduction of the police force our property, our limbs, our lives and our families have been exposed to great danger and rendered insecure, Therefore

Resolved, That our members in Councils be, and they are hereby, instructed to urge the passage of such an ordinance as shall provide for us all the protection in the way of police and patrolmen that is necessary.

Resolved, That the ten patrolmen heretofore allowed to the district composed of the Fifteenth, Sixteenth, Seventeenth and Eighteenth was deplorably inadequate for the purposes they were designed to subserve.

Resolved, That now that the said ten patrolmen have been reduced one half, leaving us but five, their number is so insignificant that they are little better than none at all.

Resolved, That we urgently need a force much greater than we have ever had.

Resolved, That we absolve the Mayor from all blame in his action in this matter and commend the Police Committee for increasing the force.

A SOUTH SIDE BURGLARY.

A Thief Caught in the Act—Sliding Down the Incline Plane—His Final Capture.

Mount Washington still sustains its reputation for first class sensations. This time it is a burglar captured after the whole town turned out in an exciting chase. It seems that Mrs. Jane Martin, who keeps a boarding house in that borough, was startled while in the kitchen by an usual noise in one of the upper rooms, and rushing up stairs she saw a stranger very coolly forcing open the bureau drawers, as if he had lived there all his life. She siezed him but he struck her a severe blow upon the head and escaped. The lady gave chase but soon lost sight of the thief. She accordingly repaired to the office of Justice Barker, who dispatched an officer in search of the burglar.

The officer arrived upon the scene in time to discover his man sliding down the cross-ties between the tracks of the incline. He gave chase and finally succeeded in arresting him near Wightman's glass house.

The prisoner was then taken before Justice Barker, of South Pittsburgh, where he gave his name as Charles Cline, and stated that he was a stranger in this vicinity. Two silver spoons, marked "H. Richarson," a six-cluster diamond pin, a pair of gold spectacles were found in his possession, all of which are supposed to have been stolen. Cline waived a hearing and was committed for trial.

POLICE PARAGRAPHS.

Brief Mention of Criminalties.

MAYOR CALLOW had nine common cases at the hearing yesterday morning.

WILLIAM VANDERVOORT made an information before Alderman Smith, of Allegheny city, charging Thomas and James Brown with assault and battery, in throwing him down and taking his pocket-book, which contained valuable papers, from him.

A HUCKSTER in the Birmingham market house Saturday night attacked his wife, knocked her down, and beat and kicked her until two butchers came to her relief, when he attacked them, but was speedily pitched into the street, whence he was conveyed by Officer Demmel to the lock-up.

MAYOR BLACKMORE had seventy-two common cases at the hearing yesterday morning. Peter Conner and Patrick McKennan were sent to the Workhouse for twenty days each, and George Kingsland for thirty days, for drunkenness and disorderly conduct.

JOHN DAVIS was arrested last night at the Rush House for acting in a very disorderly manner with a female companion. While he was being taken to the lock-up he made his escape from the officers, and ran through Diamond and Cherry alleys to Penn street. After about an hour's chase the officers succeeded in recapturing him on Sixteenth street and he was safely caged.

LIST OF U. S. PATENTS.

ISSUED TO THE CITIZENS OF PENNSYLVANIA, OHIO AND WEST VIRGINIA, FOR THE WEEK ENDING TUESDAY, AUG. 20th, 1872, AND BEARING THAT DATE, REPORTED WEEKLY FOR THE "GAZETTE" FROM THE OFFICE OF MESSRS. HILL & ELLSWORTH, NO. 771 G STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C., SOLICITORS OF PATENTS AND COUNSELLORS IN PATENT CASES, FROM WHOM ALL INFORMATION REGARDING PATENTS CAN BE OBTAINED.

130,621. Carriage Wheel—Samuel R. Bryant, Waterford, Pa.

130,684. Cutter-Head for Molding—John K. Wood, Allegheny, Pa.

130,702. Telegraph Wire from Alloys. Chas. J. A. Dick, Pittsburgh.

130,703. Rock-Drilling Machine—Joseph F. Dittman, Pittsburgh.

130,706. Derrick—Samuel S. Fertig, Titusville, Pa.

REISSUE.

5,035. Spring for Vehicles—Benjamin Hershey and Richard Dudley, Erie, Pa., assignors, by mesne assignments, to Richard Dudley and Richard F. Gaggin. Patent No. 112,037, dated February 21, 1871.

One of the finest views obtainable in this naturally picturesque section is that from the McClintock property, Perrysville road. The two cities and the three rivers, with their beautiful encircling hills, all offer themselves to the enraptured eye. Public sale on the premises September 13.

Fall Goods

Are being constantly received at the popular one price hat and cap establishment of Wm. Fleming & Co., No. 139 Wood street.

For Rent.—A newly furnished house of 6 rooms, in a good location, with privilege of buying the furniture. Possession given 1st October if desired. Address with reference,

Box O, GAZETTE OFFICE.

The McClintock estate, Second ward, Allegheny, embraces the only grove of natural forest trees in the city limits. Every lot has thus beauties and advantages that only time and not money, can furnish. Auction sale September 13.

Wm. Fleming & Co.,

No. 139 Wood street, have all the fall styles and late novelties in hats and caps.

THE COURTS.

Saturday's Proceedings.

COURT OF QUARTER SESSIONS—BEFORE JUDGE COLLIER.

Saturday was "sentence day" and Judge Collier disposed of the following cases:

James Smith, who plead guilty to larceny, was sentenced to the Work House for one year.

Emma Dickson, who plead guilty to larceny of a ring from Susan Perry, was sent to the Work House for four months.

Wm. Green, who entered a plea of guilty to a charge of larceny, was committed to the Work House for a term of nine months.

Frank Ford plead guilty to two indictments for larceny. On the first he was sentenced one year to the Work House, and a similar term was given on the second, making two years in all.

The case of Samuel L. Teets was next disposed of. He had entered a plea of guilty to a charge of barratry preferred against him by John Schiebel. He was sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of one year in the county jail and to pay the costs.

COURT OF COMMON PLEAS—BEFORE JUDGES STERRETT AND STOWE.

The report of the views on certain property to be taken by the Pleasant Valley Passenger Railway Company was presented and confirmed *nisi*, to be confirmed absolutely unless exceptions be filed within twenty days.

A preliminary order for the charter of incorporation for the Trinity Reformed Church of Wilkinsburgh was made.

The final order was made amending the charter of the Park Place Homestead Association, so as to allow a new issue of stock.

Upon petition of Nicholas Seidle, James W. Murray, Esq., was appointed a commissioner to take testimony as to the alleged insanity of Roman Seidle, who it is alleged is unfitted to take charge of his property, which is valued at $2,500.

The following divorce cases were disposed of:

In the case of Sophia Hirsh vs. Joseph Hirsh, a decree of divorce was granted.

In the case of Eleanor Walsch vs. Thomas Walsch, a divorce was granted on the ground of ill-treatment.

Christina Langenheim filed a petition asking a divorce from Gustave Langenheim, for ill-treatment. Subpœna awarded.

Anna Maria Schoffe asked a divorce from John Jacob Schoffe, on the ground of desertion. Subpœna awarded.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—BEFORE JUDGE M'KENNAN.

In this court, on Saturday, Judge McKennan gave a decision in the case of Thomas B. H. Madocks vs. the Bank of Canada. It will be remembered that the Bank of Canada filed a petition in the District Court asking that Madocks may be adjudicated as a bankrupt. The alleged bankrupt raised the point that the petitioning creditors, being a foreign corporation could not file a petition in bankruptcy against a citizen of the United States. This question was argued at some length and Judge McCandless decided that the bank had a clear right under the law. An appeal from this decision was then taken to the Circuit Court, and the argument was made before Judge McKennan on Saturday week. On Saturday last Judge McKennan declined to overrule the decision and dismissed the bill at the cost of the petitioner. It is probable that Madocks will be adjudicated a bankrupt.

In the case of the Goodyear Dental Vulcanite Company vs. Whistler and others, preliminary injunctions were issued restraining defendants from infringing upon the patent owned by the company complaining.

The application for the appointment of Supervisors of the ensuing elections, which was to have been made in the United States Circuit Court, was again postponed. The Republicans and Democrats have not yet completed their lists for the various districts in the county, and it was mutually agreed to defer the application until next Saturday, by which time it is expected that the lists will be complete.

A protracted argument was heard on the motion for the continuance of the case of A. M. Moorhouse vs. Hiram C. Johns, in which the application for an injunction had been made. Moorhouse had obtained judgment on a note given by Johns, and secured an execution on property held by the latter, the title to which was in dispute. The application for an injunction to restrain Moorhouse from selling the property was made by the parties who claimed that the title was vested in them instead of Johns. After the argument Judge McKennan decided to postpone the hearing on the motion for an injunction for three weeks.

CRIMINAL COURT.

Trial List for Monday.

Commonwealth vs.

Peter Loringer for murder.

The Railroad Ordinance.

MESSRS. EDITORS:—The Railroad Ordinance as it is called will likely be up again before Councils to-day, and in the name of the thousands of tax payers in the upper part of the city we would ask Councilmen to consider it carefully before placing themselves on the record. We say it is a great outrage upon our rights, and that our remonstrances should receive some attention. The Pennsylvania Railroad Co., wishes to block up two of our leading thoroughfares, to practically cut the city in two—separating the Hill district from the lower district, to close up the only real feasible outlet for the large trade of the upper wards, and for all this only proposes to build a handsome depot for its own use and a few bridges in the outer districts,—bridges which they could be compelled to build anyhow. If this scheme is so honest and fair and will result in such great benefit, why not let the people vote upon it. Surely they will not be blind to their interest and oppose such a beneficent scheme. Every councilman to-day should remember that he is watched and that though the people may not now get a chance to vote directly on the question, the day of reckoning will come. ON THE HILL.

Home Investments.

Allegheny Valley 7-30 bonds for sale at
ROBINSON BROS,
78 Fourth avenue.

Connellsville 6s (Turtle Creek division) bonds for sale at
ROBINSON BROS.

200 shares Penn Gas Coal stock for sale at
ROBINSON BROS.

50 shares Citizens Bank stock for sale at
ROBINSON BROS.

Wanted at Robinson Bros, 78 Fourth avenue, 50 shares Columbia Oil stock.

The Perrysville Road is famous as being the finest drive out of the city. It has lately been replanked, rendering it still more attrative. The McClintock property embraces the finest grounds lying on this thoroughfare in the city limits. Attend the public sale Sept. 13.

A Beautiful Style.

The Moslem hat, which can be seen only at Wm. Fleming & Co.'s, 139 Wood street, is one of the handsomest fall styles in the market.

By the opening of Buena Vista street, passing through the McClintock estate, from North Park to the Perrysville road, this handsome property is brought almost into the heart of the city. It will be put into public market on the premises September 13.

Have You Seen the European

Hat, at Wm. Fleming & Co.'s, No. 139 Wood Street.

A GRAND ACHIEVEMENT.

The Glorious Record of the Republican Party.

Fred. Douglass always speaks well and to the point. He made a speech in Faneuil Hall, Boston, the other day, in which occurred this splendid passage:

I have appeared in Faneuil Hall quite often; sometimes as a slave, sometimes as a fugitive slave, always as an advocate of human liberty. But this is the first time that I have been permitted to appear here in the somewhat dignified, I may say almost sublime position of an American citizen. (Applause.) Look where you will over this wide, wide world of ours, and where is the country which a man has a right to be so proud of as this same Republic of ours? Where is there a citizenship so desirable, so exalted, endowed with more sublime attributes than the citizenship of the United States? Nowhere. We are the only people in the world, with one or two exceptions, that have devolving upon us the duties of self-government. France has it not; England has it not in any such sense as we have it. Austria, Russia, Prussia, no country on the globe has it to the same extent as we have—this right, this duty of electing the men and deciding upon the policy which shall be pursued by the Government—and it is only very lately since you and I in a national way had this right. You in Massachusetts had it, but the country as such had it not. Thanks to the magnanimity of the American people; thanks to the justice of the American people; thanks to the thought, courage, wisdom and patriotism exercised by colored men themselves in the tremendous struggle through which this country has passed, we now are citizens; we now have that liberty in common with others, and have the right to feel an interest in the welfare, permanence and prosperity and glory of this Republic in common with others. I am not a New Englander just now; but for the purpose of liberty I suppose I may call myself such; for a man that goes in for the equal rights of man, he is my countryman, my kinsman, my clansman, my brother everywhere, and should be held so to be in general.

HENDRICKS' THIRD CANVASS.

Can the Twice-Defeatad Aspirant for Gubernatorial Honors in Indiana be Elected this Year?—The Prospects Decidedly Against Him.

The interest of the campaign in the West at present centres on the Gubernatorial canvass in Indiana. The Hon. Thomas A. Hendricks, the strongest Democrat in the State, and a gentleman who has had and still has Presidential aspirations, is making his third canvass as a candidate for Governor, and he feels that another defeat would lay him on the shelf. If Mr. Hendricks is elected Governor, with a Democratic Legislature, he will be returned to the United States Senate, which will put him in good shape for making the Presidential race in 1876. His friends are making the canvass with a good deal of vigor. On the other hand, the Republicans recognize the danger of a defeat, and the importance of a victory in the Gubernatorial race, and are sparing no effort to defeat Mr. Hendricks. Senator Morton, in the entire course of his active political life, has never done such work as he is now doing. The campaign is one of the hottest and most exciting ever fought in Indiana. The people are thoroughly aroused, and the entire strength of both parties will be polled. Some weeks since the result was considered doubtful, but the general breaking down of the Greeley movement is telling on the prospects of Mr. Hendricks, and the admirable organization and effective work of the Republican warrant, the prediction that Browne, the Republicans candidate for Governor, will be elected by a majority of from eight to ten thousand.

W. H. CLINTON, a horse thief, and —— Youle, convicted of mayhem, escaped from the Franklin jail on Monday night, and a reward of $250 is offered for their recapture.

STATE NEWS.

A CORRESPONDENT informs us that an unknown man was found drowned in the Allegheny river a mile below mouth of Redbank creek, on the 27th ult. He was about five and a half feet high, thirty or thirty-five years of age, and had on a black coat, blue vest, steel mixed pants, knit corded undershirt, and brogan shoes. An inquest was held on the body of John O'Donnell, Esq., and the usual verdict in such cases rendered.

TITUSVILLE, with her "on to Buffalo" spirit, is approaching governmental and financial troubles. In putting on metropolitan style she is creating a big debt. She is now floundering about in the midst of a promiscuous sea of white paper, representing a debt of four hundred thousand dollars, or sixty dollars for every man, woman and child in the town. The citizens are not altogether satisfied with this condition of things. Two members of the Council, Messrs. Garfield and Hyde, have resigned their positions in that body, giving as their reasons the impolitic legislation of the Council in opposition to the dictates of policy and good financiering.

MR. HENRY HARSHEY, of Westmoreland county, met with a terrible accident last week, by having his leg caught in a threshing machine. He was having some threshing done on his farm, near Rodebaugh's station, but was not engaged in it himself, though he seemed to have a whimsical idea that he should be on the platform with the driver. He had been on once or twice previously, and, in the third attempt to regain the position, he slipped, his leg being caught between the platform and master wheel, and, the arm coming around, severed his foot at the ankle as clearly as the most skilful surgeon could have accomplished it, with the exception of a small tendom by which it hung to the leg.

THIS is the way they do some things in Clarion. A couple were married one day last week, and were to have the usual party at the house of the bride the same evening. Soon after the cermony the groom excused himself on the plea of returning home to feed the cattle. He went, but when night came, and the party was assembled, the newly wedded man came not. Nay, more; it was well on the night of the second day before he put in an appearance; and then the only excuse he had to give was that it took all that time to "do his chores." An application for divorce is hinted at; and a jury that would refuse to grant one ought to be kicked to death with grasshoppers in January.

THE Bachelor Club of Greensburg is actually tumbling to pieces. The members are forsaking it like rats from a sinking ship. This is especially true of those whose hearts are not altogether callous and insensible to the charms and happiness of home life. Two of the younger members took their departure last week, and others are seriously contemplating the propriety of following their example. There are some five or six that seem to be beyond hope. Between thirty-five and sixty is a very hopeless period for any one to allow himself to drift into without hitching up in double harness. Young ladies scarcely ever look towards those that are in that class. We are afraid the club has a few in that deplorable condition.

TWO CATS AND ONE MOUSE.

Fred Douglass on the Canvass from the Colored Stand Point

[From his Speech in Faneuil Hall.]

We are engaged in a very peculiar and genuine canvass, and the peculiarity of the campaign is this, that we have two parties and one platform. Two cats and one mouse. (Laughter.) The Democrats and Republicans. Judging from the professions of these two parties, judging from the utterances of the candidates of these two parties, it might be somewhat difficult for us to determine the path of duty; but happily for us, we are not left to find the path of duty by such lights as are afforded by mere platform and profession. We have some other guide upon which we may rely in a case like this. There is such a thing as history, and history shows us the tendencies and failures of movements. The social and political movements of our time are no exceptions to the rule. Left to a mere profession of the one or the other party, we might as well choose Horace Greeley as Ulysses S. Grant, for Horace Greeley has said some good things in his day and generation. I am not here to deal in vituperation, invective and denunciation of Horace Greeley. Not at all. I admit that it would give me pleasure to vote for Horace Greeley, if I knew just which Greeley my vote would elect. (Applause.) But I don't know. But I say we are not left to the professions of men and platforms of parties to determine what is wise and what is best in this canvass. These parties have their history. We are to judge of them in the light of history and apply to them the rules of common sense. We know very well what the democratic party has done; we know very well what the republican party has done. We need not go back far into history to arrive at sound conclusions concerning them. Take the democratic party for the last thirty years, and what has it done to you and me and to the race with which we are identified? You know as well as I do that the vital and animating spirit of that party from the first until now, has been the intensest hate, scorn and contempt of the race to which we belong. (Cries of "True.") We know that forty years ago it allied itself with the base master class of the South. The four hundred and fifty thousand slaveholders became their voice and their instrument for evil during all that time, and even during the great struggle of protracted force and sanguinary rebellion which, under the captaincy of General Grant, [applause] backed up by the Boys in Blue, was finally suppressed, we knew that that party, as a party, had no joy in our victory, no grief in our disasters. That party throughout gave aid and comfort to the rebels, and before the close of the rebellion it indicated its regret for the late master class of the South by selecting for its standard bearer and representative of its spirit the only General with large opportunities to assist in the loyal cause who accomplished little or nothing for the cause, and was the most popular General in the army on the rebel side, George B. McClellan.

Proposed Amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania.

Joint resolution proposing an amendment to the Constitution of Pennsylvania:

Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, that the following amendment of the Constitution of this Commonwealth be proposed to the people for their adoption or rejection, pursuant to the provisions of the tenth article thereof, to-wit:

Amendment: Strike out the sixth section of the sixth article of the Constitution, and insert in lieu thereof the following: "A State Treasurer shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State, at such times and for such term of service as shall be prescribed by law."

WILLIAM ELLIOTT,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
JAMES S. RUTAN,
Speaker of the Senate.

Approved the twenty-second day of March, Anno Domini, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.
JOHN W. GEARY.

Prepared and certified for publication pursuant to the tenth article of the Constitution.
FRANCIS JORDAN,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.
Office Secretary of the Commonwealth,
HARRISBURG, June 26, 1872.

TAKE COURAGE, INVALIDS.

Pain and weakness produce despondency, and the invalid who is laboring under bodily torture, debility and mental depression, at the same time is indeed in a pitiable condition. But let all who are thus situated take heart. A balm is provided both for their physical and mental infirmities in Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. Among the commonest sources of pain, uneasiness and melancholy are the diseases which affect the stomach, the liver, the alimentary canal, the nerves, the muscles, such as dyspepsia, bilious disorders, constipation, headache, hysteria, and rheumatism, all of which yield readily to the regulating, invigorating and purifying influence of this peerless vegetable tonic, stimulant and restorative. Take courage, sorrowful invalids: you will find the help you need in Hostetter's Bitters.

DIED.

BOOTH—Sabbath morning, 8th inst., at 10 o'clock, MARY ELIZA, the beloved daughter of J. J. and Priscilla J. Booth, aged 8 months.

Funeral from residence of the parents, 169 Webster avenue, Pittsburgh, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the 9th day of September, 1872. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

RODGERS—Saturday morning, at 10:45, JOHN RODGERS, in the 69th year of his age.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, No. 2 Pride street, Pittsburgh, at 2 o'clock THIS AFTERNOON. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

☞FAIRMAN, TAGGART & CO., UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLE, No. 260 Beaver avenue, Sixth ward, Allegheny City, where they are prepared to furnish Coffins, Shrouds, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods at lowest prices. Office open at all hours day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished. my8

☞ALEXANDER AIKEN, UNDERTAKER, No. 166 FOURTH AVENUE. Coffins of all kinds, Shrouds, Crape, Gloves, and every description of Funeral Furnishing Goods furnished. Agent for Raymond & Co.'s Patent Metallic Burial Cases. Rooms open day and night. Hearses and Carriages furnished.

CARRIAGES, $3. HEARSE, $5.
☞RODY PATTERSON, Jr., UNDERTAKER, No. 117 Fourth avenue. Coffins and Funeral Furnishing Goods of every description. Terms Cash. jy13:u30

☞CHARLES, PEEBLES & McGUIRE, UNDERTAKERS AND LIVERY STABLES, cor. of SANDUSKY STREET AND CHURCH AVENUE, Allegheny City, where their COFFIN ROOMS are constantly supplied with real and imitation Rosewood, Mahogany and Walnut Coffins, at prices varying from $4 to $100. Bodies prepared for interment. Hearses and Carriages furnished; also, all kinds of Mourning Goods, if required. Office open at all hours, day and night. ap8:u83

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Oldest Ins. Co. in America,
ASSETS, $3,212,175.99.
Insurance Co. of North America
OF PHILADELPHIA.
Losses adjusted and paid by
mh4-182 WM. L. JONES, 84 Fourth ave.

NOTICE.
Persons who prefer buying their trees at home, instead of from travelers, can rely on our stock of
Fruit and Ornamental Trees, Evergreens, Roses, Small Fruits, &c.,
For the fall trade, being very large and superior.
JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH,
Nurserymen, Florists and Seedsmen.
jy25 112 SMITHFIELD STREET.

Seeds, Plants, Flowers, Etc.
Our Catalogue of Vegetable and Flour Seeds, our Catalogue of Small Fruit and Price List, for Spring, 1872, and our Catalogue of Ornamental, Flowering and Budding Plants now ready, and can be had on application. Bouquets, Cut Flowers, Baskets and Floral Ornaments, executed in the finest style at short notice.
R. CUMMING & CO.,
(Successors to J. KNOX.)
se4 98 SMITHFIELD STREET

NEW CASTLE, PA.

Grand Republican Rally—Lawrence County Will do Her Duty.

A good meeting was held in this city at White Hall last night. Notwithstanding the rain, there was a large audience assembled to hear E. W. Jackson, of Mercer, a young man of more than ordinary ability. His speech was an excellent one, and he was attentively listened to for an hour to the great satisfaction of his hearers.

Capt. D. C. Irish, formerly of Pittsburgh, is chairman of the Grant club, and the work of the campaign is progressing finely.

You may count Lawrence county for the whole Republican ticket—considerably better than either of the last two years. REPUBLICAN.

September 6, 1872.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

A. TINDLE Jr
HOWARD BLOCK

Wholesale and Retail Manufacturer and Dealer in
TRUNKS,
Traveling Bags, Ladies' Satchels, &c
No. 89 SMITHFIELD STREET,
(Howard Block,) Pittsburgh, Pa.

CIGARS DE JOY FOR ASTHMA.
Brecknell's Skin Soap,
Saunders' Face Powder,
English Tooth Brushes,
Lubin's Genuine Extracts,
Sarg's Vienna Soaps,
Port and Sherry Wines,
Lubin's Soaps and Sachets,
English Soaps and Perfumes,
Low's Fine Hair Brushes,
Squire's Chemicals, Soaps, &c.,
Boudalt's French Pepsin,
IMPORTED DIRECT.
SIMON JOHNSTON,
se4 Cor. Smithfield street and Fourth avenue.

GREAT WESTERN GUN WORKS
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Breech-loading Shot Guns, $45 to $300.
Double Barrel Shot Guns, $8 to $120.
Single Shot Guns, $3 to $25. Revolvers, $6 to $25. Pistols, 75 cents to $8. Caps, Powder, Shot, Wads, Flasks, Pouches, Gun Material and Sporting Goods, at very low prices. Guns and Pistols Repaired. Call and see our stock, or send stamp for our Illustrated Price List. All orders by mail promptly attended to, and goods sent to any point by Express.
J. H. JOHNSTON,
Sign of the Big Gun,
No. 179 Smithfield Street

L. R. NORTON,
Sole agents for the celebrated
Jewett & Goodman Organ,
And F. C. LIGHTE
PIANO
118 Smithfield Street,
(Opposite New City Hall,)
se2:MWS PITTSBURGH, PA.

DOORS AND SASH.
Perfect Material,
Perfect Work,
Perfectly Dry,
Cheapest in the Market.
Hoop, Jones & Co.,
65 and 67 Sandusky St., Allegheny,
au19

AIKEN'S Perfect fitting SHIRTS
Directions for self-measure sent on application. Perfect Fitting Shirts of every description always in stock and warranted to fit.
JAMES H. AIKEN,
je29 74 FIFTH AVENUE, (opposite Postoffice.)

MILLER & CO.'S
(BOSTON) CELEBRATED
PIANOS,
first quality. They are unexcelled in tone, elegant in finish, incomparable in durability and simplicity of construction.
SOLE AGENT FOR PITTSBURGH AND VICINITY,
JOHN ZWEIDINGER,
136 Smithfield Street,
Wholesale and Retail Dealer in all kinds of Musical Instruments, Sheet Music, Music Books, Italian Strings, etc. je27:172

HENRY G. HALE,
Merchant Tailor,
COR. PENN AVE. AND SIXTH ST.,
je27 PITTSBURGH.

Duff's College.
The oldest and most reliable Institution for obtaining a Mercantile Education.
☞Practical Business Men as Instructors.
☞No Engravers' Copy Lines Used.
☞Our Penman is in attendance during the entire day.
For information write for a Circular to
P. DUFF & SONS,
au24 x62 PITTSBURGH, PENN.

BOLLMANN'S
IMPORTED TRIPLE STRENGTH
Imperial Wine Vinegar.
For table use it has no equal; as a preservative for Fruits, Pickles, Fish, &c., it cannot be excelled, and in comparison as to strength and quality the cheapest Vinegar in the market. Beware of imitations sold by some of the trade. None genuine except marked "E & M. Bollman." Sole Depot for the United States with Bollman & Carl, No. 63 South Gay street, Baltimore, Md.
Orders solicited from the Wholesale trade by
T. K. WILLSON,
MERCHANDISE BROKER,
au1:u4 232 Liberty street, corner of Wood.

James Gallagher's
MERCHANT TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT,
No. 10 SIXTH STREET (old St. Clair).
It may be gratifying to our friends and patrons, as well as the public at large, to know that Mr. C. A. Muhlanbring, an experienced Cutter and Superintendent of the establishment, after an absence of a week, has returned, bringing with him a new and beautiful assortment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS chosen from the largest and most fashionable emporiums of New York.

Florida or North Carolina
CEDAR.
It sells in Liverpool market for 4 cents per superficial foot more than the Red Cedar. Call and examine it at the Yard and Office, corner of Fourth aveune and Ross street. Office hours from 9½ to 12 A. M. and 1 to 4 P. M. For further information enquire of WARING & KING, Duquesne Way, or of W. H. EVERSON, No. 92 Fourth avenue. au19:184

DEAFNESS!
DR. M. M. DE MEZA
Having discovered a process by which persons can be made to hear quickly, informs the public that under his process a cure is made without pain, medicine, electricity or any surgical treatment. He also cures Humming, Singing or unpleasant noises in the ear by a simple medical treatment, without trouble or pain.
DR. M. DE MEZA,
No. 103 Fourth avenue.
Office Hours—9 to 12 A. M.; 2 to 5 P. M.

ALEX. CARSON,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Foreign and Domestic
WINES, LIQUORS,
AND CIGARS.
☞A Large Stock of Old Whisky on hand.
360 Liberty Street,
One block below Union Depot,
m6:s6 PITTSBURGH PA.

TO PARTIES DESIROUS OF INVESTING, the Board of Water Commissioners now offer the PITTSBURGH WATER EXTENSION BONDS.
These Bonds have twenty-five years to run, bear seven per cent. interest, payable semi-annually, and are free from all local and State taxes.
Further information can be obtained on application to
JOHN ROSS,
Secretary,
my14:r15 City Hall.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

HARRIS & EWING,
WHOLESALE DRUGGISTS,
No. 341 Liberty St., cor. of 10th,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

HENRY EPPING...W. H. CARPENTER...E. J. WARING.
KEYSTONE STEAM PUMP,
Epping, Carpenter & Co.,
MANUFACTURERS,
Corner Penn and 32d Streets,
PITTSBURGH, PA.

JOHN DAVIS,
Wholesale and Retail Manufacturer of
TRUNKS,
Ladies' Satchels, &c.
204 SMITHFIELD ST., near Liberty,
au3:w13 PITTSBURGH, PA.

IF YOU WANT TO BUY SCHOOL BOOKS
WRITE OR SEND TO
S. A. Clarke & Co.,
WHOLESALE BOOKSELLERS,
115 Wood St., Pittsburgh.
au30:x92

AMUSEMENTS.

☞PITTSBURGH OPERA HOUSE.
ELLSLER & GOTTHOLD, Lessees and Managers.
SECOND NIGHT OF THE
New Stock Company.
Another great Domestic Sensational Drama, full of intense effects, beautiful pictures and a sparkling dialogue.
MONDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 9, 1872, will be presented for the first time in this theater, the great Romantic Drama entitled
WAITING FOR THE VERDICT,
Or, THE DARK DEED IN THE WOODS.
Cast with the full strength of this splendid Stock Company. For full particulars see daily bills and programmes. Grand Matinee Saturday. se9

☞FRED. AIMS' AMERICAN THEATRE
(Late Fifth Avenue Opera House.)
FRED. AIMS......Lessee and Manager.
FITZ SIMMONS......Stage Manager and Advertiser.
MORE BIG CARDS TO-NIGHT.
Walter Bray, C. A. Gardner, Carrie Avery, Lizzie Warren, D. L. Morris, French Twin Sisters, Bobby Newcomb, Ed. Barker, Charley Howard, Master Barney, Hurley & Marr, Geo. L. Hall, Grand Ballet Troupe. Wednesday and Saturday Matinee 2:30 P. M.

☞ANATOMICAL MUSEUM
OF DR. KAHN, IN
TURNER HALL, SIXTH AVENUE,
Pittsburgh, is open every day from 9 o'clock A. M. till 10 o'clock P. M. Entrance 50 cents.
se5:y45

☞SOCIAL REUNION AND BASKET PICNIC, SHERIDAN POST G. A. R.
The holders of invitations to this Picnic, which was to have been held Thursday, last, September 5th, at Monitor Grove, but postponed, are hereby notified that the same will come off on WEDNESDAY NEXT, September 11th, at the same place. By order of Committee. se7:y75

☞GLENWOOD GROVE—THE FINEST GROVE for Picnics. Accommodations better than ever before. Hourly trains; no extras needed. (See new time card P., W. & B. R. R.) Fare cheaper and rent lower than elsewhere. Special rates for Sunday schools and private picnics. For further information call on or address J. H. WILLIAMSON, Hazelwood, Twenty-third ward, Pittsburgh, or inquire at Clark's Bakery, No. 66 Seventh avenue. Ice furnished at city prices. se5

PROPOSALS.

TO CONTRACTORS.
The Board of Directors of the Ninth ward, Allegheny, Public School, will receive proposals for
Building a New School House
In said ward. Proposals for bids will be limited to nine days from date.
All Proposals to be sent to Mr. ROWLAND D. JONES, President of the Board, 581 Preble avenue, Allegheny City.
Plans and specifications to be seen at office of T. D. EVANS, Architect, 42 Fifth avenue, third floor.
The Board reserves the power of refusing or accepting any or all the proposals for bid.
In behalf of the Board.
R. T. DAVIES,
se6:y57 Secretary.

NOTICE TO
Brick-Makers.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at the office of the "Pennsylvania Reform School," (late House of Refuge), corner of Fourth avenue and Market street, Pittsburgh, Pa., until
Noon of Thursday, 12th inst.,
FOR MAKING
Three and One-Half Millions of Brick, More or Less,
On the "Morganza Farm," near Canonsburg, Pa.
The Committee hereby reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
JAMES M. COOPER,
Chairman Building Committee.
PITTSBURGH, PA., Sept. 2, 1872. se3:y22

PROPOSALS.
OFFICE OF PITTSBURGH FIRE COMMISSION, September 3, 1872.
SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until
TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 12th,
At 12 M., addressed to the undersigned, for the BUILDING OF AN ENGINE HOUSE, to be located on Highland avenue, Nineteenth ward. Plans and Specifications can be seen at Kerr & Stein's office, Fourth avenue.
The Commission reserve the right to reject any or all bids.
JOHN H. McELROY,
se3 Chairman of Committee.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

NOTICE.

The partnership heretofore existing between WM. J. ANDERSON and HENRY A. FREYVOGEL, under the firm of WM. J. ANDERSON & CO., was this day dissolved by mutual consent.
W. J. ANDERSON,
August 19, 1872. H. A. FREYVOGEL.
The Foundry business in its various branches will be carried on at 150 Water street, by
HENRY A. FREYVOGEL.

The partnership heretofore existing between WM. J. ANDERSON and HENRY A. FREYVOGEL, under the firm of ANDERSON & FREYVOGEL, is this day dissolved by mutual consent.
W. J. ANDERSON,
H. A. FREYVOGEL.
September, 2, 1872.
The Foundry, Machine and Mill Furnishing business will be carried on at 39 Water street, by
se3:y26 WM. J. ANDERSON.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—Notice is hereby given that the firm of ISAIAH DICKEY & CO. was dissolved by the death of the senior partner, Mr. Isaiah Dickey, on the 23d of August. The business of the late firm will be settled by the surviving partners.
ROBERT DICKEY,
se4:y33 SAMUEL DICKEY.

COPARTNERSHIP.—THE UNDERSIGNED will continue the Produce and Commission business in all its branches, under the firm name of ROBERT DICKEY & CO.
ROBERT DICKEY,
se4:y34 SAMUEL DICKEY.

EDUCATIONAL.

PENNSYLVANIA FEMALE COLLEGE, near Pittsburgh, Pa. Beautifully located on College Hill, Fifth avenue, away from the noise and smoke of the city, offers first-class Educational advantages for Young Ladies, i. e. earnest teaching and common sense management; with spacious grounds, pure air, attractive scenery and easy access by both Pennsylvania and Oakland Railways. Next Term opens WEDNESDAY, September 11th. For Catalogue and particulars address
au9:w45 Rev. JAMES BLACK, D. D., Pres't.

BISHOP BOWMAN INSTITUTE.
A Collegiate School for young ladies, No. 62 GRANT STREET. The next session of this school will begin on MONDAY, September 9. The Music Department will be under the direction of Prof. H. ROHBACK. For information or admission, apply to the
REV. R. J. COSTER, A. M., Rector.
au29

Ayers Latin School.
No. 29 FIFTH AVENUE.
Select School for Boys will reopen on MONDAY, September 2. For catalogues, terms, etc., address the principal, or call at the rooms between the hours of 10 A. M. and 12.
au13:w70 J. E. AYERS, Principal.

SELECT SCHOOL FOR BOYS,
SECOND FLOOR SAVINGS BANK,
No. 101 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY.
For Terms, Circulars, &c., call at the Rooms or address S. CAMPBELL, A.M., Principal,
au26:x63 No. 101 Federal street, Allegheny.

LEGAL.

ADMINISTRATION NOTICE.—NOTICE is hereby given that Letters of Administration upon the Estate of GEORGE BLACK, late of the City of Allegheny, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons indebted to said Estate will make payment, and those having claims will present them duly authenticated to
ALEX. M. BLACK,
At Kensington Iron Works, or
ALEX. H. MILLER,
No. 93 Diamond street,
se5:y53 Administrators.

IN THE ESTATE OF SAMUEL BLACK, DECEASED.—Letters of administration upon the estate of SAMUEL BLACK, late of the City of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, State of Pennsylvania, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons having claims or demands against said estate will make known the same without delay, and all persons indebted to the estate will at once make payment to
WILLIAM K. HART, Administrator,
Corner Wood and Fourth streets, Pittsburgh, Pa.
au30:x50-8

LETTERS TESTAMENTARY ON THE estate of HIRAM S. PHILLIPS, late of Allegheny county, deceased, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate will make payment, and those having claims will present the same for settlement to
JOHN B. GUTHRIE, Administrator,
No. 81 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh.
AUG 15, 1872. au17:25-8

WHITE LEAD! WHITE LEAD!

PITTSBURGH, PA., May 15, 1872.

The report of the burning of our White Lead Works, occasioned by the destruction of those belonging to another firm in this city, having been widely published, we think it due to ourselves to advise our friends and customers of the error, and that we are still prepared to fill all orders promptly.

FAHNESTOCK, HASLETT & SCHWARTZ,
(FORMERLY B. A. FAHNESTOCK & CO.,)
je14:t4 137 FIRST AVENUE.

GET THE BEST BARGAINS AT
D. W. EVANS'
POPULAR
ONE PRICE DEPARTMENT
VARIETY STORE,
CONSTANTLY IN RECEIPT OF NEW GOODS,
No. 59 FIFTH AVENUE,
Masonic Hall Building, dealer in
SOLID GOLD AND GOLD PLATED JEWELRY,
OF ALL KINDS.
Silver Plated Ware, Fancy Goods in great variety, Albums, Work Boxes, Writing Desks, Music and Portfolios, Wax and China Dolls with moveable eyes, Jewel Cases, Ladies' Companions, Sachels, Traveling Bags, Pocket and Table Cutlery, Razors, Scissors and Shears, Pistols and Revolvers, Field and Opera Glasses, Toilet Sets, Vases, Parian Marble Busts and Figures, and hundreds of other useful and ornamental articles, including all the latest novelties of the day, together with a full line of staple goods, all arrranged in separate departments.
Stereoscopes and Stereoscopic Views.
10c., 25c., 50c., $1.00, $1.50, AND $2.00 ARE THE LEADING PRICES.
THE MISCELLANEOUS AND CUTLERY DEPARTMENT
Contains a full assortment of the best grades of Cutlery, Staple and Fancy Goods and Solid Gold Jewelry. Prices all marked in plain figures, ranging from $2.50 to $150.00. One call will convince you that the DEPARTMENT STORE is the place to buy Goods cheap.

THE
McCLINTOCK PROPERTY,
In the Second Ward, Allegheny,
AT AUCTION.
ON FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 13th, at 2 O'Clock,
There will be sold by order of the Executors of the late Washington McClintock, the decedent's beautiful
ESTATE ON THE PERRYSVILLE ROAD,
WHICH HAS BEEN DIVIDED INTO
4 LOTS 100x130 FEET.
2 LOTS 150x150 FEET.
6 LOTS 100x130 to 200.
21 LOTS 100x100 to 200.
Also, One Magnificent Lot 350 Feet Wide by 350 Feet Deep,

On which is erected Mr. McClintock's late residence, which is an EXCELLENT, SUBSTANTIAL DOUBLE BRICK DWELLING, containing two eight feet Halls, Summer and Winter Parlors, Sitting Room, Dining Room, Kitchen, five Chambers, two Dressing Rooms, finished Attic, and first-rate Cellar. Large Double Stable, with seven Stalls and two Carriage Houses. Also, one beautiful LOT, 300 feet wide by 135 feet deep, on which is erected a FIRST RATE FRAME DWELLING HOUSE, containing 9 Rooms, Hot and Cold Water apparatus, Water Cisterns, and other modern appliances.

The residences are in first-rate order and occupy fine commanding positions, from which extensive views are obtainable; some of the vacant lots are very fine, and all are desirable for private residences; the plan has been designed with great liberality (only large lots having been surveyed) in order to induce the erection of good residences, thereby securing a select neighborhood.

The valuable character of the present buildings will be a stimulus for future improvements. The McClintock property is too well known to require description here. The grounds will be open for inspection daily, and the residences every afternoon.

The recent extension of Buena Vista street to the Perrysville Road affords a direct passage to North avenue, so that this property is no longer suburban, except in its beautiful romantic appearance.

In view of the rapid growth of Allegheny City, the close proximity of the property to the central part thereof, and the proposed improvement of thoroughfares in its vicinity, no sale could possibly present more attractions for investment, whether for present use or prospective value.

TERMS—One-fourth cash; balance in three yearly payments; 5 per cent. deposit required at sale. Plans of

A. LEGGATE, Auctioneer.
159 FEDERAL STREET, Allegheny.

AUCTION.

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF
NO. 131 FEDERAL STREET,
Allegheny City,
AT AUCTION,
COMMENCING
On Friday, the 13th day of September,
AND
CONTINUING DAY AND EVENING
TILL ALL ARE SOLD. MY ENTIRE STOCK OF
TRUNKS, BAGS, VALISES,
Ladies Satchels, Harness,
SADDLES, BRIDLES, HALTERS, &c.,
AND A FULL AND COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF
HORSE EQUIPMENTS.

My asssortment of TRUNKS AND BAGS is very large, got up especially for custom trade, and will be sold singly or in lots to suit purchasers without regard to prices. A liberal time allowed to the trade on all bills exceeding one hundred dollars. We call would attention to the wholesale buyers and country trade, as this is an opportunity that is seldom offered, as follows:

250 Dozen Trunks,
100 Dozen Ladies' Satchels,
100 Dozen Gents' Traveling Bags,
50 Dozen Gents' Valises,
100 Dozen Skates,
50 Dozen Blankets,
50 Dozen Buffalo Robes.
150 Dozen Ladies and Gentlemen's Robes,
Hides, Harness Leather, Bridles and Saddles,
50 Dozen Irish Collars,
75 Dozen Coach Case Collars,
50 Dozen Patent Leather Collars,
20 Dozen Heavy Team Collars,
25 Set Double Yankee Harness,
20 Set Single Wagon Harness,
45 Set Light Buggy Harness,
100 Dozen Curry Combs and Brushes,
5 Dozen Summer Lap Robes,
And other things too numerous to mention.

This comprises part of the stock that will be sold on
FRIDAY, 13th DAY OF SEPTEMBER.

CITY LOTS
AT AUCTION,
100 CHOICE LOTS,
Penn Avenue, Near Friendship Grove,
Being the Plan of Lots Laid out for M. O'Hara, Esq., will be sold at Auction on
Wednesday, Sept. 11, at 2 O'Clock, P. M.

This is unquestionably the best located lot of Ground in the Nineteenth ward.

TERMS OF SALE.—From $10 to $20 down, and $10 per month until the whole amount be paid. Six per cent allowed on all payments.

Now is your time to buy cheap and desirable lots. Come one, come all. Free conveyances and a brass band, together with refreshments on the grounds.

A. McILWAINE, Auctioneer.

For Free Tickets and information, apply to
J. MELDRUM, Agent, 411 Liberty Street

FIRE CLAY
Water Pipes,
CHIMNEY FLUES
AND
Chimney Tops.
HENRY H. COLLINS,
☞Terms Cash. 186 SECOND AVENUE.

INDEPENDENT PEOPLES' CANDIDATE
FOR SHERIFF.
WM. M. GORMLY,
THIRTEENTH WARD,
au31:y7-d&S PITTSBURGH.